# **STATE OF ILLINOIS**



# **HOUSE JOURNAL**

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

263RD LEGISLATIVE DAY

REGULAR & PERFUNCTORY SESSION

THURSDAY, MAY 8, 2008

11:07 O'CLOCK A.M.

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The House met pursuant to adjournment.

Representative Lyons in the chair.

Prayer by Lee Crawford, the Pastor of the Cathedral of Praise Christian Center in Springfield, IL.

Representative Lindner led the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

By direction of the Speaker, a roll call was taken to ascertain the attendance of Members, as follows: 109 present. (ROLL CALL 1)

By unanimous consent, Representatives Richard Bradley, Dunkin, Flowers, Gordon, Mulligan, Stephens, Tracy, Washington and Watson were excused from attendance.

#### LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

May 8, 2008

Mark Mahoney Chief Clerk of the House 402 State House Springfield, IL 62706

Dear Clerk Mahoney:

Please be advised that I am extending the Third Reading/Final Action Deadline to May 9, 2008 for House Bills:

House Bills: 2104, 2167 and 5011.

If you have questions, please call my Chief of Staff, Tim Mapes, at 782-6360.

With kindest personal regards, I remain.

Sincerely yours, s/Michael J. Madigan Speaker of the House

# TEMPORARY COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS

Representative Acevedo replaced Representative Hannig in the Committee on Rules on May 8, 2008.

## REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE ON RULES

Representative Currie, Chairperson, from the Committee on Rules to which the following were referred, action taken on May 8, 2008, reported the same back with the following recommendations:

# LEGISLATIVE MEASURES APPROVED FOR FLOOR CONSIDERATION:

That the resolution be reported "recommends be adopted" and be placed on the House Calendar: HOUSE RESOLUTION 1193.

That the bill be reported "approved for consideration" and be placed on the order of Second Reading-Short Debate: HOUSE BILLS 2104 and 2167.

# LEGISLATIVE MEASURES ASSIGNED TO COMMITTEE:

Agriculture & Conservation: SENATE BILL 2562.

Human Services: HOUSE RESOLUTION 1185. Judiciary I - Civil Law: HOUSE RESOLUTION 1101.

Local Government: SENATE BILL 2014. Personnel and Pensions: HOUSE BILL 5011.

State Government Administration: SENATE BILL 2887.

The committee roll call vote on the foregoing Legislative Measures is as follows:

4, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Currie(D), Chairperson A Black(R), Republican Spokesperson

Y Hannig(D) Y Hassert(R)

Y Turner(D)

Representative Currie, Chairperson, from the Committee on Rules to which the following were referred, action taken on May 8, 2008, (A) reported the same back with the following recommendations:

# LEGISLATIVE MEASURES APPROVED FOR FLOOR CONSIDERATION:

That the Floor Amendment be reported "recommends be adopted": Amendment No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 6334.

#### LEGISLATIVE MEASURES ASSIGNED TO COMMITTEE:

Agriculture & Conservation: HOUSE AMENDMENT No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 2104. Environmental Health: HOUSE AMENDMENT No. 1 to HOUSE BILL 2167.

The committee roll call vote on the foregoing Legislative Measures is as follows:

3, Yeas; 2, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

Y Currie(D), Chairperson
N Black(R), Republican Spokesperson
N Acevedo (D) (replacing Hannig)
N Schmitz(R) (replacing Hassert)

Y Turner(D)

# **MOTIONS SUBMITTED**

Representative Turner submitted the following written motion, which was placed on the order of Motions in Writing:

# MOTION

Pursuant to Rule 60(b), I move to table HOUSE BILL 2467.

Representative Riley submitted the following written motion, which was placed on the order of Motions in Writing:

#### **MOTION**

Pursuant to Rule 60(b), I move to table HOUSE BILL 4334.

# CORRECTIONAL NOTES SUPPLIED

Correctional Notes have been supplied for HOUSE BILLS 2094, as amended, and 6334.

# STATE DEBT IMPACT NOTE SUPPLIED

A State Debt Impact Note has been supplied for HOUSE BILL 6334.

### JUDICIAL NOTE SUPPLIED

A Judicial Note has been supplied for HOUSE BILL 6334.

#### FISCAL NOTE SUPPLIED

A Fiscal Note has been supplied for HOUSE BILL 6334.

#### BALANCED BUDGET NOTE SUPPLIED

A Balanced Budget Note has been supplied for HOUSE BILL 6334, as amended.

# REQUEST FOR FISCAL NOTE

Representative Black requested that a Fiscal Note be supplied for HOUSE BILL 6334, as amended.

#### REQUEST FOR STATE DEBT IMPACT NOTE

Representative Black requested that a State Debt Impact Note be supplied for HOUSE BILL 6334, as amended.

# REQUEST FOR BALANCED BUDGET NOTE

Representative Hassert requested that a Balanced Budget Note be supplied for HOUSE BILL 6334, as amended.

### **CHANGE OF SPONSORSHIP**

With the consent of the affected members, Representative Madigan was removed as principal sponsor, and Representative Reitz became the new principal sponsor of HOUSE BILL 2104.

With the consent of the affected members, Representative Madigan was removed as principal sponsor, and Representative Froehlich became the new principal sponsor of HOUSE BILL 2167.

#### HOUSE RESOLUTIONS

The following resolutions were offered and placed in the Committee on Rules.

### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1276**

Offered by Representative Ford:

WHEREAS, A growing home mortgage crisis with high rates of late mortgage payments and home foreclosures is threatening the housing industry, residential property values, the financial markets, and the entire U.S. economy; and

WHEREAS, In recent years sub-prime adjustable rate home loans were offered in unprecedented numbers to millions of Americans who are now facing unmanageable mortgage payment increases or the loss of their homes; and

WHEREAS, More than 1.5 million homes in the United States were in foreclosure in 2007, an increase of 53% over 2006, and the rate of foreclosures is predicted to be even higher in 2008; and

WHEREAS, The present crisis will worsen in 2008 and 2009 as nearly 2 million homeowners with sub-prime adjustable rate mortgages face higher mortgage payments when their loans reset to higher interest rates; and

WHEREAS, Homeowners whose house payments will increase under the terms of their sub-prime adjustable rate mortgages need the protection that a 2-year moratorium on interest rate reset increases would offer; and

WHEREAS, On May 5, 2008, Federal Reserve Chairman Ben Bernake said "High rates of delinquency and foreclosure can have substantial spillover effects on the housing market, the financial markets and the broader economy. Therefore, doing what we can to avoid preventable foreclosures is not just in the interest of lenders and borrowers. It's in everybody's interest."; and

WHEREAS, A 2-year moratorium on sub-prime mortgage reset increases will lessen the further deterioration of the housing sector of the U.S. economy; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we strongly urge the United States Congress to enact legislation that would establish a 2-year moratorium to prohibit sub-prime adjustable rate mortgage loans on owner-occupied residential real estate from resetting to higher interest rates; and be it further

RESOLVED, That suitable copies of this resolution be delivered to the Majority Leader and Minority Leader of the United States Senate, the Speaker and Minority Leader of the United States House of Representatives, and to each member of the Illinois congressional delegation.

#### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1278**

Offered by Representative Munson:

WHEREAS, Illinois has 140,287 miles of State and local roads, making it the third largest network in the nation; and

WHEREAS, Due to a lack of construction funding, the State is unable to adequately maintain its highways and bridges and Illinois is now on track for reaching a record high 3,450 bad miles of roads by FY2013; since FY 2003, the number of structurally deficient bridges in Illinois has increased by 30% and the miles of bad roads in need of maintenance have increased by over 40%; and

WHEREAS, Road and bridge maintenance is essential in preserving the safety of Illinois motorists; yet, according to the latest National Bridge Inventory from the Federal Highway Administration, 2,449 of Illinois' 29,903 bridges are rated "structurally deficient"; and

WHEREAS, Chicago drivers are ranked second in the nation for the longest daily commuting travel time, and each Chicago motorist spends about 46 hours in traffic delays annually, wasting 32 gallons of fuel; and

WHEREAS, Congestion relief projects are necessary in cutting back on commute times and increasing safety; yet 59 of the 106 miles for congestion relief projects have been deferred for more than 5 years; and

WHEREAS, The Regional Transportation Authority is considered the second largest public transportation system in North America and provides more than 2 million rides daily; and

WHEREAS, Mass transit is seen as an alternative to gridlocked roadways and long drives to work; however, about one-fifth of Metra's rail network are "slow zones" which require trains to travel slower than usual so as not to disrupt the crumbling infrastructure along the track; and

WHEREAS, Bus breakdowns and maintenance result in missed routes and delays; industry standards suggest buses should be renovated after 6 years and replaced after 12 years of service, yet the CTA operates over 500 buses that have been in operation for more than 16 years and log an average of 580,000 miles; and

WHEREAS, It has been more than 5 years since the State last awarded school construction grants, and 23 schools from the FY02 Entitlement List continue to wait for \$150 million in construction grants; and

WHEREAS, The school construction program has proven to be successful in providing Illinois students with a safe learning environment while providing communities with property tax relief; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that the House of Representatives supports adoption of a capital program in the 2008 session of the 95th General Assembly; and be it further

RESOLVED, That in order to maintain faith with taxpayers and user-fee payers, the 2009 capital program shall include restoration of the integrity of the Road Fund and Highway Construction Fund by assuring that revenues generated from the State's motor fuel taxes and vehicle license fees shall be

dedicated to road and bridge construction funds; and be it further

RESOLVED, That revenue produced to fund the capital program shall be deposited directly into a capital infrastructure fund and will not be diverted to finance any other governmental expenditures; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a Statewide capital program will ensure that no less than \$3 billion is allocated each year for the next 5 years to the construction, repair, replacement and maintenance of roads and bridges; and be it further

RESOLVED, That a new Public Transportation Construction Fund will be established, that such Fund shall ensure that no less than \$2 billion is allocated over 3 years to the construction, repair, replacement and maintenance of the public transportation networks, facilities and equipment, and that moneys in the Fund shall not be diverted to finance other governmental expenses; and be it further

RESOLVED, That an annual audit of the Road, Highway Construction and Public Transportation Funds be conducted by the Auditor General and a report of findings be filed with the General Assembly each year; and be it further

RESOLVED, That in order to meet the facilities needs of the education systems of Illinois for new or rehabilitated facilities, no less than \$500 million will be allocated for school construction grants in each of the next 3 years so that, in combination with the 50% local match, a total of \$3 billion will be made available to provide construction and repair of buildings located on the campuses of public schools, community colleges, and universities.

#### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1280**

Offered by Representative Coulson:

WHEREAS, Good health is essential to every citizen of the world and access to the highest standards of health information and services is necessary to improve public health; and

WHEREAS, The World Health Organization (WHO) set forth in the first chapter of its charter the objective of attaining the highest possible level of health for all the people of the world; and

WHEREAS, The Republic of China's achievements in the field of health are substantial, including one of the highest life expectancy levels in Asia, maternal and infant mortality rates comparable to those of western countries, the eradication of such infectious diseases as cholera, smallpox and the plague, and the first to eradicate polio and provide children with hepatitis B vaccinations; and

WHEREAS, In recent years the Republic of China has expressed a willingness to assist financially and technically in international health activities supported by the World Health Organization; and

WHEREAS, Direct, unobstructed participation in international health forums and programs is essential to limit the spread of various infectious diseases, including SARS and Avian Flu, and improve world health; and

WHEREAS, Taiwan's participation in the World Health Organization could bring many benefits to the state of health not only in Taiwan, but also regionally and globally; and

WHEREAS, The United States, in the 1994 Taiwan Policy review, declared its intention to support Taiwan's participation in appropriate international organizations; and

WHEREAS, The United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and its Taiwanese counterpart have enjoyed close collaboration on a wide range of public health issues; and

WHEREAS, Illinois continues to acknowledge and appreciate its important economic, educational, and cultural ties with Taiwan recognized through the establishment of sister-state relations with Taiwan since 1992; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we support Taiwan's participation as a member of the World Health Organization; until that occurs, Taiwan needs to be accepted as an observer in the World Health Assembly (WHA); and be it further

RESOLVED, That a suitable copy of this resolution be sent to United States Secretary of State Dr. Condoleeza Rice, Director General of the World Health Organization Dr. Margaret Chan, and Director General Thomas Cheng of the Taipei Economic and Cultural Office in Chicago.

# HOUSE RESOLUTION 1281

Offered by Representative Cole:

WHEREAS, Illinois ranks in the bottom third of states in the U.S. in the acquisition of land for parks, recreation and habitat; and

WHEREAS, Illinois ranks last by a wide margin among Midwestern states in acres protected per capita with only one percent of protected state-owned recreation land; and

WHEREAS, Land prices continue to rise and development pressures mount making the need for protecting open space more acute; and

WHEREAS, The quantity of water supplied by aquifers, inland streams, and Lake Michigan is limited and land conservation provides water recharge and stream buffering providing for the protection of drinking water resources; and

WHEREAS, Outdoor recreation contributes to a healthy lifestyle for the State's youth and adults alike, and young people need more access to safe, rewarding outdoor experiences to combat the growing epidemic of childhood obesity; and

WHEREAS, The Center for Disease Control and Prevention has called for the creation of more parks and playgrounds to counteract childhood obesity; and

WHEREAS, Parks and natural areas contribute to increased property values of neighboring properties; and

WHEREAS, Native Illinois wildlife populations have declined precipitously, and currently Illinois has 424 State and 24 federally listed threatened and endangered species; and

WHEREAS, Natural habitats have been shown to improve air quality; and

WHEREAS, Illinois has lost more than 90% of its original wetlands and 99% of it original open prairie and it is critical to take steps now to protect the remaining acreage; and

WHEREAS, The Illinois State Wildlife Action Plan has won national recognition but remains underfunded; and

WHEREAS, Illinois parks and natural areas generate 42,000 jobs and create recreational opportunities for all Illinois citizens; and

WHEREAS, Hunting, fishing, and wildlife associated recreation currently generates nearly \$4.200,000,000 in economic activity in Illinois; and

WHEREAS, Voters have given overwhelming support to local referenda for land acquisition and public opinion polls show 92% of the public registering support for the State preserving open space and wildlife habitat; and

WHEREAS, According to the most recent Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan 2003-2008, more than \$3,000,000,000 in State and local funding is necessary to, protect an additional 85,000 acres across the State, for renovation and restoration projects in existing parks and for new public recreation facilities; and

WHEREAS, Land acquisition is a capital intensive investment; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we recognize that current funding for open space is severely lacking; that capital budgets have traditionally provided resources for land acquisition, stewardship, and public recreational opportunities; that the value of parks and natural areas in protecting Illinois from flooding, improving water quality, generating economic activity, and improving public health is without question; and be it further

Resolved, That we urge the Governor to present a capital budget that includes \$100,000,000 on an annual basis for the Illinois Special Places Acquisition, Conservation and Enhancement (iSPACE) Program, which includes the following:

- (1) a new statewide land acquisition program to protect the State's most precious
- natural resources and provide recreational opportunities, including matching grants to local governments;
  - (2) implementation of the Partners for Conservation Program (formerly Conservation 2000)

through land acquisition and management grants; and

(3) implementation of the Hunting Heritage Protection Act by increasing the amount of land acreage available for hunting opportunities in Illinois; and be it further

RESOLVED, That suitable copies of this resolution, be presented to the Speaker of the House of Representative, the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, the Minority Leader of the Senate, the Director of Natural Resources, and the Governor.

#### AGREED RESOLUTIONS

The following resolutions were offered and placed on the Calendar on the order of Agreed Resolutions.

# **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1274**

Offered by Representative Granberg:

Congratulates Dr. Ronald H. Carty of the Illinois Clean Coal Institute as he retires.

#### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1275**

Offered by Representative Phelps:

Congratulates Ed Smith on the occasion of his retirement from the Laborers' International Union of North America after 40 years of dedicated service.

# **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1277**

Offered by Representative Bost:

Congratulates the members of the Southern Illinois University debate team on the occasion of the team's victory in the National Parliamentary Tournament of Excellence.

#### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1279**

Offered by Representative Ramey:

Commemorates the 60th anniversary of the signing of Public Law 557, making the Civil Air Patrol (CAP) the official auxiliary of the United States Air Force.

#### **HOUSE RESOLUTION 1282**

Offered by Representative Joyce:

Congratulates Denise McCormick on the occasion of receiving the Paramedic Medal of Valor.

# DISTRIBUTION OF SUPPLEMENTAL CALENDAR

Supplemental Calendar No. 1 was distributed to the Members at 11:09 o'clock a.m.

# AGREED RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION 1229 was taken up for consideration.

Representative Currie moved the adoption of the agreed resolution.

The motion prevailed and the agreed resolution was adopted.

## RESOLUTION

Having been reported out of the Committee on Rules on May 8, 2008, HOUSE RESOLUTION 1193 was taken up for consideration.

Representative Bellock moved the adoption of the resolution.

The motion prevailed and the Resolution was adopted.

# HOUSE BILL ON THIRD READING

The following bill and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. This bill has been examined, any amendments thereto engrossed and any errors corrected. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Turner, HOUSE BILL 2248 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 109, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 2)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

# HOUSE BILLS ON SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL 5032. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Judiciary II - Criminal Law, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 5032 by inserting after the title the following:

"WHEREAS, Factual claims of torture, which are determined to be credible, can most effectively and efficiently be evaluated through complete and independent investigation and review of the same; therefore"; and

by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Illinois Torture Inquiry and Relief Commission Act. Section 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

- (1) "Claim of torture" means a claim on behalf of a living person convicted of a felony in Illinois asserting that he was tortured into confessing to the crime for which the person was convicted and the tortured confession was used to obtain the conviction and for which there is some credible evidence related to allegations of torture committed by Commander Jon Burge or any officer under the supervision of Jon Burge.
  - (2) "Commission" means the Illinois Torture Inquiry and Relief Commission established by this Act.
  - (3) "Director" means the Director of the Illinois Torture Inquiry and Relief Commission.
- (4) "Victim" means the victim of the crime, or if the victim of the crime is deceased, the next of kin of the victim.

Section 10. Purpose of Act. This Act establishes an extraordinary procedure to investigate and determine factual claims of torture related to allegations of torture that shall require an individual to voluntarily waive rights and privileges as described in this Act.

Section 15. Commission established.

- (a) There is established the Illinois Torture and Relief Inquiry Commission. The Illinois Torture Relief Inquiry Commission shall be an independent commission under the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts for administrative purposes.
- (b) The Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts shall provide administrative support to the Commission as needed. The Director of the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts shall not reduce or modify the budget of the Commission or use funds appropriated to the Commission without the approval of the Commission.

Section 20. Membership; chair; meetings; quorum.

- (a) The Commission shall consist of 8 voting members as follows:
  - (1) One shall be a Circuit Court Judge, with 10 years or less seniority.
  - (2) One shall be a former prosecuting attorney.
  - (3) One shall be a law school professor.
  - (4) One shall be engaged in the practice of criminal defense law.
  - (5) Three shall be members of the public who are not attorneys and who are not officers or employees of the Judicial branch.
  - (6) One shall be a former public defender.

The Commission shall be appointed as follows:

- 2 members appointed by the Governor;
- 2 members appointed by the President of the Senate;
- One member appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate;
- 2 members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and

One member appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives.

After an appointee has served his or her first 3-year term, the subsequent appointment or reappointment may be by the initial appointing authority.

- (a-1) The appointing authority shall also appoint alternate Commission members for the Commission members he or she has appointed to serve in the event of scheduling conflicts, conflicts of interest, disability, or other disqualification arising in a particular case. The alternate members shall have the same qualifications for appointment as the original member. In making the appointments, the appointing authority shall make a good faith effort to appoint members with different perspectives of the justice system. The appointing authority shall also consider geographical location, gender, and racial diversity in making the appointments.
- (b) The judge who is appointed as a member under subsection (a) shall serve as Chair of the Commission. The Commission shall have its initial meeting no later than January 31, 2009, at the call of the Chair. The Commission shall meet a minimum of once every 6 months and may also meet more often at the call of the Chair. The Commission shall meet at such time and place as designated by the Chair. Notice of the meetings shall be given at such time and manner as provided by the rules of the Commission. A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum. All Commission votes shall be by majority vote.

Section 25. Terms of members; compensation; expenses.

(a) Of the initial members, 2 appointments shall be for one-year terms, 3 appointments shall be for 2-year terms, and 3 appointments shall be for 3-year terms. Thereafter, all terms shall be for 3 years. Members of the Commission shall serve no more than 2 consecutive 3-year terms plus any initial term of less than 3 years. Unless provided otherwise by this Act, all terms of members shall begin on January 1 and end on December 31.

Members serving by virtue of elective or appointive office, may serve only so long as the office holders hold those respective offices. The Chief Judge of the Cook County Circuit Court may remove members, with cause. Vacancies occurring before the expiration of a term shall be filled in the manner provided for the members first appointed.

(b) The Commission members shall receive no salary for serving. All Commission members shall receive necessary subsistence and travel expenses.

Section 30. Director and other staff. The Commission shall employ a Director. The Director shall be an attorney licensed to practice in Illinois at the time of appointment and at all times during service as Director. The Director shall assist the Commission in developing rules and standards for cases accepted for review, coordinate investigation of cases accepted for review, maintain records for all cases investigations, prepare reports outlining Commission investigations and recommendations to the trial court, and apply for and accept on behalf of the Commission any funds that may become available from government grants, private gifts, donations, or bequests from any source.

Subject to the approval of the Chair, the Director shall employ such other staff and shall contract for services as is necessary to assist the Commission in the performance of its duties, and as funds permit.

The Commission may meet in an area provided by the Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts. The Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts shall provide office space for the Commission and the Commission staff.

Section 35. Duties. The Commission shall have the following duties and powers:

- (1) To establish the criteria and screening process to be used to determine which cases shall be accepted for review.
- (2) To conduct inquiries into claims of torture with priority to be given to those cases in which the convicted person is currently incarcerated solely for the crime to which he or she claims torture by Jon Burge or officers under his command, or both.
  - (3) To coordinate the investigation of cases accepted for review.
  - (4) To maintain records for all case investigations.
  - (5) To prepare written reports outlining Commission investigations and recommendations to the trial court at the completion of each inquiry.
- (6) To apply for and accept any funds that may become available for the Commission's work from government grants, private gifts, donations, or bequests from any source.

Section 40. Claims of torture; waiver of convicted person's procedural safeguards and privileges; formal inquiry; notification of the crime victim.

- (a) A claim of torture may be referred to the Commission by any court, person, or agency. The Commission shall not consider a claim of torture if the convicted person is deceased. The determination of whether to grant a formal inquiry regarding any other claim of torture is in the discretion of the Commission. The Commission may informally screen and dismiss a case summarily at its discretion.
- (b) No formal inquiry into a claim of torture shall be made by the Commission unless the Director or the Director's designee first obtains a signed agreement from the convicted person in which the convicted person waives his or her procedural safeguard and privileges, agrees to cooperate with the Commission, and agrees to provide full disclosure regarding inquiry requirements of the Commission. The Waver under this subsection does not apply to matters unrelated to a convicted person's claim of torture. The convicted person shall have the right to advice of counsel prior to the execution of the agreement and, if a formal inquiry is granted, throughout the formal inquiry. If counsel represents the convicted person, then the convicted person's counsel must be present at the signing of the agreement. If counsel does not represent the convicted person, the Commission Chair shall determine the convicted person's indigency status and, if appropriate, enter an order for the appointment of counsel for the purpose of advising on the agreement.
- (c) If a formal inquiry regarding a claim of torture is granted, the Director shall use all due diligence to notify the victim in the case and explain the inquiry process. The Commission shall give the victim notice that the victim has the right to present his or her views and concerns throughout the Commission's investigation.
- (d) The Commission may use any measure provided in the Code of Civil Procedure and the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 to obtain information necessary to its inquiry. The Commission may also do any of the following: issue process to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence, administer oaths, petition the Circuit Court of Cook County or of the original jurisdiction for enforcement of process or for other relief, and prescribe its own rules of procedure. All challenges with regard to the Commission's authority or the Commission's access to evidence shall be heard by the Commission Chair in the Chair's judicial capacity, including any in camera review.
- (e) While performing duties for the Commission, the Director or the Director's designee may serve subpoenas or other process issued by the Commission throughout the State in the same manner and with the same effect as an officer authorized to serve process under the laws of this State.
- (f) All State discovery and disclosure statutes in effect at the time of formal inquiry shall be enforceable as if the convicted person were currently being tried for the charge for which the convicted person is claiming torture.
- (g) If, at any point during an inquiry, the convicted person refuses to comply with requests of the Commission or is otherwise deemed to be uncooperative by the Commission, the Commission shall discontinue the inquiry.

Section 45. Commission proceedings.

- (a) At the completion of a formal inquiry, all relevant evidence shall be presented to the full Commission. As part of its proceedings, the Commission may conduct public hearings. The determination as to whether to conduct public hearings is solely in the discretion of the Commission. Any public hearing held in accordance with this Section shall be subject to the Commission's rules of operation.
- (b) The Director shall use all due diligence to notify the victim at least 30 days prior to any proceedings of the full Commission held in regard to the victim's case. The Commission shall notify the victim that the victim is permitted to attend proceedings otherwise closed to the public, subject to any limitations imposed by this Act, If the victim plans to attend proceedings otherwise closed to the public, the victim shall notify the Commission at least 10 days in advance of the proceedings of his or her intent to attend. If the Commission determines that the victim's presence may interfere with the investigation, the Commission may close any portion of the proceedings to the victim.
- (c) After hearing the evidence, the full Commission shall vote to establish further case disposition as provided by this subsection. All 8 voting members of the Commission shall participate in that vote.

If 5 or more of the 8 voting members of the Commission conclude there is sufficient evidence of torture to merit judicial review, the case shall be referred to the Chief Judge of the Circuit Court of Cook County by filing with the clerk of court the opinion of the Commission with supporting findings of fact, as well as the record in support of such opinion, with service on the State's Attorney if another State's Attorney is appointed other than Richard Devine in non-capital cases and service on both the State's Attorney and Attorney General in capital cases.

If less than 5 of the 8 voting members of the Commission conclude there is insufficient evidence of

torture to merit judicial review, the Commission shall conclude there is insufficient evidence of torture to merit judicial review. The Commission shall document that opinion, along with supporting findings of fact, and file those documents and supporting materials with the court clerk in the circuit of original jurisdiction, with a copy to the State's Attorney and the chief judge.

The Director of the Commission shall use all due diligence to notify immediately the victim of the Commission's conclusion in a case.

- (d) Evidence of criminal acts, professional misconduct, or other wrongdoing disclosed through formal inquiry or Commission proceedings shall be referred to the appropriate authority. Evidence favorable to the convicted person disclosed through formal inquiry or Commission proceedings shall be disclosed to the convicted person and the convicted person's counsel, if the convicted person has counsel.
- (e) All proceedings, of the Commission shall be recorded and transcribed as part of the record. All Commission member votes shall be recorded in the record. All records and proceedings of the Commission are confidential and are exempt from public record and public meeting laws except that the supporting records for the Commission's conclusion that there is sufficient evidence of torture to merit judicial review, including all files and materials considered by the Commission and an full transcript of the hearing before the Commission, shall become public at the time of referral to the court. Commission records for conclusions of insufficient evidence of torture to merit judicial review shall remain confidential, except as provided in subsection (d).

Section 50. Post-commission judicial review.

- (a) If the Commission concludes there is sufficient evidence of torture to merit judicial review, the Chair of the Commission shall request the Chief Judge of the Circuit Court of Cook County for assignment to a trial judge for consideration. The court may receive proof by affidavits, depositions, oral testimony, or other evidence. In its discretion the court may order the petitioner brought before the court for the hearing. If the court finds in favor of the petitioner, it shall enter an appropriate order with respect to the judgment or sentence in the former proceedings and such supplementary orders as to rearraignment, retrial, custody, bail or discharge as may be necessary and proper.
- (b) The State's Attorney, or the State's Attorney's designee, shall represent the State at the hearing before the Assigned judge.

Section 55. No right to further review of decision by Commission; convicted person retains right to other postconviction relief.

- (a) Unless otherwise authorized by this Act, the decisions of the Commission are final and are subject to further review by appeal, certification, writ, motion, or otherwise.
- (b) A claim of torture asserted through the Commission shall not adversely affect the convicted person's rights to other post conviction relief.

Section 60. In order to allow staggered terms of members of the Illinois Torture Inquiry and Relief Commission, the Commission members identified in paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of subsection (a) of Section 20 shall be appointed to initial terms of 2 years, the Commission members identified in paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of Section 20 shall be appointed to initial terms of 3 years, and the Commission members identified in paragraph (3) and (6) of subsection (a) of Section 20 shall be appointed to initial terms of one year.

Section 65. Beginning January 1, 2010, and annually thereafter, the Illinois Torture and Inquiry Relief Commission shall report on its activities to the General Assembly and the Governor. The report may contain recommendations of any needed legislative changes related to the activities of the Commission. The report shall recommend the funding needed by the Commission, the State's Attorneys, and the Department of State Police in order to meet their responsibilities under this Act. Recommendations concerning the State's Attorneys or the Department of State Police shall only be made after consultations with the Illinois State's Attorneys Association and the Attorney General.

Section 70. The Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts shall report to the General Assembly and the Chief Justice no later than December 31, 2011, and no later than December 31 of every third year, regarding the implementation of this Act and shall include in its report the statistics regarding inquiries and any recommendations for changes. The House of Representatives and the Senate shall refer the report to the appropriate committees for their review.

Section 75. The initial members of the Illinois Torture Inquiry and Relief Commission shall be appointed not later than October 1, 2008. No claims of torture may be filed with the Commission until November 1, 2008.

Section 80. This Act applies to claims of torture filed on or before December 31, 2013.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

#### HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING

The following bills and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. These bills have been examined, any amendments thereto engrossed and any errors corrected. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Watson, HOUSE BILL 5493 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 109, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.
(ROLL CALL 3)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Watson, HOUSE BILL 4370 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 109, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 4)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative John Bradley, HOUSE BILL 562 was taken up and read by title a third time

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 109, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 5)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

# **RECALL**

At the request of the principal sponsor, Representative Black, HOUSE BILL 4172 was recalled from the order of Third Reading to the order of Second Reading.

# HOUSE BILL ON SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL 4172. Having been recalled on May 8, 2008, the same was again taken up. Representative Black offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. <u>3</u>. Amend House Bill 4172, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of House Amendment No. 1, as follows:

by replacing line 12 on page 7 through line 19 on page 8 with the following:

"determinations in accordance with this subsection (b).

Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor shall make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. Nothing contained in this amendatory

Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this paragraph, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

No later than January 1, 2009, the Governor, in coordination with the Agency and the Board, must propose rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and request that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those proposed rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. The proposed rules must concern the use of CCB under item (8) of subsection (a). The proposed rules must include specific guidelines for the use of CCB as structural fill and a site-approval process. The proposed rules must specify that agency approval is not required for a structural fill project if that project uses less than 10,000 tons of CCB material or if the fill material meets the ASTM D3987-85 standards for Class 1 Groundwater. The proposed rules for a site-approval process must include, along with other permits that may be required, (i) specific timeframes for Agency approval and (ii) informal consultation with the Department of Natural Resources on whether the structural fill project will harm any endangered species."

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 3 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 3 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

#### HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING

The following bills and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. These bills have been examined, any amendments thereto engrossed and any errors corrected. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Black, HOUSE BILL 4172 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 109, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.
(ROLL CALL 6)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Moffitt, HOUSE BILL 2819 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 94, Yeas; 14, Nays; 1, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 7)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Brady, HOUSE BILL 4127 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 109, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.
(ROLL CALL 8)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Mathias, HOUSE BILL 4266 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 109, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 9)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Monique Davis, HOUSE BILL 2212 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 109, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 10)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Munson, HOUSE BILL 5950 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 109, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 11)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Jakobsson, HOUSE BILL 4158 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 109, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 12)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Pihos, HOUSE BILL 4319 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 108, Yeas; 1, Nay; 0, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 13)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Holbrook, HOUSE BILL 5159 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 91, Yeas; 17, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 14)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Wait, HOUSE BILL 5908 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 109, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 15)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Berrios, HOUSE BILL 5687 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 109, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 16)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

#### RECALL

At the request of the principal sponsor, Representative Dugan, HOUSE BILL 6334 was recalled from the order of Third Reading to the order of Second Reading.

#### HOUSE BILL ON SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL 6334. Having been recalled on May 8, 2008, the same was again taken up. Representative Dugan offered the following amendments and moved their adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 6334 by deleting line 8 on page 3 through line 14 on page 6.

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 1 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

#### HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING

The following bills and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. These bills have been examined, any amendments thereto engrossed and any errors corrected. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Collins, HOUSE BILL 5343 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 109, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.
(ROLL CALL 17)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Mautino, HOUSE BILL 4808 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 108, Yeas; 1, Nay; 0, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 18)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Lang, HOUSE BILL 4920 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 106, Yeas; 3, Nays; 0, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 19)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Coulson, HOUSE BILL 6310 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 108, Yeas; 1, Nay; 0, Answering Present. (ROLL CALL 20)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

#### **RECALL**

At the request of the principal sponsor, Representative May, HOUSE BILL 5369 was recalled from the order of Third Reading to the order of Second Reading.

# HOUSE BILL ON SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL 5369. Having been recalled on May 8, 2008, the same was again taken up. Representative May offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 5369 on page 2, lines 5 and 6, by deleting ", in conjunction with the Office of Lieutenant Governor,"; and on page 3, line 10, by replacing "By April 21, 2008" with "As soon as practical after the effective date of this Act".

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 2 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 2 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

# HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING

The following bills and any amendments adopted thereto were reproduced. These bills have been examined, any amendments thereto engrossed and any errors corrected. Any amendments still pending upon the passage or defeat of a bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled pursuant to Rule 40(a).

On motion of Representative Ryg, HOUSE BILL 5761 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 109, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.
(ROLL CALL 21)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Molaro, HOUSE BILL 4857 was taken up and read by title a third time. And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 109, Yeas; 0, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 22)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

On motion of Representative Yarbrough, HOUSE BILL 5671 was taken up and read by title a third time.

And the question being, "Shall this bill pass?" it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: 97, Yeas; 11, Nays; 0, Answering Present.

(ROLL CALL 23)

This bill, having received the votes of a constitutional majority of the Members elected, was declared passed.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

#### HOUSE BILLS ON SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL 2405. Having been read by title a second time on April 30, 2008, and held on the order of Second Reading, the same was again taken up.

Representative Colvin offered and withdrew Amendments numbered 1, 2 and 3.

Representative Colvin offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. <u>4</u>. Amend House Bill 2405, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Procurement Code is amended by changing Section 45-45 as follows: (30 ILCS 500/45-45)

Sec. 45-45. Small businesses.

- (a) Set-asides. The chief procurement officer has authority to designate as small business set-asides a fair proportion of construction, supply, and service contracts for award to small businesses in Illinois. Advertisements for bids or offers for those contracts shall specify designation as small business set-asides. In awarding the contracts, only bids or offers from qualified small businesses shall be considered.
- (b) Small business. "Small business" means a business that is independently owned and operated and that is not dominant in its field of operation. The chief procurement officer shall establish a detailed definition by rule, using in addition to the foregoing criteria other criteria, including the number of employees and the dollar volume of business. When computing the size status of a bidder, annual sales and receipts of the bidder and all of its affiliates shall be included. The maximum number of employees and the maximum dollar volume that a small business may have under the rules promulgated by the chief procurement officer may vary from industry to industry to the extent necessary to reflect differing characteristics of those industries, subject to the following limitations:
- (1) No wholesale business is a small business if its <u>average</u> annual sales <u>over the 3 most recent</u> calendar years for its <u>most recently completed fiscal year</u> exceed \$10,000,000.
  - (2) No retail business or business selling services is a small business if its <u>average</u> annual sales and receipts <u>over the 3 most recent calendar years</u> exceed \$6,000,000.
  - (3) (Blank). No manufacturing business is a small business if it employs more than 250 persons.
  - (4) No construction business is a small business if:
    - (A) its average annual sales and receipts over the 3 most recent calendar years exceed \$10,000,000;

or

(B) its average annual sales and receipts over the 3 most recent calendar years exceed \$2,000,000

- and it has received a cumulative total of \$5,000,000 or more from State construction and construction-related professional services contracts.
- (c) Fair proportion. For the purpose of subsection (a), for State agencies of the executive branch, a fair proportion of construction contracts shall be no less than 25% nor more than 40% of the annual total contracts for construction and construction-related professional services. The construction agency must designate under which category set forth in item (4) of subsection (b) the set-asides are made in the agency's procurement notices.
- (d) Withdrawal of designation. A small business set-aside designation may be withdrawn by the purchasing agency when deemed in the best interests of the State. Upon withdrawal, all bids or offers shall be rejected, and the bidders or offerors shall be notified of the reason for rejection. The contract shall then be awarded in accordance with this Code without the designation of small business set-aside.
- (e) Small business specialist. The chief procurement officer shall designate a State purchasing officer who will be responsible for engaging an experienced contract negotiator to serve as its small business specialist, whose duties shall include:
  - (1) Compiling and maintaining a comprehensive bidders list of small businesses. In this duty, he or she shall cooperate with the Federal Small Business Administration in locating potential sources for various products and services.
    - (2) Assisting small businesses in complying with the procedures for bidding on State contracts.
  - (3) Examining requests from State agencies for the purchase of property or services to help determine which invitations to bid are to be designated small business set-asides.
  - (4) Making recommendations to the chief procurement officer for the simplification of specifications and terms in order to increase the opportunities for small business participation.
    - (5) Assisting in investigations by purchasing agencies to determine the responsibility of bidders on small business set-asides.
- (f) Small business annual report. The State purchasing officer designated under subsection (e) shall annually before December 1 report in writing to the General Assembly concerning the awarding of contracts to small businesses. The report shall include the total value of awards made in the preceding fiscal year under the designation of small business set-aside. The report shall also include the total value of awards made to businesses owned by minorities, females, and persons with disabilities, as defined in the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act, in the preceding fiscal year under the designation of small business set-aside.

The requirement for reporting to the General Assembly shall be satisfied by filing copies of the report as required by Section 3.1 of the General Assembly Organization Act.

(g) Rulemaking. Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

(Source: P.A. 92-60, eff. 7-12-01; 93-769, eff. 1-1-05.)".

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 4 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 4 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

HOUSE BILL 5370. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Veterans Affairs, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 5370 on page 4, line 19 by changing "5" to "2".

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

Having been reproduced, the following bills were taken up, read by title a second time and held on the order of Second Reading: HOUSE BILLS 2916, 4837 and 5912.

HOUSE BILL 5970. Having been read by title a second time on April 30, 2008, and held on the order of Second Reading, the same was again taken up.

Representative Smith offered and withdrew Amendment No. 1.

Representative Smith offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 5970 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections 2-3.53a and 21-7.10 as follows: (105 ILCS 5/2-3.53a)

Sec. 2-3.53a. New principal mentoring program.

- (a) Beginning on July 1, 2007, and subject to an annual appropriation by the General Assembly, to establish a new principal mentoring program for new principals. Any individual who is hired as a principal in the State of Illinois on or after July 1, 2007 and before July 1, 2008 shall participate in a new principal mentoring program for the duration of his or her first year as a principal and must complete the program in accordance with the requirements established by the State Board of Education by rule or, for a school district created by Article 34 of this Code, in accordance with the provisions of Section 34-18.27 of this Code. School districts created by Article 34 are not subject to the requirements of subsection (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), or (g) of this Section. Principals hired on or after July 1, 2007 and before July 1, 2008 may participate in a second year of mentoring if it is determined by the State Superintendent of Education that sufficient funding exists for such participation. Beginning on July 1, 2008, and subject to an annual appropriation by the General Assembly, any individual who is first hired as a principal in the State of Illinois on or after July 1, 2008 shall participate in a new principal mentoring program for the duration of his or her first year and second year as a principal and must complete the program in accordance with requirements herein. The new principal mentoring program shall match an experienced principal who meets the requirements of subsection (b) of this Section with each new principal in his or her first year in that position in order to assist the new principal in the development of his or her professional growth and to provide guidance during the new principal's first year of service.
- (b) Any individual who has been a principal in Illinois for 3 or more years and who has demonstrated success as an instructional leader, as determined by the State Board by rule, is eligible to apply to be a mentor under a new principal mentoring program. Mentors shall complete mentoring training by entities approved by the State Board and meet any other requirements set forth by the State Board and by the school district employing the mentor.
  - (c) The State Board shall certify an entity or entities approved to provide training of mentors.
- (d) A mentor shall be assigned to a new principal based on (i) similarity of grade level or type of school, (ii) learning needs of the new principal, and (iii) geographical proximity of the mentor to the new principal. The principal, in collaboration with the mentor, shall identify areas for improvement of the new principal's professional growth, including, but not limited to, each of the following:
  - (1) Analyzing data and applying it to practice.
  - (2) Aligning professional development and instructional programs.
  - (3) Building a professional learning community.
  - (4) Observing classroom practices and providing feedback.
  - (5) Facilitating effective meetings.

- (6) Developing distributive leadership practices.
- (7) Facilitating organizational change.

The mentor shall not be required to provide an evaluation of the new principal on the basis of the mentoring relationship.

- (e) On or after January 1, 2008 and on or after January 1 of each year thereafter, each mentor and each new principal shall complete a survey of progress on a form developed by their respective school districts. On or before July 1, 2008 and on or after July 1 of each year thereafter, the State Board shall facilitate a review and evaluate the mentoring training program in collaboration with the approved providers. Each new principal and his or her mentor must complete a verification form developed by the State Board in order to certify their completion of a new principal mentoring program.
- (f) The requirements of this Section do not apply to any individual who has previously served as an assistant principal in Illinois acting under an administrative certificate for 5 or more years and who is hired, on or after July 1, 2007, as a principal by the school district in which the individual last served as an assistant principal, although such an individual may choose to participate in this program or shall be required to participate by the school district.
- (g) The State Board may adopt any rules necessary for the implementation of this Section.
- (h) On an annual basis, the State Superintendent of Education shall determine whether appropriations are likely to be sufficient to require operation of the mentoring program for the coming year. In doing so, the State Superintendent shall first determine whether it is likely that funds will be sufficient to require operation of the mentoring program for individuals in their first year as principal and shall then determine whether it is likely that funds will be sufficient to require operation of the mentoring program for individuals in their second year as principal. If it is likely that funds will be sufficient to require operation of the mentoring program for individuals in their first year as principal, but not for individuals in their second year as principal, the State Superintendent shall have the discretion to determine that the mentoring program for that year will only operate as to individuals in their first year as principal.
- (i) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

(Source: P.A. 94-1039, eff. 7-20-06.)

(105 ILCS 5/21-7.10)

Sec. 21-7.10. Master principal designation program.

- (a) The General Assembly recognizes the important role a principal serves as a school's instructional leader and believes it is in the best interest of the State to establish a mechanism for training, mentoring, and recognizing master level principals.
- (b) The State Board of Education shall certify statewide organizations representing principals, institutions of higher education, and regional offices of education and one school district or organization representing principals in a school district organized under Article 34 of this Code to establish a master principal designation program if these entities meet the criteria established by the State Board. These entities shall work with a statewide design team made up of institutions of higher education, regional offices of education, statewide organizations, and other appropriate entities, as determined by the State Board, to conceptualize the master principal designation program. The State Board shall adopt rules, in consultation with the State Teacher Certification Board, for entities seeking to provide a program under this Section, including an approval process and other criteria. A master principal designation program aligned with the Illinois Professional Leadership Standards shall include at least the following components:
  - (1) Expansion of the principal's knowledge base and leadership.
  - (2) Application of strategies and collection of evidence of student learning and school

### processes.

- (3) Demonstration of the ability and skills necessary to lead sustained academic improvement in a school or district.
- (c) An individual serving as a principal for at least 3 years is eligible for participation in a master principal designation program. Each year, those entities approved to offer a master principal designation program must submit to the State Board a report indicating the number of individuals enrolled in the program, the progress of candidates, anticipated changes to the program, and any other relevant information requested by the State Board. All substantive changes to an entity's master principal designation program shall require prior written approval from the State Board. An entity that fails to meet the requirements of this Section or any other criteria established by the State Board by rule shall have its authority to offer a master principal designation program revoked pursuant to procedures established by rule by the State Board.
- (d) The State, through the State Board, shall appropriate funds for the master principal designation program, with the State Superintendent of Education having the exclusive authority to determine (i) the number of statewide organizations to be approved as providers of the program and (ii) the amount of funding needed by the one or more approved statewide organizations to provide the program.
- (e) In this Section, "master principal designation program" shall also be known as the Illinois Distinguished Principal Leadership Institute.
- (f) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

(Source: P.A. 94-1039, eff. 7-20-06.)".

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 2 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 2 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

Having been reproduced, the following bill was taken up, read by title a second time and advanced to the order of Third Reading: HOUSE BILL 6339.

HOUSE BILL 5319. Having been read by title a second time on April 16, 2008, and held on the order of Second Reading, the same was again taken up.

Representative Joyce offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. <u>4</u>. Amend House Bill 5319, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Carnival and Amusement Rides Safety Act is amended by changing Sections 2-10, 2-15, and 2-20 as follows:

(430 ILCS 85/2-10) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4060)

Sec. 2-10. No amusement ride or amusement attraction shall be operated at a carnival or fair in this State without a permit having been issued by the Director to an operator of such equipment. At least 30 days prior to the first day of operation or the expiration of the permit. On or before the first of May of each year, any person required to obtain a permit by this Act shall apply to the Director for a permit on a form

furnished by the Director which form shall contain such information as the Director may require. The Director may waive the requirement that an application for a permit must be filed at least 30 days prior to the first day of operation or the expiration of the permit on or before May 1 of each year if the applicant gives satisfactory proof to the Director that he could not reasonably comply with the date requirement and if the applicant immediately applies for a permit after the need for a permit is first determined. For the purpose of determining if an amusement ride or amusement attraction is in safe operating condition and will provide protection to the public using such amusement ride or amusement attraction, each amusement ride or amusement attraction shall be inspected by the Director before it is initially placed in operation in this State, and shall thereafter be inspected at least once each year.

If, after inspection, an amusement ride or amusement attraction is found to comply with the rules adopted under this Act, the Director shall issue a permit for the operation of the amusement ride or amusement attraction. The permit shall be issued conditioned upon the payment of the permit fee and any applicable inspection fee at the time the application for permit to operate is filed with the Department and may be suspended as provided in the Department's rules.

If, after inspection, additions or alterations are contemplated which change a structure, mechanism, classification or capacity, the operator shall notify the Director of his intentions in writing and provide any plans or diagrams requested by the Director.

Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

(Source: P.A. 92-26, eff. 1-1-02.)

(430 ILCS 85/2-15) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 4065)

Sec. 2-15. Penalties. (a) Criminal penalties.

- 1. Any person who operates an amusement ride or amusement attraction at a carnival or fair without having obtained a permit from the Director or who violates any order or rule issued by the Director under this Act is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. Each day shall constitute a separate and distinct offense
- 2. Any person who interferes with, impedes, or obstructs in any manner the Director or any authorized representative of the Department in the performance of their duties under this Act is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- (b) Civil penalties. Unless otherwise provided in this Act, any person who operates an amusement ride or amusement attraction without having obtained a permit from the Department in violation of this Act is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,500 per violation for a first violation and not to exceed \$5,000 for a second or subsequent violation.

Prior to any determination, or the imposition of any civil penalty, under this subsection (b), the Department shall notify the operator in writing of the alleged violation. The Department shall afford the operator 15 days from the date of the notice to present any written information that the operator wishes the Department to consider in connection with its determination in the matter. Upon written request of the operator, the Department shall convene an informal fact-finding conference, provided such request is received by the Department within 15 days of the date of the notice of the alleged violation. In determining the amount of a penalty, the Director may consider the appropriateness of the penalty to the person or entity charged, upon determination of the gravity of the violation. Penalties may be recovered in a civil action brought by the Director of Labor in any circuit court. In this litigation, the Director of Labor shall be represented by the Attorney General.

(c) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency

or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

(Source: P.A. 94-801, eff. 5-25-06.)

(430 ILCS 85/2-20)

Sec. 2-20. Employment of carnival workers.

- (a) Beginning on January 1, 2008, no person, firm, corporation, or other entity that owns or operates a carnival or fair shall employ a carnival worker who (i) has been convicted of any offense set forth in Article 11 of the Criminal Code of 1961, (ii) is a registered sex offender, as defined in the Sex Offender Registration Act, or (iii) has ever been convicted of any offense set forth in Article 9 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- (b) A person, firm, corporation, or other entity that owns or operates a carnival or fair must conduct a criminal history records check <u>and perform a check of the Illinois Sex Offender Registry</u> for carnival workers at the time they are hired, <u>and annually thereafter consistent with the Illinois Uniform Conviction Information Act and perform a check of the Sex Offender Registry.</u>

Effective November 1, 2008, the check of the sex offender registry shall be performed through the National Sex Offender Public Registry.

The criminal history records check performed under this subsection (b) shall be performed by the Illinois State Police, another State or federal law enforcement agency, or a business belonging to the National Association of Professional Background Check Screeners.

Carnival workers who are foreign nationals and have been granted visas by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services in conjunction with the United States Department of Labor's H-2B or J-1 programs and are lawfully admitted into the United States shall be exempt from the background check requirement imposed under this subsection. In the case of carnival workers who are hired on a temporary basis to work at a specific event, the carnival or fair owner may work with local enforcement agencies in order expedite the criminal history records check required under this subsection (b).

Individuals who are under the age of 17 are exempt from the criminal history records check requirements set forth in this subsection (b).

- (c) Any person, firm, corporation, or other entity that owns or operates a carnival or fair must have a substance abuse policy in place for its workers, which shall include random drug testing of carnival workers.
- (d) Any person, firm, corporation, or other entity that owns or operates a carnival or fair that violates the provisions of subsection (a) of this Section or fails to conduct a criminal history records check or a sex offender registry check for carnival workers in its employ, as required by subsection (b) of this Section, shall be assessed a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$1,000 for a first offense, not to exceed \$5,000 for a second offense, and not to exceed \$15,000 for a third or subsequent offense. The collection of these penalties shall be enforced in a civil action brought by the Attorney General on behalf of the Department.
  - (e) A carnival or fair owner is not responsible for:
    - (1) any personal information submitted by a carnival worker for criminal history records check purposes; or
    - (2) any information provided by a third party for a criminal history records check or a sex offender registry check.
- (f) Recordkeeping requirements. Any person, firm, corporation, or other entity that owns or operates a carnival or fair subject to the provisions of this Act shall make, preserve, and make available to the Department, upon its request, all records that are required by this Act, including but not limited to a written substance abuse policy, evidence of the required criminal history records check and Sex Offender Registry check, and any other information the Director may deem necessary and appropriate for enforcement of this

Act.

(g) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

(h) A carnival or fair owner shall not be liable to any employee in carrying out the requirements of this Section.

(Source: P.A. 95-397, eff. 8-24-07; 95-687, eff. 10-23-07.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 4 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 4 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

HOUSE BILL 4927. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Judiciary II - Criminal Law, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 4927 on page 5, line 20, by inserting after the period the following:

"Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this subsection (2.5), "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and

on page 10, line 1, by inserting after the period the following:

"Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this subsection (1.6), "rules" is given the

meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."

Representative Chapa LaVia offered the following amendments and moved their adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2 . Amend House Bill 4927, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Children and Family Services Act is amended by changing Section 35.2 as follows: (20 ILCS 505/35.2) (from Ch. 23, par. 5035.2)

Sec. 35.2. If a child has been found to be an abused minor under Section 4-8 of the Juvenile Court Act or Section 2-21 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, and the perpetrator of the abuse was the child's parent, and (i) such parent has been convicted of aggravated battery of the child or (ii) such parent has been convicted of aggravated participation in methamphetamine manufacturing under subdivision (b)(1)(B) of Section 15 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act and the child who has been found to be an abused minor was the child who resided or was present at the place where the methamphetamine was manufactured or who was endangered by the manufacture of the methamphetamine, and the child has been committed to the Department of Children and Family Services for care and service under Section 5-7 of the Juvenile Court Act or Section 2-27 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, the Department shall cause to be filed a petition seeking the termination of such parent's parental rights pursuant to "An Act in relation to the adoption of persons, and to repeal an Act therein named", approved July 17, 1959, as amended, or under Section 2-29 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, and the Department shall also seek placement of the child with suitable adoptive parents.

(Source: P.A. 86-403.)

Section 10. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by changing Section 1-2 as follows: (705 ILCS 405/1-2) (from Ch. 37, par. 801-2)

Sec. 1-2. Purpose and policy.

- (1) The purpose of this Act is to secure for each minor subject hereto such care and guidance, preferably in his or her own home, as will serve the safety and moral, emotional, mental, and physical welfare of the minor and the best interests of the community; to preserve and strengthen the minor's family ties whenever possible, removing him or her from the custody of his or her parents only when his or her safety or welfare or the protection of the public cannot be adequately safeguarded without removal; if the child is removed from the custody of his or her parent, the Department of Children and Family Services immediately shall consider concurrent planning, as described in Section 5 of the Children and Family Services Act so that permanency may occur at the earliest opportunity; consideration should be given so that if reunification fails or is delayed, the placement made is the best available placement to provide permanency for the child; and, when the minor is removed from his or her own family, to secure for him or her custody, care and discipline as nearly as possible equivalent to that which should be given by his or her parents, and in cases where it should and can properly be done to place the minor in a family home so that he or she may become a member of the family by legal adoption or otherwise. Provided that a ground for unfitness under the Adoption Act can be met, it may be appropriate to expedite termination of parental rights:
  - (a) when reasonable efforts are inappropriate, or have been provided and were unsuccessful, and there are aggravating circumstances including, but not limited to, those cases in which (i) the child or another child of that child's parent was (A) abandoned, (B) tortured, or (C) chronically abused or (ii) the parent is criminally convicted of (A) first degree murder or second degree murder of any child, (B) attempt or conspiracy to commit first degree murder or second degree murder of any child, (C) solicitation to commit murder, solicitation to commit murder for hire, solicitation to commit second degree murder of any child, or aggravated assault in violation of subdivision (a)(13) of Section 12-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or (D) aggravated criminal sexual assault in violation of Section 12-14(b)(1) of the Criminal Code of 1961, or (E) aggravated participation in methamphetamine manufacturing under subdivision (b)(1)(B) of Section 15 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, and the minor or another child of the minor's parent was the child who resided or was present at the place where the methamphetamine was manufactured or who was endangered by the manufacture of the methamphetamine; or
    - (b) when the parental rights of a parent with respect to another child of the parent have been involuntarily terminated; or

- (c) in those extreme cases in which the parent's incapacity to care for the child, combined with an extremely poor prognosis for treatment or rehabilitation, justifies expedited termination of parental rights.
- (2) In all proceedings under this Act the court may direct the course thereof so as promptly to ascertain the jurisdictional facts and fully to gather information bearing upon the current condition and future welfare of persons subject to this Act. This Act shall be administered in a spirit of humane concern, not only for the rights of the parties, but also for the fears and the limits of understanding of all who appear before the court.
  - (3) In all procedures under this Act, the following shall apply:
  - (a) The procedural rights assured to the minor shall be the rights of adults unless specifically precluded by laws which enhance the protection of such minors.
  - (b) Every child has a right to services necessary to his or her safety and proper development, including health, education and social services.
  - (c) The parents' right to the custody of their child shall not prevail when the court determines that it is contrary to the health, safety, and best interests of the child.
- (4) This Act shall be liberally construed to carry out the foregoing purpose and policy. (Source: P.A. 89-704, eff. 8-16-97 (changed from 1-1-98 by P.A. 90-443); 90-27, eff. 1-1-98; 90-28, eff. 1-1-98; 90-443, eff. 8-16-97; 90-608, eff. 6-30-98.)

Section 15. The Adoption Act is amended by changing Section 1 as follows: (750 ILCS 50/1) (from Ch. 40, par. 1501)

Sec. 1. Definitions. When used in this Act, unless the context otherwise requires:

A. "Child" means a person under legal age subject to adoption under this Act.

- B. "Related child" means a child subject to adoption where either or both of the adopting parents stands in any of the following relationships to the child by blood or marriage: parent, grand-parent, brother, sister, step-parent, step-grandparent, step-brother, step-sister, uncle, aunt, great-uncle, great-aunt, or cousin of first degree. A child whose parent has executed a final irrevocable consent to adoption or a final irrevocable surrender for purposes of adoption, or whose parent has had his or her parental rights terminated, is not a related child to that person, unless the consent is determined to be void or is void pursuant to subsection O of Section 10.
- C. "Agency" for the purpose of this Act means a public child welfare agency or a licensed child welfare agency.
- D. "Unfit person" means any person whom the court shall find to be unfit to have a child, without regard to the likelihood that the child will be placed for adoption. The grounds of unfitness are any one or more of the following, except that a person shall not be considered an unfit person for the sole reason that the person has relinquished a child in accordance with the Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act:
  - (a) Abandonment of the child.
  - (a-1) Abandonment of a newborn infant in a hospital.
  - (a-2) Abandonment of a newborn infant in any setting where the evidence suggests that the parent intended to relinquish his or her parental rights.
  - (b) Failure to maintain a reasonable degree of interest, concern or responsibility as to the child's welfare.
  - (c) Desertion of the child for more than 3 months next preceding the commencement of the Adoption proceeding.
  - (d) Substantial neglect of the child if continuous or repeated.
  - (d-1) Substantial neglect, if continuous or repeated, of any child residing in the household which resulted in the death of that child.
  - (e) Extreme or repeated cruelty to the child.
  - (f) There is a rebuttable presumption, which can be overcome only by clear and convincing evidence, that a parent is unfit if:
  - (1) Two or more findings of physical abuse have been entered regarding any children under Section 2-21 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, the most recent of which was determined by the juvenile court hearing the matter to be supported by clear and convincing evidence; or
  - (2) The parent has been convicted or found not guilty by reason of insanity and the conviction or finding resulted from the death of any child by physical abuse; or
  - (3) There is a finding of physical child abuse resulting from the death of any child under Section 2-21 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

No conviction or finding of delinquency pursuant to Article 5 of the Juvenile Court

Act of 1987 shall be considered a criminal conviction for the purpose of applying any presumption under this item (f).

- (g) Failure to protect the child from conditions within his environment injurious to the child's welfare.
- (h) Other neglect of, or misconduct toward the child; provided that in making a finding of unfitness the court hearing the adoption proceeding shall not be bound by any previous finding, order or judgment affecting or determining the rights of the parents toward the child sought to be adopted in any other proceeding except such proceedings terminating parental rights as shall be had under either this Act, the Juvenile Court Act or the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
- (i) Depravity. Conviction of any one of the following crimes shall create a presumption that a parent is deprayed which can be overcome only by clear and convincing evidence: (1) first degree murder in violation of paragraph 1 or 2 of subsection (a) of Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or conviction of second degree murder in violation of subsection (a) of Section 9-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 of a parent of the child to be adopted; (2) first degree murder or second degree murder of any child in violation of the Criminal Code of 1961; (3) attempt or conspiracy to commit first degree murder or second degree murder of any child in violation of the Criminal Code of 1961; (4) solicitation to commit murder of any child, solicitation to commit murder of any child for hire, or solicitation to commit second degree murder of any child in violation of the Criminal Code of 1961; (5) predatory criminal sexual assault of a child in violation of Section 12-14.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961: (6) heinous battery of any child in violation of the Criminal Code of 1961; or (7) aggravated battery of any child in violation of the Criminal Code of 1961; or (8) aggravated participation in methamphetamine manufacturing in violation of subdivision (b)(1)(B) of Section 15 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, where any child resided or was present at the place where the methamphetamine was manufactured or was endangered by the manufacture of the methamphetamine.

There is a rebuttable presumption that a parent is depraved if the parent has been criminally convicted of at least 3 felonies under the laws of this State or any other state, or under federal law, or the criminal laws of any United States territory; and at least one of these convictions took place within 5 years of the filing of the petition or motion seeking termination of parental rights.

There is a rebuttable presumption that a parent is depraved if that parent has been criminally convicted of either first or second degree murder of any person as defined in the Criminal Code of 1961 within 10 years of the filing date of the petition or motion to terminate parental rights.

No conviction or finding of delinquency pursuant to Article 5 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 shall be considered a criminal conviction for the purpose of applying any presumption under this item (i).

- (j) Open and notorious adultery or fornication.
- (j-1) (Blank).
- (k) Habitual drunkenness or addiction to drugs, other than those prescribed by a physician, for at least one year immediately prior to the commencement of the unfitness proceeding.

There is a rebuttable presumption that a parent is unfit under this subsection with respect to any child to which that parent gives birth where there is a confirmed test result that at birth the child's blood, urine, or meconium contained any amount of a controlled substance as defined in subsection (f) of Section 102 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or metabolites of such substances, the presence of which in the newborn infant was not the result of medical treatment administered to the mother or the newborn infant; and the biological mother of this child is the biological mother of at least one other child who was adjudicated a neglected minor under subsection (c) of Section 2-3 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

- (l) Failure to demonstrate a reasonable degree of interest, concern or responsibility as to the welfare of a new born child during the first 30 days after its birth.
- (m) Failure by a parent (i) to make reasonable efforts to correct the conditions that were the basis for the removal of the child from the parent, or (ii) to make reasonable progress toward the return of the child to the parent within 9 months after an adjudication of neglected or abused minor under Section 2-3 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 or dependent minor under Section 2-4 of that Act, or (iii) to make reasonable progress toward the return of the child to the parent during any 9-month period after the end of the initial 9-month period following the adjudication of neglected or abused minor under Section 2-3 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 or dependent minor under Section 2-4 of that Act. If a service plan has been established as required under Section 8.2 of the Abused and Neglected Child

Reporting Act to correct the conditions that were the basis for the removal of the child from the parent and if those services were available, then, for purposes of this Act, "failure to make reasonable progress toward the return of the child to the parent" includes (I) the parent's failure to substantially fulfill his or her obligations under the service plan and correct the conditions that brought the child into care within 9 months after the adjudication under Section 2-3 or 2-4 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and (II) the parent's failure to substantially fulfill his or her obligations under the service plan and correct the conditions that brought the child into care during any 9-month period after the end of the initial 9-month period following the adjudication under Section 2-3 or 2-4 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. Notwithstanding any other provision, when a petition or motion seeks to terminate parental rights on the basis of item (iii) of this subsection (m), the petitioner shall file with the court and serve on the parties a pleading that specifies the 9-month period or periods relied on. The pleading shall be filed and served on the parties no later than 3 weeks before the date set by the court for closure of discovery, and the allegations in the pleading shall be treated as incorporated into the petition or motion. Failure of a respondent to file a written denial of the allegations in the pleading shall not be treated as an admission that the allegations are true.

(m-1) Pursuant to the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, a child has been in foster care for 15 months out of any 22 month period which begins on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1998 unless the child's parent can prove by a preponderance of the evidence that it is more likely than not that it will be in the best interests of the child to be returned to the parent within 6 months of the date on which a petition for termination of parental rights is filed under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. The 15 month time limit is tolled during any period for which there is a court finding that the appointed custodian or guardian failed to make reasonable efforts to reunify the child with his or her family, provided that (i) the finding of no reasonable efforts is made within 60 days of the period when reasonable efforts were not made or (ii) the parent filed a motion requesting a finding of no reasonable efforts within 60 days of the period when reasonable efforts were not made. For purposes of this subdivision (m-1), the date of entering foster care is the earlier of: (i) the date of a judicial finding at an adjudicatory hearing that the child is an abused, neglected, or dependent minor; or (ii) 60 days after the date on which the child is removed from his or her parent, guardian, or legal custodian.

(n) Evidence of intent to forgo his or her parental rights, whether or not the child is a ward of the court, (1) as manifested by his or her failure for a period of 12 months: (i) to visit the child, (ii) to communicate with the child or agency, although able to do so and not prevented from doing so by an agency or by court order, or (iii) to maintain contact with or plan for the future of the child, although physically able to do so, or (2) as manifested by the father's failure, where he and the mother of the child were unmarried to each other at the time of the child's birth, (i) to commence legal proceedings to establish his paternity under the Illinois Parentage Act of 1984 or the law of the jurisdiction of the child's birth within 30 days of being informed, pursuant to Section 12a of this Act, that he is the father or the likely father of the child or, after being so informed where the child is not yet born, within 30 days of the child's birth, or (ii) to make a good faith effort to pay a reasonable amount of the expenses related to the birth of the child and to provide a reasonable amount for the financial support of the child, the court to consider in its determination all relevant circumstances, including the financial condition of both parents; provided that the ground for termination provided in this subparagraph (n)(2)(ii) shall only be available where the petition is brought by the mother or the husband of the mother.

Contact or communication by a parent with his or her child that does not demonstrate affection and concern does not constitute reasonable contact and planning under subdivision (n). In the absence of evidence to the contrary, the ability to visit, communicate, maintain contact, pay expenses and plan for the future shall be presumed. The subjective intent of the parent, whether expressed or otherwise, unsupported by evidence of the foregoing parental acts manifesting that intent, shall not preclude a determination that the parent has intended to forgo his or her parental rights. In making this determination, the court may consider but shall not require a showing of diligent efforts by an authorized agency to encourage the parent to perform the acts specified in subdivision (n).

It shall be an affirmative defense to any allegation under paragraph (2) of this subsection that the father's failure was due to circumstances beyond his control or to impediments created by the mother or any other person having legal custody. Proof of that fact need only be by a preponderance of the evidence.

- (o) Repeated or continuous failure by the parents, although physically and financially able, to provide the child with adequate food, clothing, or shelter.
- (p) Inability to discharge parental responsibilities supported by competent evidence

from a psychiatrist, licensed clinical social worker, or clinical psychologist of mental impairment, mental illness or mental retardation as defined in Section 1-116 of the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code, or developmental disability as defined in Section 1-106 of that Code, and there is sufficient justification to believe that the inability to discharge parental responsibilities shall extend beyond a reasonable time period. However, this subdivision (p) shall not be construed so as to permit a licensed clinical social worker to conduct any medical diagnosis to determine mental illness or mental impairment.

- (q) (Blank).
- (r) The child is in the temporary custody or guardianship of the Department of Children and Family Services, the parent is incarcerated as a result of criminal conviction at the time the petition or motion for termination of parental rights is filed, prior to incarceration the parent had little or no contact with the child or provided little or no support for the child, and the parent's incarceration will prevent the parent from discharging his or her parental responsibilities for the child for a period in excess of 2 years after the filing of the petition or motion for termination of parental rights.
- (s) The child is in the temporary custody or guardianship of the Department of Children and Family Services, the parent is incarcerated at the time the petition or motion for termination of parental rights is filed, the parent has been repeatedly incarcerated as a result of criminal convictions, and the parent's repeated incarceration has prevented the parent from discharging his or her parental responsibilities for the child.
- (t) A finding that at birth the child's blood, urine, or meconium contained any amount of a controlled substance as defined in subsection (f) of Section 102 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or a metabolite of a controlled substance, with the exception of controlled substances or metabolites of such substances, the presence of which in the newborn infant was the result of medical treatment administered to the mother or the newborn infant, and that the biological mother of this child is the biological mother of at least one other child who was adjudicated a neglected minor under subsection (c) of Section 2-3 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, after which the biological mother had the opportunity to enroll in and participate in a clinically appropriate substance abuse counseling, treatment, and rehabilitation program.
- E. "Parent" means the father or mother of a lawful child of the parties or child born out of wedlock. For the purpose of this Act, a person who has executed a final and irrevocable consent to adoption or a final and irrevocable surrender for purposes of adoption, or whose parental rights have been terminated by a court, is not a parent of the child who was the subject of the consent or surrender, unless the consent is void pursuant to subsection O of Section 10.
  - F. A person is available for adoption when the person is:
    - (a) a child who has been surrendered for adoption to an agency and to whose adoption the agency has thereafter consented;
  - (b) a child to whose adoption a person authorized by law, other than his parents, has consented, or to whose adoption no consent is required pursuant to Section 8 of this Act;
    - (c) a child who is in the custody of persons who intend to adopt him through placement made by his parents;
    - (c-1) a child for whom a parent has signed a specific consent pursuant to subsection O of Section 10;
    - (d) an adult who meets the conditions set forth in Section 3 of this Act; or
  - (e) a child who has been relinquished as defined in Section 10 of the Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act.

A person who would otherwise be available for adoption shall not be deemed unavailable for adoption solely by reason of his or her death.

- G. The singular includes the plural and the plural includes the singular and the "male" includes the "female", as the context of this Act may require.
- H. "Adoption disruption" occurs when an adoptive placement does not prove successful and it becomes necessary for the child to be removed from placement before the adoption is finalized.
- I. "Foreign placing agency" is an agency or individual operating in a country or territory outside the United States that is authorized by its country to place children for adoption either directly with families in the United States or through United States based international agencies.
- J. "Immediate relatives" means the biological parents, the parents of the biological parents and siblings of the biological parents.
  - K. "Intercountry adoption" is a process by which a child from a country other than the United States is

adopted.

- L. "Intercountry Adoption Coordinator" is a staff person of the Department of Children and Family Services appointed by the Director to coordinate the provision of services by the public and private sector to prospective parents of foreign-born children.
- M. "Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children" is a law enacted by most states for the purpose of establishing uniform procedures for handling the interstate placement of children in foster homes, adoptive homes, or other child care facilities.
- N. "Non-Compact state" means a state that has not enacted the Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children.
- O. "Preadoption requirements" are any conditions established by the laws or regulations of the Federal Government or of each state that must be met prior to the placement of a child in an adoptive home.
- P. "Abused child" means a child whose parent or immediate family member, or any person responsible for the child's welfare, or any individual residing in the same home as the child, or a paramour of the child's parent:
  - (a) inflicts, causes to be inflicted, or allows to be inflicted upon the child physical injury, by other than accidental means, that causes death, disfigurement, impairment of physical or emotional health, or loss or impairment of any bodily function;
  - (b) creates a substantial risk of physical injury to the child by other than accidental means which would be likely to cause death, disfigurement, impairment of physical or emotional health, or loss or impairment of any bodily function;
  - (c) commits or allows to be committed any sex offense against the child, as sex offenses are defined in the Criminal Code of 1961 and extending those definitions of sex offenses to include children under 18 years of age;
    - (d) commits or allows to be committed an act or acts of torture upon the child; or
    - (e) inflicts excessive corporal punishment; or
- (f) commits or allows to be committed aggravated participation in methamphetamine manufacturing in violation of subdivision (b)(1)(B) of Section 15 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, where the child was the child who resided or was present at the place where the methamphetamine was manufactured or who was endangered by the manufacture of the methamphetamine.
- Q. "Neglected child" means any child whose parent or other person responsible for the child's welfare withholds or denies nourishment or medically indicated treatment including food or care denied solely on the basis of the present or anticipated mental or physical impairment as determined by a physician acting alone or in consultation with other physicians or otherwise does not provide the proper or necessary support, education as required by law, or medical or other remedial care recognized under State law as necessary for a child's well-being, or other care necessary for his or her well-being, including adequate food, clothing and shelter; or who is abandoned by his or her parents or other person responsible for the child's welfare.

A child shall not be considered neglected or abused for the sole reason that the child's parent or other person responsible for his or her welfare depends upon spiritual means through prayer alone for the treatment or cure of disease or remedial care as provided under Section 4 of the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act. A child shall not be considered neglected or abused for the sole reason that the child's parent or other person responsible for the child's welfare failed to vaccinate, delayed vaccination, or refused vaccination for the child due to a waiver on religious or medical grounds as permitted by law.

- R. "Putative father" means a man who may be a child's father, but who (1) is not married to the child's mother on or before the date that the child was or is to be born and (2) has not established paternity of the child in a court proceeding before the filing of a petition for the adoption of the child. The term includes a male who is less than 18 years of age. "Putative father" does not mean a man who is the child's father as a result of criminal sexual abuse or assault as defined under Article 12 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- S. "Standby adoption" means an adoption in which a parent consents to custody and termination of parental rights to become effective upon the occurrence of a future event, which is either the death of the parent or the request of the parent for the entry of a final judgment of adoption.

T (Blank)

(Source: P.A. 93-732, eff. 1-1-05; 94-229, eff. 1-1-06; 94-563, eff. 1-1-06; 94-939, eff. 1-1-07.)".

AMENDMENT NO. <u>3</u>. Amend House Bill 4927, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of House Amendment No. 2, on page 2, by inserting immediately below line 13 the following: "Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or

agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and on page 5, by inserting immediately below line 18 the following:

"(5) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and

on page 22, by inserting immediately below line 14 the following:

"Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."

The foregoing motions prevailed and Amendments numbered 2 and 3 were adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendments numbered 1, 2 and 3 were ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

HOUSE BILL 4758. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time. The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Gaming, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 4758 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Illinois State Fairgrounds Racetrack Authority Act. Section 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

"Authority" means the Illinois State Fairgrounds Racetrack Authority created by this Act.

"Racing contractor" means any person or entity selected by the Authority and approved by the Illinois

Racing Board to manage and operate the race meets and racing facility within the Illinois State Fairgrounds pursuant to a contract.

"Executive director" means the person appointed by the Board to oversee the daily operations of the Authority.

Section 10. Creation of the Authority. There is hereby created a political subdivision, unit of local government with only the powers authorized by law, body politic, and municipal corporation, by the name and style of the Illinois State Fairgrounds Racetrack Authority.

Section 15. Duties of the Authority. It shall be the duty of the Authority to promote, operate, and maintain horse racing operations through a racing contractor in the Illinois State Fairgrounds as provided in this Act. The Authority shall equip and maintain the fairgrounds and its buildings and facilities for that purpose. The Authority has the right to contract with a racing contractor and other third parties in order to fulfill its purpose. The Authority is granted all rights and powers necessary to perform such duties.

Section 20. Board.

- (a) The governing and administrative powers of the Authority is vested in a body consisting of 7 members, 2 of which shall be appointed by the Chairman of the Sangamon County Board with the advice and consent of the Sangamon County Board, one of whom is appointed for an initial term of one year, and one of whom is appointed for an initial term of 3 years; 2 of which shall be appointed by the Mayor of the City of Springfield with the advice and consent of the city council, one of whom is appointed for an initial term of one year, and one of whom is appointed for an initial term of 3 years; 2 of which shall be appointed by the Director of the Department of Agriculture, one for an initial term of one year and one for an initial term of 3 years; and one of which shall be appointed by the Chairman of the Sangamon County Emergency Telephone Systems Board for an initial term of 3 years. All appointees shall be subject to approval by the Illinois Racing Board. The Chairman of the Authority shall be elected annually by the Board.
- (b) All successors shall hold office for a term of 5 years, except in the case of an appointment to fill a vacancy. Each member, including the chairperson, shall hold office until the expiration of his or her term and until his or her successor is appointed and qualified. Nothing shall preclude a member from serving consecutive terms. Any member may resign from office, to take effect when a successor has been appointed and qualified. A vacancy in office shall occur in the case of a member's death or indictment, conviction, or plea of guilty to a felony. A vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term with the approval of the Illinois Racing Board.
- (c) The appointing officer or the Illinois Racing Board may remove any member of the Board upon a finding of incompetence, neglect of duty, or misfeasance or malfeasance in office or for a violation of this Act. The Illinois Racing Board may remove any member of the Board for any violation of the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 or the rules and regulations of the Illinois Racing Board.
- (d) Board members shall receive \$300 for each day it meets and shall be entitled to reimbursement of reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties. A Board member who serves in the office of secretary-treasurer may also receive compensation for services provided as that officer.
- (e) The Board shall prescribe the time and place for meetings, the manner in which special meetings may be called, and the notice that must be given to members. All actions and meetings of the Board shall be subject to the provisions of the Open Meetings Act. Four members of the Board shall constitute a quorum. All substantive action of the Board shall be by resolution with an affirmative vote of a majority of the members.

Section 25. Executive director; officers.

- (a) The Authority shall appoint an executive director, after the completion of a background investigation and approval by the Illinois Racing Board, who shall be the chief executive officer of the Authority. The Board shall fix the compensation of the executive director. Subject to the general control of the Board, the executive director shall be responsible for the management of the business, properties, and employees of the Authority. The executive director shall direct the enforcement of all resolutions, rules, and regulations of the Board, and shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed from time to time by the Board. All employees and independent contractors, consultants, engineers, architects, accountants, attorneys, financial experts, construction experts and personnel, superintendents, managers, and other personnel appointed or employed pursuant to this Act shall report to the executive director. In addition to any other duties set forth in this Act, the executive director shall do all of the following:
  - (1) Direct and supervise the administrative affairs and activities of the Authority in accordance with its rules, regulations, and policies.
  - (2) Attend meetings of the Board.
  - (3) Keep minutes of all proceedings of the Board.

- (4) Approve all accounts for salaries, per diem payments, and allowable expenses of the Board and its employees and consultants.
- (5) Report and make recommendations to the Board concerning the terms and conditions of any contract with a horse racing contractor.
- (6) Perform any other duty that the Board requires for carrying out the provisions of this Act.
- (7) Devote his or her full time to the duties of the office and not hold any other office or employment.
- (b) The Board may select a secretary-treasurer to hold office at the pleasure of the Board. The Board shall fix the duties of such officer.

Section 30. General rights and powers of the Authority. In addition to the duties and powers set forth in this Act, the Authority shall have the following rights and powers:

- (1) Transition the conduct of horse racing at the Illinois State Fairgrounds from an annual race meeting that is contained within the duration of the Illinois State Fair to an annual standardbred race meeting that lasts from 3 to 9 months, depending on funding and market conditions.
  - (2) Adopt and alter an official seal.
  - (3) Establish and change its fiscal year.
  - (4) Sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, all in its own name, and agree to binding arbitration of any dispute to which it is a party.
  - (5) Adopt, amend, and repeal by-laws, rules, and regulations consistent with the furtherance of the powers and duties provided for.
  - (6) Maintain its principal office and such other offices as the Board may designate.
  - (7) Conduct background investigations of potential racing contractors, including its principals or shareholders, and Authority staff.
- (8) Employ, either as regular employees or independent contractors, consultants, engineers, architects, accountants, attorneys, financial experts, construction experts and personnel, superintendents, managers and other professional personnel, and such other personnel as may be necessary in the judgment of the Board, and fix their compensation.
  - (9) Operate and maintain grounds, buildings, and facilities to carry out its corporate purposes and duties.
  - (10) Enter into, revoke, and modify contracts.
  - (11) Enter into a contract with a racing contractor.
  - (12) Develop, or cause to be developed by a third party, a master plan for development of horse racing at the Illinois State Fairgrounds.
- (13) Negotiate and enter into intergovernmental agreements with the State and its agencies and units of local government in furtherance of the powers and duties of the Board, including with the Department of Agriculture for the use of facilities in compliance with the State Fair Act.
  - (14) Receive and disburse funds for its own corporate purposes or as otherwise specified in this Act.
- (15) Borrow money from any source, public or private, for any corporate purpose, including, without limitation, working capital for its operations, reserve funds, or payment of interest, and to mortgage, pledge, or otherwise encumber the property or funds of the Authority and to contract with or engage the services of any person in connection with any financing, including financial institutions, issuers of letters of credit, or insurers and enter into reimbursement agreements with this person or entity which may be secured as if money were borrowed from the person or entity.
  - (16) Receive and accept from any source, private or public, contributions, gifts, or grants of money or property to the Authority.
- (17) Provide for the insurance of any property, operations, officers, members, agents, or employees of the Authority against any risk or hazard, to self-insure or participate in joint self-insurance pools or entities to insure against such risk or hazard, and to provide for the indemnification of its officers, members, employees, contractors, or agents against any and all risks.
- (18) Exercise all the corporate powers granted Illinois corporations under the Business Corporation Act of 1983, except to the extent that powers are inconsistent with those of a body politic and corporate of the State.
- (19) Do all things necessary or convenient to carry out the powers granted by this Act. Section 35. Contracts with racing contractors.
- (a) The Board shall develop and administer a competitive sealed bidding process for the selection of a

potential racing contractor to develop or operate horse racing at the Illinois State Fairgrounds. The Board shall issue one or more requests for proposals. The Board may establish minimum financial and investment requirements to determine the eligibility of persons to respond to the Board's requests for proposal, and may establish and consider such other criteria as it deems appropriate. The Board may impose a fee upon persons who respond to requests for proposal, in order to reimburse the Board for its costs in preparing and issuing the requests and reviewing the proposals.

- (b) The Board may enter into contracts for the development of horse racing at the Illinois State Fairgrounds, provided that no such contract shall encumber the Department of Agriculture.
- (c) Within 5 days after the time limit for submitting bids and proposals has passed, the Board shall make all bids and proposals public. Thereafter, the Board shall evaluate the responses to its requests for proposal and the ability of all persons or entities responding to its request for proposal to meet the requirements of this Act and to undertake and perform the obligations set forth in its requests for proposal.
- (d) After reviewing proposals and subject to approval by the Illinois Racing Board, the Board shall enter into a contract. If the Illinois Racing Board approves the contract, the Board shall transmit a copy of the executed contract to the Illinois Racing Board.
- (e) Any contract entered into by the Authority under this Section after electronic gaming is authorized at the Illinois State Fairgrounds under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 and the Riverboat Gambling Act (i) may not be for a term of less than 10 or more than 20 years and (ii) shall require the racing contractor to make a payment before the racing contractor may begin conducting electronic gaming at the Illinois State Fairgrounds in an amount of at least 50% of the present value of any total compensation expected to be paid by the racing contractor to the Authority and the amount paid shall be discounted from future payments made by the racing contractor to the Authority. Any payment received by the Authority under this subsection (e) must be distributed as follows: 66 2/3% shall be paid to the Department of Agriculture for deposit into the State Fairgrounds Infrastructure Improvement Fund and 33 1/3% shall be paid to the Sangamon County Central Dispatch System.

Section 37. Relationship with Illinois Racing Board. The Authority and its racing contractor are subject to all of the rules of the Illinois Racing Board adopted under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975.

Section 40. Transfer of funds. The revenues received by the Authority (other than amounts required to be paid pursuant to the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 and amounts required to pay the operating expenses of the Authority, to pay amounts due the racing contractor pursuant to a contract, and to repay any borrowing of the Authority made pursuant to Section 30) shall be transferred to the General Revenue Fund.

Section 45. Jurisdiction over property. The Authority shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the Department of Agriculture over all of the real estate of the Illinois State Fairgrounds that is used for horse racing, including those facilities commonly known as "one-mile track" and adjacent backstretch infrastructure; however, when it is necessary to have controlling jurisdiction over the operation of the property to obey a mandate of the Illinois Racing Board, the Authority shall have controlling jurisdiction, except that no such compliance by the Authority to any mandate imposed by the Racing Board shall impose any budgetary expense upon the Department of Agriculture. No substantial changes may be made to the infrastructure of the Illinois State Fairgrounds unless the Director of Agriculture grants affirmative approval for the changes.

Section 50. Budgets and reporting.

- (a) The Board shall annually adopt a budget for each fiscal year. The budget may be modified from time to time in the same manner and upon the same vote as it may be adopted. The budget shall include the Authority's available funds and estimated revenues and shall provide for payment of its obligations and estimated expenditures for the fiscal year, including, without limitation, expenditures for administration, operation, maintenance and repairs, debt service, and deposits into reserve and other funds and capital projects.
- (b) The Board shall annually cause the finances of the Authority to be audited by a firm of certified public accountants and post the firm's audits of the Authority on the Authority's Internet website. The Auditor General has the authority and is required to conduct a financial and management audit of the Authority every 2 years. The Auditor General's audits must be posted on his or her Internet website. The Auditor General shall submit a bill to the Authority for costs associated with the audits required under this Section. The Authority shall reimburse in a timely manner.
- (c) The Board shall, for each fiscal year, prepare an annual report setting forth information concerning its activities in the fiscal year. The annual report shall include the audited financial statements of the Authority for the fiscal year, the budget for the succeeding fiscal year, and the current capital plan as of the date of the

report. Copies of the annual report shall be made available to persons who request them and shall be submitted not later than 120 days after the end of the Authority's fiscal year to the Governor, the Mayor, the General Assembly, and the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability.

Section 55. Deposit and withdrawal of funds.

(a) All funds deposited by the Authority in any bank or savings and loan association shall be placed in the name of the Authority and shall be withdrawn or paid out only by check or draft upon the bank or savings and loan association, signed by 2 officers or employees designated by the Board. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, the Board may designate any of its members or any officer or employee of the Authority to authorize the wire transfer of funds deposited by the secretary-treasurer of funds in a bank or savings and loan association for the payment of payroll and employee benefits-related expenses.

No bank or savings and loan association shall receive public funds as permitted by this Section unless it has complied with the requirements established pursuant to Section 6 of the Public Funds Investment Act.

(b) If any officer or employee whose signature appears upon any check or draft issued pursuant to this Act ceases (after attaching his signature) to hold his or her office before the delivery of such a check or draft to the payee, his or her signature shall nevertheless be valid and sufficient for all purposes with the same effect as if he or she had remained in office until delivery thereof.

Section 60. Contracts with the Authority; disclosure requirements.

- (a) A bidder, offeror, or contractor must disclose the names of all officers and directors. A bidder, offeror, or contractor for contracts with the Authority shall disclose the identity of every owner, beneficiary, or person with beneficial interest of more than 1%, or shareholder entitled to receive more than 1% of the total distributable income of any corporation, having any interest in the contract in the bidder, offeror, or contractor. The disclosure shall be in writing and attested to by an owner, trustee, corporate official, or agent. If stock in a corporation is publicly traded and there is no readily known individual having greater than a 1% interest, then a statement to that affect attested to by an officer or agent of the corporation or shall fulfill the disclosure statement requirement of this Section. A bidder, offeror, or contractor shall notify the Authority of any changes in officers, directors, ownership, or individuals having a beneficial interest of more than 1%.
- (b) A bidder, offeror, or contractor for contracts with an annual value of \$10,000 or for a period to exceed one year shall disclose all political contributions of the bidder, offeror, or contractor and any affiliated person or entity. Disclosure shall include at least the names and addresses of the contributors and the dollar amounts of any contributions to any political committee made within the previous 2 years.
  - (c) As used in this Section:
  - "Contribution" means contribution as defined in Section 9-1.4 the Election Code.
- "Affiliated person" means (i) any person with any ownership interest or distributive share of the bidding or contracting entity in excess of 1%, (ii) executive employees of the bidding or contracting entity, and (iii) the spouse and minor children of any such persons.
- "Affiliated entity" means (i) any parent or subsidiary of the bidding or contracting entity, (ii) any member of the same unitary business group, or (iii) any political committee for which the bidding or contracting entity is the sponsoring entity.
- (d) The Illinois Racing Board may direct the Authority to void a contract if a violation of this Section occurs.

Section 65. Purchasing.

- (a) All construction contracts and contracts for supplies, materials, equipment, and services, when the cost thereof to the Authority exceeds \$25,000, shall be let to the lowest responsible bidder, after advertising for bids, except for the following:
  - (1) When repair parts, accessories, equipment, or services are required for equipment or services previously furnished or contracted for;
  - (2) Professional services;
  - (3) When services such as water, light, heat, power, telephone (other than long-distance service), or telegraph are required;
  - (4) When contracts for the use, purchase, delivery, movement, or installation of data processing equipment, software, or services and telecommunications equipment, software, and services are required:
    - (5) Contracts with a racing contractor, which shall be awarded as set forth in Section 35 of this Act.
- (b) All contracts involving less than \$25,000 shall be let by competitive bidding whenever possible, and in any event in a manner calculated to ensure the best interests of the public.

- (c) In determining the responsibility of any bidder, the Authority may take into account the bidder's (or an individual having a beneficial interest, directly or indirectly, of more than 1% in such bidding entity) past record of dealings with the Authority, the bidder's experience, adequacy of equipment, and ability to complete performance within the time set, and other factors besides financial responsibility. No such contract shall be awarded to any bidder other than the lowest bidder (in case of purchase or expenditure) unless authorized or approved by a vote of at least 4 members of the Board and such action is accompanied by a written statement setting forth the reasons for not awarding the contract to the highest or lowest bidder, as the case may be. The statement shall be kept on file in the principal office of the Authority and open to public inspection.
- (d) The Authority shall have the right to reject all bids and to re-advertise for bids. If after any such re-advertisement, no responsible and satisfactory bid, within the terms of the re-advertisement, is received, the Authority may award such contract without competitive bidding, provided that the Illinois Racing Board must approve the contract prior to its execution. The contract must not be less advantageous to the Authority than any valid bid received pursuant to advertisement.
- (e) Advertisements for bids and re-bids shall be published at least once in a daily newspaper of general circulation published in the City of Springfield at least 10 calendar days before the time for receiving bids, and such advertisements shall also be posted on readily accessible bulletin boards in the principal office of the Authority. Such advertisements shall state the time and place for receiving and opening of bids and, by reference to plans and specifications on file at the time of the first publication or in the advertisement itself, shall describe the character of the proposed contract in sufficient detail to fully advise prospective bidders of their obligations and to ensure free and open competitive bidding.
- (f) All bids in response to advertisements shall be sealed and shall be publicly opened by the Authority. All bidders shall be entitled to be present in person or by representatives. Cash or a certified or satisfactory cashier's check, as a deposit of good faith, in a reasonable amount to be fixed by the Authority before advertising for bids, shall be required with the proposal of each bidder. A bond for faithful performance of the contract with surety or sureties satisfactory to the Authority and adequate insurance may be required in reasonable amounts to be fixed by the Authority before advertising for bids.
- (g) The contract shall be awarded as promptly as possible after the opening of bids. The bid of the successful bidder, as well as the bids of the unsuccessful bidders, shall be placed on file and be open to public inspection. All bids shall be void if any disclosure of the terms of any bid in response to an advertisement is made or permitted to be made by the Authority before the time fixed for opening bids.
- (h) Notice of each and every contract that is offered, including renegotiated contracts and change orders, shall be published in an online bulletin. The online bulletin must include at least the date first offered, the date submission of offers is due, the location that offers are to be submitted to, a brief purchase description, the method of source selection, information of how to obtain a comprehensive purchase description and any disclosure and contract forms, and encouragement to prospective vendors to hire qualified veterans, as defined by Section 45-67 of the Illinois Procurement Code, and Illinois residents discharged from any Illinois adult correctional center. Notice of each and every contract that is let or awarded, including renegotiated contracts and change orders, shall be published in the online bulletin and must include at least all of the information specified in this item (j), as well as the name of the successful responsible bidder or offeror, the contract price, and the number of unsuccessful responsive bidders and any other disclosure specified in this Section. This notice must be posted in the online electronic bulletin prior to execution of the contract.

Section 70. No authority to make or promulgate rules. Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this Act. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this Act, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this Act shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Act, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

Section 900. The State Fair Act is amended by changing Sections 10 and 12 as follows:

(20 ILCS 210/10) (from Ch. 127, par. 1710)

Sec. 10. The Department may enter into contracts with other government agencies to assist them in the operation of each State Fair and the State Fairgrounds as well as the requirements set forth in Section 9 of this Act.

The Department may cooperate with any other local, State or federal agency in the furtherance of the intent of this Act.

The Department may receive and use any donation either from the private or public sectors which is for betterment of each State Fair and the State Fairgrounds.

All revenues from the operation and use of any facilities of the Illinois State Fair at Springfield and the Springfield State Fairgrounds, other than revenues from horse racing conducted at the Springfield State Fairgrounds by the Illinois State Fairgrounds Racetrack Authority, shall be deposited in the Illinois State Fair Fund. All revenues from the operation and use of any facilities of the DuQuoin State Fair and the DuQuoin State Fairgrounds shall be deposited into the Agricultural Premium Fund. All funds in the Illinois State Fair Fund shall be used by the Department of Agriculture in accordance with appropriation by the General Assembly for operation of the Illinois State Fair.

Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

(Source: P.A. 88-5.)

(20 ILCS 210/12) (from Ch. 127, par. 1712)

Sec. 12. The Department shall have the power to promulgate rules and regulations, pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, governing the holding of each State Fair, the operation of the State Fairgrounds, the conditions under which racing shall be permitted on the State Fairgrounds, the policy for policing the grounds, and such other reasonable rules and regulations as are necessary to carry out the intent of the Act. However, the Department shall not be required to promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act concerning those operations stated in subsections (b) and (c) of Section 6 of this Act. Instead, the requirements set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of Section 6 must be followed.

Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

(Source: P.A. 93-1055, eff. 11-23-04.)

Section 905. The State Finance Act is amended by adding Sections 5.708 and 6z-80 as follows: (30 ILCS 105/5.708 new)

Sec. 5.708. The State Fairgrounds Infrastructure Improvement Fund.

(30 ILCS 105/6z-80 new)

Sec. 6z-80. The State Fairgrounds Infrastructure Improvement Fund. There is created the State Fairgrounds Infrastructure Improvement Fund, a special fund in the State treasury. Moneys in the Fund may be used by the Department of Agriculture solely for infrastructure improvements to the Illinois State Fairgrounds in Sangamon County. The State Fairgrounds Infrastructure Improvement Fund is not subject to sweeps, administrative charge-backs, including but not limited to, those authorized under Section 8h of the State Finance Act, or any other fiscal or budgetary maneuver that would in any way transfer any funds from the Fund into any other fund of the State.

Section 910. The Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 is amended by changing Section 9 as follows: (230 ILCS 5/9) (from Ch. 8, par. 37-9)

- Sec. 9. The Board shall have all powers necessary and proper to fully and effectively execute the provisions of this Act, including, but not limited to, the following:
- (a) The Board is vested with jurisdiction and supervision over all race meetings in this State, over all licensees doing business in this State, over all occupation licensees, and over all persons on the facilities of any licensee. Such jurisdiction shall include the power to issue licenses to the Illinois Department of Agriculture authorizing the pari-mutuel system of wagering on harness and Quarter Horse races held (1) at the Illinois State Fair in Sangamon County, and (2) at the DuQuoin State Fair in Perry County. The jurisdiction of the Board shall also include the power to issue licenses to county fairs which are eligible to receive funds pursuant to the Agricultural Fair Act, as now or hereafter amended, or their agents, authorizing the pari-mutuel system of wagering on horse races conducted at the county fairs receiving such licenses. Such licenses shall be governed by subsection (n) of this Section.

Upon application, the Board shall issue a license to the Illinois Department of Agriculture to conduct harness and Quarter Horse races at the Illinois State Fair and at the DuQuoin State Fairgrounds during the scheduled dates of each fair. The Board shall not require and the Department of Agriculture shall be exempt from the requirements of Sections 15.3, 18 and 19, paragraphs (a)(2), (b), (c), (d), (e), (e-5), (e-10), (f), (g), and (h) of Section 20, and Sections 21, 24 and 25. The Board and the Department of Agriculture may extend any or all of these exemptions to any contractor or agent engaged by the Department of Agriculture to conduct its race meetings when the Board determines that this would best serve the public interest and the interest of horse racing.

Upon application, the Board shall issue a license to the Illinois State Fairgrounds Racetrack Authority authorizing the pari-mutuel system of wagering on live harness and Quarter Horse races, inter-track wagering, simulcast wagering, and advanced deposit wagering (if otherwise authorized by law) through a racing contractor, as that term is defined in the Illinois State Fairgrounds Racetrack Authority Act, for up 9 months of each year at the Illinois State Fairgrounds in Sangamon County. Revenues received by the Board from this license shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, it shall be lawful for any licensee to operate pari-mutuel wagering or contract with the Department of Agriculture to operate pari-mutuel wagering at the DuQuoin State Fairgrounds or for the Department to enter into contracts with a licensee, employ its owners, employees or agents and employ such other occupation licensees as the Department deems necessary in connection with race meetings and wagerings.

- (b) The Board is vested with the full power to promulgate reasonable rules and regulations for the purpose of administering the provisions of this Act and to prescribe reasonable rules, regulations and conditions under which all horse race meetings or wagering in the State shall be conducted. Such reasonable rules and regulations are to provide for the prevention of practices detrimental to the public interest and to promote the best interests of horse racing and to impose penalties for violations thereof.
- (c) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it delegates this power, is vested with the power to enter the facilities and other places of business of any licensee to determine whether there has been compliance with the provisions of this Act and its rules and regulations.
- (d) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it delegates this power, is vested with the authority to investigate alleged violations of the provisions of this Act, its reasonable rules and regulations, orders and final decisions; the Board shall take appropriate disciplinary action against any licensee or occupation licensee for violation thereof or institute appropriate legal action for the enforcement thereof.
- (e) The Board, and any person or persons to whom it delegates this power, may eject or exclude from any race meeting or the facilities of any licensee, or any part thereof, any occupation licensee or any other individual whose conduct or reputation is such that his presence on those facilities may, in the opinion of the Board, call into question the honesty and integrity of horse racing or wagering or interfere with the orderly conduct of horse racing or wagering; provided, however, that no person shall be excluded or ejected

from the facilities of any licensee solely on the grounds of race, color, creed, national origin, ancestry, or sex. The power to eject or exclude an occupation licensee or other individual may be exercised for just cause by the licensee or the Board, subject to subsequent hearing by the Board as to the propriety of said exclusion.

- (f) The Board is vested with the power to acquire, establish, maintain and operate (or provide by contract to maintain and operate) testing laboratories and related facilities, for the purpose of conducting saliva, blood, urine and other tests on the horses run or to be run in any horse race meeting and to purchase all equipment and supplies deemed necessary or desirable in connection with any such testing laboratories and related facilities and all such tests.
- (g) The Board may require that the records, including financial or other statements of any licensee or any person affiliated with the licensee who is involved directly or indirectly in the activities of any licensee as regulated under this Act to the extent that those financial or other statements relate to such activities be kept in such manner as prescribed by the Board, and that Board employees shall have access to those records during reasonable business hours. Within 120 days of the end of its fiscal year, each licensee shall transmit to the Board an audit of the financial transactions and condition of the licensee's total operations. All audits shall be conducted by certified public accountants. Each certified public accountant must be registered in the State of Illinois under the Illinois Public Accounting Act. The compensation for each certified public accountant shall be paid directly by the licensee to the certified public accountant. A licensee shall also submit any other financial or related information the Board deems necessary to effectively administer this Act and all rules, regulations, and final decisions promulgated under this Act.
- (h) The Board shall name and appoint in the manner provided by the rules and regulations of the Board: an Executive Director; a State director of mutuels; Illinois Racing Board State veterinarians and representatives to take saliva, blood, urine and other tests on horses; licensing personnel; revenue inspectors; and State seasonal employees (excluding admission ticket sellers and mutuel clerks). All of those named and appointed as provided in this subsection shall serve during the pleasure of the Board; their compensation shall be determined by the Board and be paid in the same manner as other employees of the Board under this Act.
- (i) The Board shall require that there shall be 3 stewards at each horse race meeting, at least 2 of whom shall be named and appointed by the Board. Stewards appointed or approved by the Board, while performing duties required by this Act or by the Board, shall be entitled to the same rights and immunities as granted to Board members and Board employees in Section 10 of this Act.
- (j) The Board may discharge any Board employee who fails or refuses for any reason to comply with the rules and regulations of the Board, or who, in the opinion of the Board, is guilty of fraud, dishonesty or who is proven to be incompetent. The Board shall have no right or power to determine who shall be officers, directors or employees of any licensee, or their salaries except the Board may, by rule, require that all or any officials or employees in charge of or whose duties relate to the actual running of races be approved by the Board.
- (k) The Board is vested with the power to appoint delegates to execute any of the powers granted to it under this Section for the purpose of administering this Act and any rules or regulations promulgated in accordance with this Act.
- (1) The Board is vested with the power to impose civil penalties of up to \$5,000 against an individual and up to \$10,000 against a licensee for each violation of any provision of this Act, any rules adopted by the Board, any order of the Board or any other action which, in the Board's discretion, is a detriment or impediment to horse racing or wagering.
- (m) The Board is vested with the power to prescribe a form to be used by licensees as an application for employment for employees of each licensee.
- (n) The Board shall have the power to issue a license to any county fair, or its agent, authorizing the conduct of the pari-mutuel system of wagering. The Board is vested with the full power to promulgate reasonable rules, regulations and conditions under which all horse race meetings licensed pursuant to this subsection shall be held and conducted, including rules, regulations and conditions for the conduct of the pari-mutuel system of wagering. The rules, regulations and conditions shall provide for the prevention of practices detrimental to the public interest and for the best interests of horse racing, and shall prescribe penalties for violations thereof. Any authority granted the Board under this Act shall extend to its jurisdiction and supervision over county fairs, or their agents, licensed pursuant to this subsection. However, the Board may waive any provision of this Act or its rules or regulations which would otherwise apply to such county fairs or their agents.
  - (o) Whenever the Board is authorized or required by law to consider some aspect of criminal history

record information for the purpose of carrying out its statutory powers and responsibilities, then, upon request and payment of fees in conformance with the requirements of Section 2605-400 of the Department of State Police Law (20 ILCS 2605/2605-400), the Department of State Police is authorized to furnish, pursuant to positive identification, such information contained in State files as is necessary to fulfill the request.

(p) To insure the convenience, comfort, and wagering accessibility of race track patrons, to provide for the maximization of State revenue, and to generate increases in purse allotments to the horsemen, the Board shall require any licensee to staff the pari-mutuel department with adequate personnel.

Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

(Source: P.A. 91-239, eff. 1-1-00.)

Section 915. The Riverboat Gambling Act is amended by changing Section 13 as follows:

(230 ILCS 10/13) (from Ch. 120, par. 2413)

Sec. 13. Wagering tax; rate; distribution.

- (a) Until January 1, 1998, a tax is imposed on the adjusted gross receipts received from gambling games authorized under this Act at the rate of 20%.
- (a-1) From January 1, 1998 until July 1, 2002, a privilege tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting riverboat gambling operations, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by a licensed owner from gambling games authorized under this Act at the following rates:

15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and including \$25,000,000;

20% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;

25% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;

30% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;

35% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$100,000,000.

(a-2) From July 1, 2002 until July 1, 2003, a privilege tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting riverboat gambling operations, other than licensed managers conducting riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the State, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by a licensed owner from gambling games authorized under this Act at the following rates:

15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and including \$25,000,000;

22.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;

27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;

32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;

37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$150,000,000;

45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$200,000,000;

50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$200,000,000.

(a-3) Beginning July 1, 2003, a privilege tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting riverboat gambling operations, other than licensed managers conducting riverboat gambling

operations on behalf of the State, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by a licensed owner from gambling games authorized under this Act at the following rates:

15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and including \$25,000,000;

27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$37,500,000;

32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$37,500,000 but not exceeding \$50.000.000:

37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;

45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000:

50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$250,000,000;

70% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$250,000,000.

An amount equal to the amount of wagering taxes collected under this subsection (a-3) that are in addition to the amount of wagering taxes that would have been collected if the wagering tax rates under subsection (a-2) were in effect shall be paid into the Common School Fund.

The privilege tax imposed under this subsection (a-3) shall no longer be imposed beginning on the earlier of (i) July 1, 2005; (ii) the first date after June 20, 2003 that riverboat gambling operations are conducted pursuant to a dormant license; or (iii) the first day that riverboat gambling operations are conducted under the authority of an owners license that is in addition to the 10 owners licenses initially authorized under this Act. For the purposes of this subsection (a-3), the term "dormant license" means an owners license that is authorized by this Act under which no riverboat gambling operations are being conducted on June 20, 2003

(a-4) Beginning on the first day on which the tax imposed under subsection (a-3) is no longer imposed, a privilege tax is imposed on persons engaged in the business of conducting riverboat gambling operations, other than licensed managers conducting riverboat gambling operations on behalf of the State, based on the adjusted gross receipts received by a licensed owner from gambling games authorized under this Act at the following rates:

15% of annual adjusted gross receipts up to and including \$25,000,000;

22.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$25,000,000 but not exceeding \$50,000,000;

27.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$50,000,000 but not exceeding \$75,000,000;

32.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$75,000,000 but not exceeding \$100,000,000;

37.5% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$100,000,000 but not exceeding \$150,000,000;

45% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$150,000,000 but not exceeding \$200,000,000;

50% of annual adjusted gross receipts in excess of \$200,000,000.

(a-8) Riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State are not subject to the tax imposed under this Section.

(a-10) The taxes imposed by this Section shall be paid by the licensed owner to the Board not later than 3:00 o'clock p.m. of the day after the day when the wagers were made.

(a-15) If the privilege tax imposed under subsection (a-3) is no longer imposed pursuant to item (i) of the last paragraph of subsection (a-3), then by June 15 of each year, each owners licensee, other than an owners licensee that admitted 1,000,000 persons or fewer in calendar year 2004, must, in addition to the payment of all amounts otherwise due under this Section, pay to the Board a reconciliation payment in the amount, if any, by which the licensed owner's base amount exceeds the amount of net privilege tax paid by the licensed owner to the Board in the then current State fiscal year. A licensed owner's net privilege tax obligation due for the balance of the State fiscal year shall be reduced up to the total of the amount paid by the licensed owner in its June 15 reconciliation payment. The obligation imposed by this subsection (a-15) is binding on any person, firm, corporation, or other entity that acquires an ownership interest in any such owners license. The obligation imposed under this subsection (a-15) terminates on the earliest of: (i) July 1, 2007, (ii) the first day after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly that riverboat gambling operations are conducted pursuant to a dormant license, (iii) the first day that riverboat

gambling operations are conducted under the authority of an owners license that is in addition to the 10 owners licenses initially authorized under this Act, or (iv) the first day that a licensee under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 conducts gaming operations with slot machines or other electronic gaming devices. The Board must reduce the obligation imposed under this subsection (a-15) by an amount the Board deems reasonable for any of the following reasons: (A) an act or acts of God, (B) an act of bioterrorism or terrorism or terrorism or terrorism threat that was investigated by a law enforcement agency, or (C) a condition beyond the control of the owners licensee that does not result from any act or omission by the owners licensee or any of its agents and that poses a hazardous threat to the health and safety of patrons. If an owners licensee pays an amount in excess of its liability under this Section, the Board shall apply the overpayment to future payments required under this Section.

For purposes of this subsection (a-15):

"Act of God" means an incident caused by the operation of an extraordinary force that cannot be foreseen, that cannot be avoided by the exercise of due care, and for which no person can be held liable.

"Base amount" means the following:

For a riverboat in Alton, \$31,000,000.

For a riverboat in East Peoria, \$43,000,000.

For the Empress riverboat in Joliet, \$86,000,000.

For a riverboat in Metropolis, \$45,000,000.

For the Harrah's riverboat in Joliet, \$114,000,000.

For a riverboat in Aurora, \$86,000,000.

For a riverboat in East St. Louis, \$48,500,000.

For a riverboat in Elgin, \$198,000,000.

"Dormant license" has the meaning ascribed to it in subsection (a-3).

"Net privilege tax" means all privilege taxes paid by a licensed owner to the Board under this Section, less all payments made from the State Gaming Fund pursuant to subsection (b) of this Section.

The changes made to this subsection (a-15) by Public Act 94-839 are intended to restate and clarify the intent of Public Act 94-673 with respect to the amount of the payments required to be made under this subsection by an owners licensee to the Board.

- (b) Until January 1, 1998, 25% of the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section shall be paid, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the unit of local government which is designated as the home dock of the riverboat. Beginning January 1, 1998, from the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund under this Section, an amount equal to 5% of adjusted gross receipts generated by a riverboat shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the unit of local government that is designated as the home dock of the riverboat. From the tax revenue deposited in the State Gaming Fund pursuant to riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State, an amount equal to 5% of adjusted gross receipts generated pursuant to those riverboat gambling operations shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the unit of local government that is designated as the home dock of the riverboat upon which those riverboat gambling operations are conducted.
- (b-5) If electronic gaming is authorized under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 and this Act, then an amount equal to 5% of the adjusted gross receipts of an electronic gaming facility shall be paid monthly, subject to appropriation by the General Assembly, to the unit of local government in which the electronic gaming facility is located, except that, for an electronic gaming facility located at the Illinois State Fairgrounds in Sangamon County, the 5% of adjusted gross receipts shall be paid to the Sangamon County Central Dispatch System to offset operating expenses, with any surplus divided equally between Sangamon County and the City of Springfield.
- (b-10) If electronic gaming is authorized under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 and this Act at the Illinois State Fairgrounds in Sangamon County, then an amount equal to 10% of the adjusted gross receipts of such electronic gaming shall be transferred monthly into the State Fairgrounds Infrastructure Improvement Fund.
- (b-15) If electronic gaming is authorized under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 and this Act under the supervision of the Illinois State Fairgrounds Racetrack Authority, and should the Authority's share of adjusted gross receipts from this gaming and any associated horse racing exceed the Authority's appropriations for any fiscal year, every July 31 following every fiscal year this surplus, if any, shall be divided into equal halves and paid to: (1) Sangamon County, and (2) the City of Springfield.
- (c) Appropriations, as approved by the General Assembly, may be made from the State Gaming Fund to the Department of Revenue and the Department of State Police for the administration and enforcement of

this Act, or to the Department of Human Services for the administration of programs to treat problem gambling.

- (c-5) Before May 26, 2006 (the effective date of Public Act 94-804) and beginning 2 years after May 26, 2006 (the effective date of Public Act 94-804), after the payments required under subsections (b) and (c) have been made, an amount equal to 15% of the adjusted gross receipts of (1) an owners licensee that relocates pursuant to Section 11.2, (2) an owners licensee conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to an owners licensee that is initially issued after June 25, 1999, or (3) the first riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State under Section 7.3, whichever comes first, shall be paid from the State Gaming Fund into the Horse Racing Equity Fund.
- (c-10) Each year the General Assembly shall appropriate from the General Revenue Fund to the Education Assistance Fund an amount equal to the amount paid into the Horse Racing Equity Fund pursuant to subsection (c-5) in the prior calendar year.
- (c-15) After the payments required under subsections (b), (c), and (c-5) have been made, an amount equal to 2% of the adjusted gross receipts of (1) an owners licensee that relocates pursuant to Section 11.2, (2) an owners licensee conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to an owners license that is initially issued after June 25, 1999, or (3) the first riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State under Section 7.3, whichever comes first, shall be paid, subject to appropriation from the General Assembly, from the State Gaming Fund to each home rule county with a population of over 3,000,000 inhabitants for the purpose of enhancing the county's criminal justice system.
- (c-20) Each year the General Assembly shall appropriate from the General Revenue Fund to the Education Assistance Fund an amount equal to the amount paid to each home rule county with a population of over 3,000,000 inhabitants pursuant to subsection (c-15) in the prior calendar year.
- (c-25) After the payments required under subsections (b), (c), (c-5) and (c-15) have been made, an amount equal to 2% of the adjusted gross receipts of (1) an owners licensee that relocates pursuant to Section 11.2, (2) an owners licensee conducting riverboat gambling operations pursuant to an owners license that is initially issued after June 25, 1999, or (3) the first riverboat gambling operations conducted by a licensed manager on behalf of the State under Section 7.3, whichever comes first, shall be paid from the State Gaming Fund to Chicago State University.
- (d) From time to time, the Board shall transfer the remainder of the funds generated by this Act into the Education Assistance Fund, created by Public Act 86-0018, of the State of Illinois.
- (e) Nothing in this Act shall prohibit the unit of local government designated as the home dock of the riverboat from entering into agreements with other units of local government in this State or in other states to share its portion of the tax revenue.
- (f) To the extent practicable, the Board shall administer and collect the wagering taxes imposed by this Section in a manner consistent with the provisions of Sections 4, 5, 5a, 5b, 5c, 5d, 5e, 5f, 5g, 5i, 5j, 6, 6a, 6b, 6c, 8, 9, and 10 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Section 3-7 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.
- (g) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

(Source: P.A. 94-673, eff. 8-23-05; 94-804, eff. 5-26-06; 94-839, eff. 6-6-06; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.) Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

Representative Poe offered the following amendments and moved their adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 4758, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line

numbers of House Amendment No. 1, by deleting line 22 on page 9 through line 12 on page 10; and on page 10, line 14, after "subject to", by inserting "the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975 and"; and on page 10, lines 15 and 16, by deleting "adopted under the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975"; and on page 10, by replacing line 23 with the following:

"shall be distributed as follows: 66 2/3% shall be paid to the Department of Agriculture for deposit into the State Fairgrounds Infrastructure Improvement Fund and 33 1/3% shall be paid to the Sangamon County Central Dispatch System."; and

on page 24, line 10, after "Section 9", by inserting "and by adding Section 9.5"; and

on page 32, immediately below line 17, by inserting the following:

"(230 ILCS 5/9.5 new)

Sec. 9.5. Limitation on location of inter-track wagering facility. In no event shall any inter-track wagering location licensee that derives its license from the Authority operate within 30 miles of the Illinois State Fairgrounds in Sangamon County."; and

by deleting line 18 on page 32 through line 12 on page 44.

AMENDMENT NO. <u>3</u>. Amend House Bill 4758, AS AMENDED, in Section 40, the sentence beginning "The revenues received", by replacing "to the Sangamon County Central Dispatch System" with "into the Sangamon County Dispatch Fund"; and

in Section 905, in the introductory clause, by replacing "5.708 and 6z-80" with "5.710, 5.711, 6z-80, and 6z-81"; and

in Section 905, by replacing Sec. 5.708 with the following:

"(30 ILCS 105/5.710 new)

Sec. 5.710. The State Fairgrounds Infrastructure Improvement Fund.

(30 ILCS 105/5.711 new)

Sec. 5.711. The Sangamon County Dispatch Fund."; and

in Section 905, Sec. 6z-80, the sentence beginning "There is created", by replacing "special fund" with "non-appropriated special fund"; and

in Section 905, immediately below Sec. 6z-80, by inserting the following:

(30 ILCS 105/6z-81 new)

Sec. 6z-81. The Sangamon County Dispatch Fund. There is created the Sangamon County Dispatch Fund, a non-appropriated trust fund held in the State treasury. Moneys in the Fund may be used by the Sangamon County Central Dispatch System solely for general operations. The Sangamon County Dispatch Fund is not subject to sweeps, administrative charge-backs, including but not limited to, those authorized under Section 8h of the State Finance Act, or any other fiscal or budgetary maneuver that would in any way transfer any funds from the Fund into any other fund of the State."; and

in Section 910, Sec. 9, subsec. (a), the paragraph beginning "<u>Upon application</u>,", the sentence beginning "<u>Revenues received</u>", by replacing "<u>the General Revenue Fund</u>" with "<u>the Horse Racing Fund</u>".

The foregoing motions prevailed and Amendments numbered 2 and 3 were adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendments numbered 1, 2 and 3 were ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

HOUSE BILL 5789. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Consumer Protection, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 5789 on page 2, immediately below line 9, by inserting the following:

"Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action

in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was held on the order of Second Reading.

Having been reproduced, the following bill was taken up, read by title a second time and held on the order of Second Reading: HOUSE BILL 5373.

HOUSE BILL 4999. Having been read by title a second time on March 13, 2008, and held on the order of Second Reading, the same was again taken up.

Representative May offered and withdrew Amendment No. 1.

Representative May offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 4999 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing Section 26-3 as follows:

(720 ILCS 5/26-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 26-3)

Sec. 26-3. Use of a facsimile machine in unsolicited advertising or fund-raising.

- (a) Definitions. In this Section:
- (0.5) "Established business relationship" means a prior or existing relationship formed by a voluntary 2-way communication between a person or entity, including associations, and a business or residential subscriber with or without an exchange of consideration, on the basis of an inquiry, application, purchase, or transaction by the business or residential subscriber regarding products, services, or information offered by such person or entity, which relationship has not been previously terminated by either party.
  - (1) "Facsimile machine" means equipment which has the capacity:
- (A) to transcribe text or images, or both, from paper into an electronic signal and to transmit that signal over a regular telephone line, or
- (B) to transcribe text or images, or both, from an electronic signal received over a regular telephone line onto paper a device which is capable of sending or receiving facsimiles of documents through connection with a telecommunications network.
- (2) "Person" means an individual, public or private corporation, unit of government, partnership or unincorporated association, except that for the purposes of subsection (d) of this Section, "person" means any natural person and any corporate or other entity.
  - (3) "Unsolicited advertising" has the same meaning as in 47 U.S.C. 227.
- (b) No person shall knowingly use a facsimile machine to send or cause to be sent to another person a facsimile of a document containing unsolicited advertising or fund-raising material, except to a person which the sender knows or under all of the circumstances reasonably believes has given the sender permission, either on a case by case or continuing basis, for the sending of such material.
- (c) Sentence. Any person who violates subsection (b) is guilty of a petty offense and shall be fined an amount not to exceed \$500.
- (d) Civil remedies. A person who uses or causes the use of a facsimile machine to send unsolicited advertising is liable in a civil action to the recipient, or other person who suffered damages as a result of the violation. The recipient or other person suffering damages may:
  - (1) bring an action to enjoin such violation;
- (2) bring an action to recover actual damages from such a violation or to receive \$1,000 in damages for each such violation, whichever is greater; and
  - (3) in either event (1) or (2) of this subsection (d), recover court costs, attorney's fees, or any other

relief the court deems proper.

- (e) Nothing in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly affects the availability of relief under State or federal law for facsimiles sent prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act.
  - (f) A criminal prosecution or conviction is not a condition of a civil action under this Section.
- (g) Nothing in this Section prohibits the use of a facsimile machine to send unsolicited advertising or fund-raising material if the sender has an established business relationship with the recipient of the facsimile transmission and the recipient is provided a toll-free number to call or email address to contact to be excluded from receiving facsimile transmissions by the sender. However, if the sender continues to send unsolicited advertising or fund-raising material to the recipient after the recipient calls the toll-free number or emails the address provided and requests not to be sent the unsolicited advertising or fund-raising material by the sender and the recipient can document such a request (including method of contact, date, time, person spoken to and promised outcome), the provisions of subsections (b), (c), and (d) of this Section apply. If a business contracts with a national facsimile transmission service to send unsolicited advertising or fund-raising material, the national facsimile transmission service must prove that the sender contracted for such service in order for the sender to be liable for the criminal and civil penalties provided in this Section.

(Source: P.A. 86-555.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 2 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 2 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

HOUSE BILL 5492. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendments were offered in the Committee on Human Services, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 5492 on page 1, after line 3, by inserting the following: "Section 2. The Department of Public Health Powers and Duties Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Section 2310-130 as follows:

(20 ILCS 2310/2310-130) (was 20 ILCS 2310/55.82)

Sec. 2310-130. Medicare or Medicaid certification fee; <u>investigation fee</u>; Health Care Facility and Program Survey Fund. To establish and charge a fee to any facility or program applying to be certified to participate in the Medicare program under Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act or in the Medicaid program under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act to cover the costs associated with the application, inspection, and survey of the facility or program and processing of the application. The Department shall establish the fee by rule, and the fee shall be based only on those application, inspection, and survey and processing costs not reimbursed to the State by the federal government. The fee shall be paid by the facility or program before the application is processed.

To charge a fee to any Freestanding Emergency Center licensed under Section 32.5 of the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act or to any hospital licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act to cover the cost of an investigation of allegations of abuse or neglect of a vulnerable adult conducted under Section 32.6 of the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act or Section 9.6 of the Hospital Licensing Act. The fee shall be paid by the Freestanding Emergency Center or hospital upon the conclusion of the Department's investigation.

The fees received by the Department under this Section shall be deposited into the Health Care Facility and Program Survey Fund, which is hereby created as a special fund in the State treasury. Moneys in the Fund shall be appropriated to the Department and may be used for any costs incurred by the Department, including personnel costs, in the processing of applications for Medicare or Medicaid certification or in the investigation of allegations of abuse or neglect of a vulnerable adult under Section 32.6 of the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act or Section 9.6 of the Hospital Licensing Act.

Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act

of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

(Source: P.A. 91-239, eff. 1-1-00.)"; and

on page 3, line 23, after the period, by inserting the following: "Upon completing an investigation under this subsection, the Department shall incorporate its findings into any report it prepares in connection with certifying the FEC for participation in the Medicare program under Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act or in the Medicaid program under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act; this action is in addition to any action the Department may take with respect to the FEC's licensure under this Act based on those findings."; and

on page 4, after line 24, by inserting the following:

"(i) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and

on page 5, line 11, before the period, by inserting the following:

". Upon completing an investigation under this Section, the Department shall incorporate its findings into any report it prepares in connection with certifying the hospital for participation in the Medicare program under Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act or in the Medicaid program under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act; this action is in addition to any action the Department may take with respect to the hospital's licensure under this Act based on those findings"; and

on page 5, after line 24, by inserting the following:

"Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."; and

on page 8, line 13, after the period, by inserting the following: "<u>Upon completing an investigation under this subsection, the Department shall incorporate its findings into any report it prepares in connection with certifying the hospital for participation in the Medicare program under Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act or in the Medicaid program under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act; this action is in</u>

addition to any action the Department may take with respect to the hospital's licensure under this Act based on those findings."; and

on page 9, after line 15, by inserting the following:

"(i) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 5492 by replacing lines 10 through 23 on page 1 and lines 1 through 4 on page 2 with the following:

""Abuse" means any physical or mental injury or sexual abuse inflicted on a vulnerable adult by a hospital employee other than by accidental means.

"Accidental" means unplanned or unexpected occurrences without intention or will.

"Allegation" means any assertion, complaint, or suspicion that abuse or neglect of a vulnerable adult may have occurred.

"Employee" means any paid or retained person, administrator, or agent, any contracted, subcontracted, or independently contracted person, any volunteer, and any other person who works in an FEC who might have contact with patients.

"FEC" means a Freestanding Emergency Center licensed under Section 32.5.

"Mental injury" means harm arising from conduct by an employee, including but not limited to the use of words, gestures, and signs that are disparaging, derogatory, humiliating, harassing, offensive, or threatening, or that could precipitate emotional distress.

"Neglect" means failure by an FEC or any of its employees to provide adequate medical or other care, including personal maintenance, which failure results in physical or mental injury to a vulnerable adult or results in the deterioration of a vulnerable adult's physical or mental condition.

"Physical injury" means physical harm to an individual caused by any non-accidental act or omission.

"Sexual abuse" means any act of sexual contact, sexual penetration, sexual coercion, or sexual exploitation of an individual.

"Vulnerable adult" means an individual who (i) is 18 years of age or older, (ii) regardless of his or her mental capacity, has or is suspected of having a physical disability, or a mental or developmental disability as defined in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code, and (iii) is receiving, is requesting, or may be in need of hospital services, including evaluation for a determination of service needs."; and on page 3, by replacing lines 4 through 22 with the following:

"(d) Any person required to report under subsection (c) who witnesses, suspects, discovers, is told of, or has reason to believe that a vulnerable adult may have been abused or neglected, or both abused and neglected, within an FEC shall immediately, but in no event later than 4 hours after discovery, report such allegations to the Department. FEC employees shall immediately report all allegations to their administrations according to the facility's internal procedures. All reports from FECs to the Department must be made by telephone to the Department's Central Complaint Registry. A written report must be submitted to the Department within 24 hours after the call. No FEC administrator, agent, or employee, nor any other person, may screen reports or otherwise withhold reports from the Department, and no FEC shall establish criteria, guidelines, rules, procedures, or policies that alter or unreasonably delay reports to the Department. The Department shall investigate every allegation of abuse or neglect, or both, of a vulnerable adult received by the Department pursuant to its administrative rules (177 Ill. Admin. Code 400). Under no circumstances may a hospital's internal review of an allegation of abuse or neglect, or both, of a vulnerable adult under subsection (e) replace an investigation of the allegation by"; and

by replacing lines 24 through 26 on page 3 and lines 1 through 18 on page 4 with the following:

"Findings of abuse or neglect, or both, shall be subject to the Department's Health Care Worker Registry pursuant to the Health Care Worker Background Check Act.

(e) In every event the FEC shall, upon receipt of any allegation, promptly conduct an internal review to ensure the alleged victim's safety. Internal reviews may follow established FEC grievance procedures, but shall in no way conflict with reporting to the Department as required under subsection (d). Measures to protect an alleged victim shall be taken as deemed necessary by the facility's administration and may include, but need not be limited to, removing suspected violators from further patient contact during the internal review or during pendency of the Department's investigation. All internal reviews are to be conducted by a designated FEC employee or agent who is qualified to detect abuse and neglect and is not involved in the alleged victim's treatment and has no other appearance of a conflict of interest. All internal review findings must be documented and filed according to facility procedures and shall be made available to the Department. All internal review files, including information regarding the disposition of each report, shall also be made available, subject to confidentiality requirements, to the Illinois Guardianship and Advocacy Commission, the agency designated by the Governor pursuant to the Protection and Advocacy for Developmentally Disabled Persons Act, and any other agency or legal representative in the course of monitoring or investigating rights protections for recipients of services.

(f) Every FEC shall ensure that all employees are trained within one month of hire in the detection and reporting of abuse and neglect of vulnerable adults and retrained every 2 years thereafter."; and on page 6, by replacing lines 4 through 19 with the following:

""Abuse" means any physical or mental injury or sexual abuse inflicted on a vulnerable adult by a hospital employee other than by accidental means.

"Accidental" means unplanned or unexpected occurrences without intention or will.

"Allegation" means any assertion, complaint, or suspicion that abuse or neglect of a vulnerable adult may have occurred.

"Employee" means any paid or retained person, administrator, or agent, any contracted, subcontracted, or independently contracted person, any volunteer, and any other person who works in a hospital who might have contact with patients.

"Mental injury" means harm arising from conduct by an employee, including but not limited to the use of words, gestures, and signs that are disparaging, derogatory, humiliating, harassing, offensive, or threatening, or that could precipitate emotional distress.

"Neglect" means failure by a hospital or any of its employees to provide adequate medical or other care, including personal maintenance, which failure results in physical or mental injury to a vulnerable adult or results in the deterioration of a vulnerable adult's physical or mental condition.

"Physical injury" means physical harm to an individual caused by any non-accidental act or omission.

"Sexual abuse" means any act of sexual contact, sexual penetration, sexual coercion, or sexual exploitation of an individual.

"Vulnerable adult" means an individual who (i) is 18 years of age or older, (ii) regardless of his or her mental capacity, has or is suspected of having a physical disability, or a mental or developmental disability as defined in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code, and (iii) is receiving, is requesting, or may be in need of hospital services, including evaluation for a determination of service needs."; and by replacing lines 20 through 26 on page 7 and lines 1 through 12 on page 8 with the following:

"(d) Any person required to report under subsection (c) who witnesses, suspects, discovers, is told of, or has reason to believe that a vulnerable adult may have been abused or neglected, or both abused and neglected, within a hospital shall immediately, but in no event later than 4 hours after discovery, report such allegations to the Department. Hospital employees shall immediately report all allegations to their administrations according to the facility's internal procedures. All reports from hospitals to the Department must be made by telephone to the Department's Central Complaint Registry. A written report must be submitted to the Department within 24 hours after the call. No hospital administrator, agent, or employee, nor any other person, may screen reports or otherwise withhold reports from the Department, and no hospital shall establish criteria, guidelines, rules, procedures, or policies that alter or unreasonably delay reports to the Department. The Department shall investigate every allegation of abuse or neglect, or both, of a vulnerable adult received by the Department pursuant to its administrative rules (177 Ill. Admin. Code 400). Under no circumstances may a hospital's internal review of an allegation of abuse or neglect, or both, of a vulnerable adult under subsection (e) replace an investigation of the allegation by"; and

by replacing lines 14 through 26 on page 8 and lines 1 through 8 on page 9 with the following:

"<u>Findings of abuse or neglect, or both, shall be subject to the Department's Health Care Worker Registry pursuant to the Health Care Worker Background Check Act.</u>

- (e) In every event the hospital shall, upon receipt of any allegation, promptly conduct an internal review to ensure the alleged victim's safety. Internal reviews may follow established hospital grievance procedures, but shall in no way conflict with reporting to the Department as required under subsection (d). Measures to protect an alleged victim shall be taken as deemed necessary by the facility's administration and may include, but need not be limited to, removing suspected violators from further patient contact during the internal review or during pendency of the Department's investigation. All internal reviews are to be conducted by a designated hospital employee or agent who is qualified to detect abuse and neglect and is not involved in the alleged victim's treatment and has no other appearance of a conflict of interest. All internal review findings must be documented and filed according to facility procedures and shall be made available to the Department. All internal review files, including information regarding the disposition of each report, shall also be made available, subject to confidentiality requirements, to the Illinois Guardianship and Advocacy Commission, the agency designated by the Governor pursuant to the Protection and Advocacy for Developmentally Disabled Persons Act, and any other agency or legal representative in the course of monitoring or investigating rights protections for recipients of services.
- (f) Every hospital shall ensure that all employees are trained within one month of hire in the detection and reporting of abuse and neglect of vulnerable adults and retrained every 2 years thereafter."

Representative Ryg offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 3. Amend House Bill 5492, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Systems Act is amended by adding Section 32.6 as follows:

(210 ILCS 50/32.6 new)

Sec. 32.6. Freestanding Emergency Center; patient protection from abuse.

- (a) No administrator, agent, or employee of an FEC or a member of its medical staff may abuse a patient in the FEC.
- (b) Any FEC administrator, agent, employee, or medical staff member who has reasonable cause to believe that any patient with whom he or she has direct contact has been subjected to abuse in the FEC shall promptly report or cause a report to be made to a designated FEC administrator responsible for providing such reports to the Department as required by this Section.
- (c) Retaliation against a person who lawfully and in good faith makes a report under this Section is prohibited.
- (d) Upon receiving a report under subsection (b) of this Section, the FEC shall submit the report to the Department within 24 hours of obtaining such report. In the event that the FEC receives multiple reports involving a single alleged instance of abuse, the FEC shall submit one report to the Department.
- (e) Upon receiving a report under this Section, the FEC shall promptly conduct an internal review to ensure the alleged victim's safety. Measures to protect the alleged victim shall be taken as deemed necessary by the FEC's administrator and may include, but are not limited to, removing suspected violators from further patient contact during the FEC's internal review. If the alleged victim lacks decision-making capacity under the Health Care Surrogate Act and no health care surrogate is available, the FEC may contact the Illinois Guardianship and Advocacy Commission to determine the need for a temporary guardian of that person.
- (f) All internal FEC reviews shall be conducted by a designated FEC employee or agent who is qualified to detect abuse and is not involved in the alleged victim's treatment. All internal review findings must be documented and filed according to FEC procedures and shall be made available to the Department upon request.
- (g) Any other person may make a report of patient abuse to the Department if that person has reasonable cause to believe that a patient has been abused in the FEC.
- (h) The report required under this Section shall include: the name of the patient; the name and address of the FEC treating the patient; the age of the patient; the nature of the patient's condition, including any evidence of previous injuries or disabilities; and any other information that the reporter believes might be helpful in establishing the cause of the reported abuse and the identity of the person believed to have caused the abuse.
- (i) Any individual, person, institution, or agency participating in good faith in the making of a report under this Section, or in the investigation of such a report or in making a disclosure of information concerning reports of abuse under this Section, shall have immunity from any liability, whether civil,

professional, or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of such actions. For the purpose of any proceedings, whether civil, professional, or criminal, the good faith of any persons required to report cases of suspected abuse under this Section or who disclose information concerning reports of abuse in compliance with this Section, shall be presumed.

- (j) No administrator, agent, or employee of an FEC shall adopt or employ practices or procedures designed to discourage good faith reporting of patient abuse under this Section.
- (k) Every FEC shall ensure that all new and existing employees are trained in the detection and reporting of abuse of patients and retrained at least every 2 years thereafter.
- (1) The Department shall investigate each report of patient abuse made under this Section according to the procedures of the Department, except that a report of abuse which indicates that a patient's life or safety is in imminent danger shall be investigated within 24 hours of such report. Under no circumstances may an FEC's internal review of an allegation of abuse replace an investigation of the allegation by the Department.
- (m) The Department shall keep a continuing record of all reports made pursuant to this Section, including indications of the final determination of any investigation and the final disposition of all reports. The Department shall inform the investigated FEC and any other person making a report under subsection (g) of its final determination or disposition in writing.
- (n) The Department shall not disclose to the public any information regarding any reports and investigations under this Section unless and until the report of abuse is substantiated following a full and proper investigation.
- (o) All patient identifiable information in any report or investigation under this Section shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed except as authorized by this Act or other applicable law.
- (p) Nothing in this Section relieves an FEC administrator, employee, agent, or medical staff member from contacting appropriate law enforcement authorities as required by law.
- (q) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to mean that a patient is a victim of abuse because of health care services provided or not provided by health care professionals.
- (r) Nothing in this Section shall require an FEC, including its employees, agents, and medical staff members, to provide any services to a patient in contravention of his or her stated or implied objection thereto upon grounds that such services conflict with his or her religious beliefs or practices, nor shall such a patient be considered abused under this Section for the exercise of such beliefs or practices.
  - (s) As used in this Section, the following terms have the following meanings:
- "Abuse" means any physical or mental injury or sexual abuse intentionally inflicted by an FEC employee, agent, or medical staff member on a patient of the FEC and does not include any FEC, medical, health care, or other personal care services done in good faith in the interest of the patient according to established medical and clinical standards of care.
  - "FEC" means a Freestanding Emergency Center licensed under Section 32.5.
- "Mental injury" means intentionally caused emotional distress in a patient from words or gestures that would be considered by a reasonable person to be humiliating, harassing, or threatening and which causes observable and substantial impairment.
- "Sexual abuse" means any intentional act of sexual contact or sexual penetration of a patient in the hospital.
- "Substantiated", with respect to a report of abuse, means that a preponderance of the evidence indicates that abuse occurred.
- (t) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this Section. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this Section, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing in this Section shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies and agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

Section 10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by changing Section 9 and by adding Section 9.6 as follows:

(210 ILCS 85/9) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 150)

Sec. 9. Inspections and investigations. The Department shall make or cause to be made such inspections and investigations as it deems necessary, except that the Department shall investigate every allegation of abuse of a patient received by the Department. Information received by the Department through filed reports, inspection, or as otherwise authorized under this Act shall not be disclosed publicly in such manner as to identify individuals or hospitals, except (i) in a proceeding involving the denial, suspension, or revocation of a permit to establish a hospital or a proceeding involving the denial, suspension, or revocation of a license to open, conduct, operate, and maintain a hospital, (ii) to the Department of Children and Family Services in the course of a child abuse or neglect investigation conducted by that Department or by the Department of Public Health, (iii) in accordance with Section 6.14a of this Act, or (iv) in other circumstances as may be approved by the Hospital Licensing Board.

(Source: P.A. 90-608, eff. 6-30-98; 91-242, eff. 1-1-00.)

(210 ILCS 85/9.6 new)

Sec. 9.6. Patient protection from abuse.

- (a) No administrator, agent, or employee of a hospital or a member of its medical staff may abuse a patient in the hospital.
- (b) Any hospital administrator, agent, employee, or medical staff member who has reasonable cause to believe that any patient with whom he or she has direct contact has been subjected to abuse in the hospital shall promptly report or cause a report to be made to a designated hospital administrator responsible for providing such reports to the Department as required by this Section.
- (c) Retaliation against a person who lawfully and in good faith makes a report under this Section is prohibited.
- (d) Upon receiving a report under subsection (b) of this Section, the hospital shall submit the report to the Department within 24 hours of obtaining such report. In the event that the hospital receives multiple reports involving a single alleged instance of abuse, the hospital shall submit one report to the Department.
- (e) Upon receiving a report under this Section, the hospital shall promptly conduct an internal review to ensure the alleged victim's safety. Measures to protect the alleged victim shall be taken as deemed necessary by the hospital's administrator and may include, but are not limited to, removing suspected violators from further patient contact during the hospital's internal review. If the alleged victim lacks decision-making capacity under the Health Care Surrogate Act and no health care surrogate is available, the hospital may contact the Illinois Guardianship and Advocacy Commission to determine the need for a temporary guardian of that person.
- (f) All internal hospital reviews shall be conducted by a designated hospital employee or agent who is qualified to detect abuse and is not involved in the alleged victim's treatment. All internal review findings must be documented and filed according to hospital procedures and shall be made available to the Department upon request.
- (g) Any other person may make a report of patient abuse to the Department if that person has reasonable cause to believe that a patient has been abused in the hospital.
- (h) The report required under this Section shall include: the name of the patient; the name and address of the hospital treating the patient; the age of the patient; the nature of the patient's condition, including any evidence of previous injuries or disabilities; and any other information that the reporter believes might be helpful in establishing the cause of the reported abuse and the identity of the person believed to have caused the abuse.
- (i) Any individual, person, institution, or agency participating in good faith in the making of a report under this Section, or in the investigation of such a report or in making a disclosure of information concerning reports of abuse under this Section, shall have immunity from any liability, whether civil, professional, or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of such actions. For the purpose of any proceedings, whether civil, professional, or criminal, the good faith of any persons required to report cases of suspected abuse under this Section or who disclose information concerning reports of abuse in compliance with this Section, shall be presumed.
- (j) No administrator, agent, or employee of a hospital shall adopt or employ practices or procedures designed to discourage good faith reporting of patient abuse under this Section.
- (k) Every hospital shall ensure that all new and existing employees are trained in the detection and reporting of abuse of patients and retrained at least every 2 years thereafter.
- (1) The Department shall investigate each report of patient abuse made under this Section according to the procedures of the Department, except that a report of abuse which indicates that a patient's life or safety is in imminent danger shall be investigated within 24 hours of such report. Under no circumstances may a hospital's internal review of an allegation of abuse replace an investigation of the allegation by the

## Department.

- (m) The Department shall keep a continuing record of all reports made pursuant to this Section, including indications of the final determination of any investigation and the final disposition of all reports. The Department shall inform the investigated hospital and any other person making a report under subsection (g) of its final determination or disposition in writing.
- (n) The Department shall not disclose to the public any information regarding any reports and investigations under this Section unless and until the report of abuse is substantiated following a full and proper investigation.
- (o) All patient identifiable information in any report or investigation under this Section shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed except as authorized by this Act or other applicable law.
- (p) Nothing in this Section relieves a hospital administrator, employee, agent, or medical staff member from contacting appropriate law enforcement authorities as required by law.
- (q) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to mean that a patient is a victim of abuse because of health care services provided or not provided by health care professionals.
- (r) Nothing in this Section shall require a hospital, including its employees, agents, and medical staff members, to provide any services to a patient in contravention of his or her stated or implied objection thereto upon grounds that such services conflict with his or her religious beliefs or practices, nor shall such a patient be considered abused under this Section for the exercise of such beliefs or practices.
  - (s) As used in this Section, the following terms have the following meanings:
- "Abuse" means any physical or mental injury or sexual abuse intentionally inflicted by a hospital employee, agent, or medical staff member on a patient of the hospital and does not include any hospital, medical, health care, or other personal care services done in good faith in the interest of the patient according to established medical and clinical standards of care.
- "Mental injury" means intentionally caused emotional distress in a patient from words or gestures that would be considered by a reasonable person to be humiliating, harassing, or threatening and which causes observable and substantial impairment.
- "Sexual abuse" means any intentional act of sexual contact or sexual penetration of a patient in the hospital.
- "Substantiated", with respect to a report of abuse, means that a preponderance of the evidence indicates that abuse occurred.
- (t) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this Section. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this Section, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing in this Section shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies and agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 3 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendments numbered 1, 2 and 3 were ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

HOUSE BILL 5513. Having been recalled on April 9, 2008, and held on the order of Second Reading, the same was again taken up.

Representative Durkin offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 5513 on page 1, by replacing lines 15 through 17 with the following:

"judgment except that a judgment granting injunctive or declaratory relief shall be".

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 1 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

HOUSE BILL 5845. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Judiciary I - Civil Law, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 5845 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Fire Investigation Act is amended by changing Section 13.1 as follows:

(425 ILCS 25/13.1) (from Ch. 127 1/2, par. 17.1)

Sec. 13.1. (a) There shall be a special fund in the State Treasury known as the Fire Prevention Fund.

- (b) The following moneys shall be deposited into the Fund:
  - (1) Moneys received by the Department of Insurance under Section 12 of this Act.
  - (2) All fees and reimbursements received by the Office of the State Fire Marshal.
  - (3) All receipts from boiler and pressure vessel certification, as provided in Section
  - 13 of the Boiler and Pressure Vessel Safety Act.
  - (4) Such other moneys as may be provided by law.
- (c) The moneys in the Fire Prevention Fund shall be used, subject to appropriation, for the following purposes:
  - (1) Of the moneys deposited into the fund under Section 12 of this Act, 12.5% shall be available for the maintenance of the Illinois Fire Service Institute and the expenses, facilities, and structures incident thereto, and for making transfers into the General Obligation Bond Retirement and Interest Fund for debt service requirements on bonds issued by the State of Illinois after January 1, 1986 for the purpose of constructing a training facility for use by the Institute.
  - (2) Of the moneys deposited into the Fund under Section 12 of this Act, 10% shall be available for the maintenance of the Chicago Fire Department Training Program and the expenses, facilities and structures incident thereto, in addition to any moneys payable from the Fund to the City of Chicago pursuant to the Illinois Fire Protection Training Act.
    - (3) For making payments to local governmental agencies and individuals pursuant to Section 10 of the Illinois Fire Protection Training Act.
    - (4) For the maintenance and operation of the Office of the State Fire Marshal, and the expenses incident thereto.
    - (5) For any other purpose authorized by law.
- (c-5) As soon as possible after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Comptroller shall order the transfer and the Treasurer shall transfer \$2,000,000 from the Fire Prevention Fund to the Ambulance Revolving Loan Fund. Beginning on July 1, 2008, each month, or as soon as practical thereafter, an amount equal to \$2 from each fine received shall be transferred from the Fire Prevention Fund to the Fire Service and Small Equipment Fund, an amount equal to \$1.50 from each fine received shall be transferred from the Fire Prevention Fund to the Fire Truck Revolving Loan Fund, and an amount equal to \$4 from each fine received shall be transferred from the Fire Prevention Fund to the Ambulance Revolving Loan Fund. These moneys shall be transferred from the moneys deposited into the Fire Prevention Fund pursuant to Public Act 95-154, together with not more than 25% of any unspent appropriations from the prior fiscal year. These moneys may be allocated to the Fire Truck Revolving Loan Fund, Ambulance Revolving Loan Fund, and Small Equipment Fund at the discretion of the Office of the State Fire Marshal for the purposes of implementation of this Act any other moneys as may be necessary to carry out this mandate.
- (d) Any portion of the Fire Prevention Fund remaining unexpended at the end of any fiscal year which is not needed for the maintenance and expenses of the Office of the State Fire Marshal or the maintenance and expenses of the Illinois Fire Service Institute, shall remain in the Fire Prevention Fund for the exclusive and restricted uses provided in subsections (c) and (c-5) of this Section.
- (e) The Office of the State Fire Marshal shall keep on file an itemized statement of all expenses incurred which are payable from the Fund, other than expenses incurred by the Illinois Fire Service Institute, and

shall approve all vouchers issued therefor before they are submitted to the State Comptroller for payment. Such vouchers shall be allowed and paid in the same manner as other claims against the State. (Source: P.A. 95-717, eff. 4-8-08.)

Section 10. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Section 16-104d as follows: (625 ILCS 5/16-104d)

Sec. 16-104d. Additional fee; serious traffic violation. Any person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to or is placed on supervision for a serious traffic violation, as defined in Section 1-187.001 of this Code, a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code, or a violation of a similar provision of a local ordinance shall pay an additional fee of \$20. Of that fee, \$7.50 shall be deposited into the Fire Prevention Fund in the State treasury, \$7.50 shall be deposited into the Fire Truck Revolving Loan Fund in the State treasury, and \$5 shall be deposited into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and Administrative Fund created by the Clerk of the Circuit Court.

This Section becomes inoperative 7 years after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly.

(Source: P.A. 95-154, eff. 10-13-07.)

Section 15. The Clerks of Courts Act is amended by changing Sections 27.5 and 27.6 as follows: (705 ILCS 105/27.5) (from Ch. 25, par. 27.5)

Sec. 27.5. (a) All fees, fines, costs, additional penalties, bail balances assessed or forfeited, and any other amount paid by a person to the circuit clerk that equals an amount less than \$55, except restitution under Section 5-5-6 of the Unified Code of Corrections, reimbursement for the costs of an emergency response as provided under Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, any fees collected for attending a traffic safety program under paragraph (c) of Supreme Court Rule 529, any fee collected on behalf of a State's Attorney under Section 4-2002 of the Counties Code or a sheriff under Section 4-5001 of the Counties Code, or any cost imposed under Section 124A-5 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, for convictions, orders of supervision, or any other disposition for a violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, 11, and 12 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and except as provided in subsection (b) shall be disbursed within 60 days after receipt by the circuit clerk as follows: 47% shall be disbursed to the entity authorized by law to receive the fine imposed in the case; 12% shall be disbursed to the State Treasurer; and 41% shall be disbursed to the county's general corporate fund. Of the 12% disbursed to the State Treasurer, 1/6 shall be deposited by the State Treasurer into the Violent Crime Victims Assistance Fund, 1/2 shall be deposited into the Traffic and Criminal Conviction Surcharge Fund, and 1/3 shall be deposited into the Drivers Education Fund. For fiscal years 1992 and 1993, amounts deposited into the Violent Crime Victims Assistance Fund, the Traffic and Criminal Conviction Surcharge Fund, or the Drivers Education Fund shall not exceed 110% of the amounts deposited into those funds in fiscal year 1991. Any amount that exceeds the 110% limit shall be distributed as follows: 50% shall be disbursed to the county's general corporate fund and 50% shall be disbursed to the entity authorized by law to receive the fine imposed in the case. Not later than March 1 of each year the circuit clerk shall submit a report of the amount of funds remitted to the State Treasurer under this Section during the preceding year based upon independent verification of fines and fees. All counties shall be subject to this Section, except that counties with a population under 2,000,000 may, by ordinance, elect not to be subject to this Section. For offenses subject to this Section, judges shall impose one total sum of money payable for violations. The circuit clerk may add on no additional amounts except for amounts that are required by Sections 27.3a and 27.3c of this Act, unless those amounts are specifically waived by the judge. With respect to money collected by the circuit clerk as a result of forfeiture of bail, ex parte judgment or guilty plea pursuant to Supreme Court Rule 529, the circuit clerk shall first deduct and pay amounts required by Sections 27.3a and 27.3c of this Act. This Section is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.

- (b) The following amounts must be remitted to the State Treasurer for deposit into the Illinois Animal Abuse Fund:
  - (1) 50% of the amounts collected for felony offenses under Sections 3, 3.01, 3.02, 3.03,
  - 4, 4.01, 4.03, 4.04, 5, 5.01, 6, 7, 7.5, 7.15, and 16 of the Humane Care for Animals Act and Section 26-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
    - (2) 20% of the amounts collected for Class A and Class B misdemeanors under Sections 3,
  - 3.01, 4, 4.01, 4.03, 4.04, 5, 5.01, 6, 7, 7.1, 7.5, 7.15, and 16 of the Humane Care for Animals Act and Section 26-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961; and
    - (3) 50% of the amounts collected for Class C misdemeanors under Sections 4.01 and 7.1 of

the Humane Care for Animals Act and Section 26-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961.

- (c) Any person who receives a disposition of court supervision for a violation of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance shall, in addition to any other fines, fees, and court costs, pay an additional fee of \$20, to be disbursed as provided in Section 16-104c of the Illinois Vehicle Code. In addition to the fee of \$20, the person shall also pay a fee of \$5, if not waived by the court. If this \$5 fee is collected, \$4.50 of the fee shall be deposited into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and Administrative Fund created by the Clerk of the Circuit Court and 50 cents of the fee shall be deposited into the Prisoner Review Board Vehicle and Equipment Fund in the State treasury.
- (d) Any person convicted of, or pleading guilty to , or placed on supervision for a serious traffic violation, as defined in Section 1-187.001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a violation of a similar provision of a local ordinance shall pay an additional fee of \$20, to be disbursed as provided in Section 16-104d of that Code.

This subsection (d) becomes inoperative 7 years after the effective date of <u>Public Act 95-154</u> this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly.

(Source: P.A. 94-1009, eff. 1-1-07; 95-154, eff. 10-13-07; 95-428, eff. 8-24-07; revised 11-19-07.) (705 ILCS 105/27.6)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 95-600)

Sec. 27.6. (a) All fees, fines, costs, additional penalties, bail balances assessed or forfeited, and any other amount paid by a person to the circuit clerk equalling an amount of \$55 or more, except the fine imposed by Section 5-9-1.15 5-9-1.14 of the Unified Code of Corrections, the additional fee required by subsections (b) and (c), restitution under Section 5-5-6 of the Unified Code of Corrections, reimbursement for the costs of an emergency response as provided under Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, any fees collected for attending a traffic safety program under paragraph (c) of Supreme Court Rule 529, any fee collected on behalf of a State's Attorney under Section 4-2002 of the Counties Code or a sheriff under Section 4-5001 of the Counties Code, or any cost imposed under Section 124A-5 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, for convictions, orders of supervision, or any other disposition for a violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, 11, and 12 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and except as provided in subsections (d) and (g) (f) shall be disbursed within 60 days after receipt by the circuit clerk as follows: 44.5% shall be disbursed to the entity authorized by law to receive the fine imposed in the case; 16.825% shall be disbursed to the State Treasurer; and 38.675% shall be disbursed to the county's general corporate fund. Of the 16.825% disbursed to the State Treasurer, 2/17 shall be deposited by the State Treasurer into the Violent Crime Victims Assistance Fund, 5.052/17 shall be deposited into the Traffic and Criminal Conviction Surcharge Fund, 3/17 shall be deposited into the Drivers Education Fund, and 6.948/17 shall be deposited into the Trauma Center Fund. Of the 6.948/17 deposited into the Trauma Center Fund from the 16.825% disbursed to the State Treasurer, 50% shall be disbursed to the Department of Public Health and 50% shall be disbursed to the Department of Healthcare and Family Services. For fiscal year 1993, amounts deposited into the Violent Crime Victims Assistance Fund, the Traffic and Criminal Conviction Surcharge Fund, or the Drivers Education Fund shall not exceed 110% of the amounts deposited into those funds in fiscal year 1991. Any amount that exceeds the 110% limit shall be distributed as follows: 50% shall be disbursed to the county's general corporate fund and 50% shall be disbursed to the entity authorized by law to receive the fine imposed in the case. Not later than March 1 of each year the circuit clerk shall submit a report of the amount of funds remitted to the State Treasurer under this Section during the preceding year based upon independent verification of fines and fees. All counties shall be subject to this Section, except that counties with a population under 2,000,000 may, by ordinance, elect not to be subject to this Section. For offenses subject to this Section, judges shall impose one total sum of money payable for violations. The circuit clerk may add on no additional amounts except for amounts that are required by Sections 27.3a and 27.3c of this Act, unless those amounts are specifically waived by the judge. With respect to money collected by the circuit clerk as a result of forfeiture of bail, ex parte judgment or guilty plea pursuant to Supreme Court Rule 529, the circuit clerk shall first deduct and pay amounts required by Sections 27.3a and 27.3c of this Act. This Section is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.

(b) In addition to any other fines and court costs assessed by the courts, any person convicted or receiving an order of supervision for driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs shall pay an additional fee of \$100 to the clerk of the circuit court. This amount, less 2 1/2% that shall be used to defray administrative costs incurred by the clerk, shall be remitted by the clerk to the Treasurer within 60 days after receipt for deposit into the Trauma Center Fund. This additional fee of \$100 shall not be considered a

part of the fine for purposes of any reduction in the fine for time served either before or after sentencing. Not later than March 1 of each year the Circuit Clerk shall submit a report of the amount of funds remitted to the State Treasurer under this subsection during the preceding calendar year.

- (b-1) In addition to any other fines and court costs assessed by the courts, any person convicted or receiving an order of supervision for driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs shall pay an additional fee of \$5 to the clerk of the circuit court. This amount, less 2 1/2% that shall be used to defray administrative costs incurred by the clerk, shall be remitted by the clerk to the Treasurer within 60 days after receipt for deposit into the Spinal Cord Injury Paralysis Cure Research Trust Fund. This additional fee of \$5 shall not be considered a part of the fine for purposes of any reduction in the fine for time served either before or after sentencing. Not later than March 1 of each year the Circuit Clerk shall submit a report of the amount of funds remitted to the State Treasurer under this subsection during the preceding calendar year.
- (c) In addition to any other fines and court costs assessed by the courts, any person convicted for a violation of Sections 24-1.1, 24-1.2, or 24-1.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or a person sentenced for a violation of the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act shall pay an additional fee of \$100 to the clerk of the circuit court. This amount, less 2 1/2% that shall be used to defray administrative costs incurred by the clerk, shall be remitted by the clerk to the Treasurer within 60 days after receipt for deposit into the Trauma Center Fund. This additional fee of \$100 shall not be considered a part of the fine for purposes of any reduction in the fine for time served either before or after sentencing. Not later than March 1 of each year the Circuit Clerk shall submit a report of the amount of funds remitted to the State Treasurer under this subsection during the preceding calendar year.
- (c-1) In addition to any other fines and court costs assessed by the courts, any person sentenced for a violation of the Cannabis Control Act, the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act shall pay an additional fee of \$5 to the clerk of the circuit court. This amount, less 2 1/2% that shall be used to defray administrative costs incurred by the clerk, shall be remitted by the clerk to the Treasurer within 60 days after receipt for deposit into the Spinal Cord Injury Paralysis Cure Research Trust Fund. This additional fee of \$5 shall not be considered a part of the fine for purposes of any reduction in the fine for time served either before or after sentencing. Not later than March 1 of each year the Circuit Clerk shall submit a report of the amount of funds remitted to the State Treasurer under this subsection during the preceding calendar year.
- (d) The following amounts must be remitted to the State Treasurer for deposit into the Illinois Animal Abuse Fund:
  - (1) 50% of the amounts collected for felony offenses under Sections 3, 3.01, 3.02, 3.03,
  - 4, 4.01, 4.03, 4.04, 5, 5.01, 6, 7, 7.5, 7.15, and 16 of the Humane Care for Animals Act and Section 26-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
    - (2) 20% of the amounts collected for Class A and Class B misdemeanors under Sections 3,
  - 3.01, 4, 4.01, 4.03, 4.04, 5, 5.01, 6, 7, 7.1, 7.5, 7.15, and 16 of the Humane Care for Animals Act and Section 26-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961; and
  - (3) 50% of the amounts collected for Class C misdemeanors under Sections 4.01 and 7.1 of the Humane Care for Animals Act and Section 26-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- (e) Any person who receives a disposition of court supervision for a violation of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance shall, in addition to any other fines, fees, and court costs, pay an additional fee of \$20, to be disbursed as provided in Section 16-104c of the Illinois Vehicle Code. In addition to the fee of \$20, the person shall also pay a fee of \$5, if not waived by the court. If this \$5 fee is collected, \$4.50 of the fee shall be deposited into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and Administrative Fund created by the Clerk of the Circuit Court and 50 cents of the fee shall be deposited into the Prisoner Review Board Vehicle and Equipment Fund in the State treasury.
- (f) This Section does not apply to the additional child pornography fines assessed and collected under Section 5-9-1.14 of the Unified Code of Corrections.
- (g) (f) Of the amounts collected as fines under subsection (b) of Section 3-712 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, 99% shall be deposited into the Illinois Military Family Relief Fund and 1% shall be deposited into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and Administrative Fund created by the Clerk of the Circuit Court to be used to offset the costs incurred by the Circuit Court Clerk in performing the additional duties required to collect and disburse funds to entities of State and local government as provided by law.
- (h) Any person convicted of, pleading guilty to, or placed on supervision for a serious traffic violation, as defined in Section 1-187.001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois

<u>Vehicle Code</u>, or a violation of a similar provision of a local ordinance shall pay an additional fee of \$20, to be disbursed as provided in Section 16-104d of that Code.

<u>This subsection (h) becomes inoperative 7 years after the effective date of Public Act 95-154.</u> (Source: P.A. 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-1009, eff. 1-1-07; 95-191, eff. 1-1-08; 95-291, eff. 1-1-08; 95-428, eff. 8-24-07; 95-600, eff. 6-1-08; revised 11-19-07.)

Section 20. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by changing Section 5-6-1 as follows:

(730 ILCS 5/5-6-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-1)

(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 95-400)

- Sec. 5-6-1. Sentences of Probation and of Conditional Discharge and Disposition of Supervision. The General Assembly finds that in order to protect the public, the criminal justice system must compel compliance with the conditions of probation by responding to violations with swift, certain and fair punishments and intermediate sanctions. The Chief Judge of each circuit shall adopt a system of structured, intermediate sanctions for violations of the terms and conditions of a sentence of probation, conditional discharge or disposition of supervision.
- (a) Except where specifically prohibited by other provisions of this Code, the court shall impose a sentence of probation or conditional discharge upon an offender unless, having regard to the nature and circumstance of the offense, and to the history, character and condition of the offender, the court is of the opinion that:
  - (1) his imprisonment or periodic imprisonment is necessary for the protection of the public; or
  - (2) probation or conditional discharge would deprecate the seriousness of the offender's conduct and would be inconsistent with the ends of justice; or
  - (3) a combination of imprisonment with concurrent or consecutive probation when an offender has been admitted into a drug court program under Section 20 of the Drug Court Treatment Act is necessary for the protection of the public and for the rehabilitation of the offender.

The court shall impose as a condition of a sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or supervision, that the probation agency may invoke any sanction from the list of intermediate sanctions adopted by the chief judge of the circuit court for violations of the terms and conditions of the sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or supervision, subject to the provisions of Section 5-6-4 of this Act.

- (b) The court may impose a sentence of conditional discharge for an offense if the court is of the opinion that neither a sentence of imprisonment nor of periodic imprisonment nor of probation supervision is appropriate.
- (b-1) Subsections (a) and (b) of this Section do not apply to a defendant charged with a misdemeanor or felony under the Illinois Vehicle Code or reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if the defendant within the past 12 months has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a misdemeanor or felony under the Illinois Vehicle Code or reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- (c) The court may, upon a plea of guilty or a stipulation by the defendant of the facts supporting the charge or a finding of guilt, defer further proceedings and the imposition of a sentence, and enter an order for supervision of the defendant, if the defendant is not charged with: (i) a Class A misdemeanor, as defined by the following provisions of the Criminal Code of 1961: Sections 11-9.1; 12-3.2; 12-15; 26-5; 31-1; 31-6; 31-7; subsections (b) and (c) of Section 21-1; paragraph (1) through (5), (8), (10), and (11) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1; (ii) a Class A misdemeanor violation of Section 3.01, 3.03-1, or 4.01 of the Humane Care for Animals Act; or (iii) felony. If the defendant is not barred from receiving an order for supervision as provided in this subsection, the court may enter an order for supervision after considering the circumstances of the offense, and the history, character and condition of the offender, if the court is of the opinion that:
  - (1) the offender is not likely to commit further crimes;
  - (2) the defendant and the public would be best served if the defendant were not to receive a criminal record; and
  - (3) in the best interests of justice an order of supervision is more appropriate than a sentence otherwise permitted under this Code.
- (c-5) Subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this Section do not apply to a defendant charged with a second or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit or privileges were revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state.
  - (d) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 11-501

of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when the defendant has previously been

- (1) convicted for a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of another state; or
- (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of another state; or
- (3) pleaded guilty to or stipulated to the facts supporting a charge or a finding of guilty to a violation of Section 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of another state, and the plea or stipulation was the result of a plea agreement.

The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting authority with regard to the standards set forth in this Section.

- (e) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 16A-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if said defendant has within the last 5 years been:
  - (1) convicted for a violation of Section 16A-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961; or
  - (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 16A-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961.

The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting authority with regard to the standards set forth in this Section.

- (f) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Sections 15-111, 15-112, 15-301, paragraph (b) of Section 6-104, Section 11-605, Section 11-1002.5, or Section 11-1414 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- (g) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (i) of this Section, the provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the defendant has within the last 5 years been:
  - (1) convicted for a violation of Section 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance; or
  - (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, or 5-401.3 of

the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.

The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting authority with regard to the standards set forth in this Section.

- (h) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant under the age of 21 years charged with violating a serious traffic offense as defined in Section 1-187.001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code:
  - (1) unless the defendant, upon payment of the fines, penalties, and costs provided by law, agrees to attend and successfully complete a traffic safety program approved by the court under standards set by the Conference of Chief Circuit Judges. The accused shall be responsible for payment of any traffic safety program fees. If the accused fails to file a certificate of successful completion on or before the termination date of the supervision order, the supervision shall be summarily revoked and conviction entered. The provisions of Supreme Court Rule 402 relating to pleas of guilty do not apply in cases when a defendant enters a guilty plea under this provision; or
    - (2) if the defendant has previously been sentenced under the provisions of paragraph
  - (c) on or after January 1, 1998 for any serious traffic offense as defined in Section 1-187.001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (h-1) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant under the age of 21 years charged with an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any violation of Section 6-107 or Section 12-603.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, unless the defendant, upon payment of the fines, penalties, and costs provided by law, agrees to attend and successfully complete a traffic safety program approved by the court under standards set by the Conference of Chief Circuit Judges. The accused shall be responsible for payment of any traffic safety program fees. If the accused fails to file a certificate of successful completion on or before the termination date of the supervision order, the supervision shall be summarily revoked and conviction entered. The provisions of Supreme Court Rule 402 relating to pleas of guilty do not apply in cases when a defendant enters a guilty plea under this provision.
- (i) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the defendant has been assigned supervision for a violation of Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- (j) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when the revocation or suspension was

for a violation of Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a violation of Section 11-501.1 or paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, if the defendant has within the last 10 years been:

- (1) convicted for a violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance; or
- (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- (k) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating any provision of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance that governs the movement of vehicles if, within the 12 months preceding the date of the defendant's arrest, the defendant has been assigned court supervision on 2 occasions for a violation that governs the movement of vehicles under the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- (1) A defendant charged with violating any provision of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance who, after a court appearance in the same matter, receives a disposition of supervision under subsection (c) shall pay an additional fee of \$20, to be collected as provided in Sections 27.5 and 27.6 of the Clerks of Courts Act. In addition to the \$20 fee, the person shall also pay a fee of \$5, which, if not waived by the court, shall be collected as provided in Sections 27.5 and 27.6 of the Clerks of Courts Act. The \$20 fee shall be disbursed as provided in Section 16-104c of the Illinois Vehicle Code. If the \$5 fee is collected, \$4.50 of the fee shall be deposited into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and Administrative Fund created by the Clerk of the Circuit Court and 50 cents of the fee shall be deposited into the Prisoner Review Board Vehicle and Equipment Fund in the State treasury.
- (m) Any person convicted of, or pleading guilty to , or placed on supervision for a serious traffic violation, as defined in

Section 1-187.001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a violation of a similar provision of a local ordinance shall pay an additional fee of \$20, to be disbursed as provided in Section 16-104d of that Code.

This subsection (m) becomes inoperative 7 years after the effective date of <u>Public Act 95-154</u> this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly.

(n) (m) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to any person under the age of 18 who commits an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any violation of Section 6-107 or Section 12-603.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, except upon personal appearance of the defendant in court and upon the written consent of the defendant's parent or legal guardian, executed before the presiding judge. The presiding judge shall have the authority to waive this requirement upon the showing of good cause by the defendant.

(Source: P.A. 94-169, eff. 1-1-06; 94-330, eff. 1-1-06; 94-375, eff. 1-1-06; 94-1009, eff. 1-1-07; 95-154, eff. 10-13-07; 95-302, eff. 1-1-08; 95-310, eff. 1-1-08; 95-377, eff. 1-1-08; 95-428, 8-24-07; revised 11-19-07.)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 95-400)

- Sec. 5-6-1. Sentences of Probation and of Conditional Discharge and Disposition of Supervision. The General Assembly finds that in order to protect the public, the criminal justice system must compel compliance with the conditions of probation by responding to violations with swift, certain and fair punishments and intermediate sanctions. The Chief Judge of each circuit shall adopt a system of structured, intermediate sanctions for violations of the terms and conditions of a sentence of probation, conditional discharge or disposition of supervision.
- (a) Except where specifically prohibited by other provisions of this Code, the court shall impose a sentence of probation or conditional discharge upon an offender unless, having regard to the nature and circumstance of the offense, and to the history, character and condition of the offender, the court is of the opinion that:
  - (1) his imprisonment or periodic imprisonment is necessary for the protection of the public; or
  - (2) probation or conditional discharge would deprecate the seriousness of the offender's conduct and would be inconsistent with the ends of justice; or
  - (3) a combination of imprisonment with concurrent or consecutive probation when an offender has been admitted into a drug court program under Section 20 of the Drug Court Treatment Act is necessary for the protection of the public and for the rehabilitation of the offender.

The court shall impose as a condition of a sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or supervision,

that the probation agency may invoke any sanction from the list of intermediate sanctions adopted by the chief judge of the circuit court for violations of the terms and conditions of the sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or supervision, subject to the provisions of Section 5-6-4 of this Act.

- (b) The court may impose a sentence of conditional discharge for an offense if the court is of the opinion that neither a sentence of imprisonment nor of periodic imprisonment nor of probation supervision is appropriate.
- (b-1) Subsections (a) and (b) of this Section do not apply to a defendant charged with a misdemeanor or felony under the Illinois Vehicle Code or reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if the defendant within the past 12 months has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a misdemeanor or felony under the Illinois Vehicle Code or reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- (c) The court may, upon a plea of guilty or a stipulation by the defendant of the facts supporting the charge or a finding of guilt, defer further proceedings and the imposition of a sentence, and enter an order for supervision of the defendant, if the defendant is not charged with: (i) a Class A misdemeanor, as defined by the following provisions of the Criminal Code of 1961: Sections 11-9.1; 12-3.2; 12-15; 26-5; 31-1; 31-6; 31-7; subsections (b) and (c) of Section 21-1; paragraph (1) through (5), (8), (10), and (11) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1; (ii) a Class A misdemeanor violation of Section 3.01, 3.03-1, or 4.01 of the Humane Care for Animals Act; or (iii) felony. If the defendant is not barred from receiving an order for supervision as provided in this subsection, the court may enter an order for supervision after considering the circumstances of the offense, and the history, character and condition of the offender, if the court is of the opinion that:
  - (1) the offender is not likely to commit further crimes;
  - (2) the defendant and the public would be best served if the defendant were not to receive a criminal record; and
  - (3) in the best interests of justice an order of supervision is more appropriate than a sentence otherwise permitted under this Code.
- (c-5) Subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this Section do not apply to a defendant charged with a second or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit or privileges were revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state.
- (d) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when the defendant has previously been:
  - (1) convicted for a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of another state; or
  - (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of another state; or
  - (3) pleaded guilty to or stipulated to the facts supporting a charge or a finding of guilty to a violation of Section 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of another state, and the plea or stipulation was the result of a plea agreement.

The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting authority with regard to the standards set forth in this Section.

- (e) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 16A-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if said defendant has within the last 5 years been:
  - (1) convicted for a violation of Section 16A-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961; or
  - (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 16A-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961.

The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting authority with regard to the standards set forth in this Section.

- (f) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Sections 15-111, 15-112, 15-301, paragraph (b) of Section 6-104, Section 11-605, Section 11-1002.5, or Section 11-1414 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- (g) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (i) of this Section, the provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the defendant has within the last 5 years been:
  - (1) convicted for a violation of Section 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance; or

(2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.

The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting authority with regard to the standards set forth in this Section.

- (h) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant under the age of 21 years charged with violating a serious traffic offense as defined in Section 1-187.001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code:
  - (1) unless the defendant, upon payment of the fines, penalties, and costs provided by law, agrees to attend and successfully complete a traffic safety program approved by the court under standards set by the Conference of Chief Circuit Judges. The accused shall be responsible for payment of any traffic safety program fees. If the accused fails to file a certificate of successful completion on or before the termination date of the supervision order, the supervision shall be summarily revoked and conviction entered. The provisions of Supreme Court Rule 402 relating to pleas of guilty do not apply in cases when a defendant enters a guilty plea under this provision; or
    - (2) if the defendant has previously been sentenced under the provisions of paragraph
  - (c) on or after January 1, 1998 for any serious traffic offense as defined in Section 1-187.001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (h-1) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant under the age of 21 years charged with an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any violation of Section 6-107 or Section 12-603.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, unless the defendant, upon payment of the fines, penalties, and costs provided by law, agrees to attend and successfully complete a traffic safety program approved by the court under standards set by the Conference of Chief Circuit Judges. The accused shall be responsible for payment of any traffic safety program fees. If the accused fails to file a certificate of successful completion on or before the termination date of the supervision order, the supervision shall be summarily revoked and conviction entered. The provisions of Supreme Court Rule 402 relating to pleas of guilty do not apply in cases when a defendant enters a guilty plea under this provision.
- (i) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the defendant has been assigned supervision for a violation of Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- (j) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a violation of Section 11-501.1 or paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of the Illinois Vehicle Code; if the defendant has within the last 10 years been:
  - (1) convicted for a violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance; or
  - (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
  - (k) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating any provision of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance that governs the movement of vehicles if, within the 12 months preceding the date of the defendant's arrest, the defendant has been assigned court supervision on 2 occasions for a violation that governs the movement of vehicles under the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
  - (1) A defendant charged with violating any provision of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance who, after a court appearance in the same matter, receives a disposition of supervision under subsection (c) shall pay an additional fee of \$20, to be collected as provided in Sections 27.5 and 27.6 of the Clerks of Courts Act. In addition to the \$20 fee, the person shall also pay a fee of \$5, which, if not waived by the court, shall be collected as provided in Sections 27.5 and 27.6 of the Clerks of Courts Act. The \$20 fee shall be disbursed as provided in Section 16-104c of the Illinois Vehicle Code. If the \$5 fee is collected, \$4.50 of the fee shall be deposited into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and Administrative Fund created by the Clerk of the Circuit Court and 50 cents of the fee shall be deposited into the Prisoner Review Board Vehicle and Equipment Fund in the State treasury.
- (m) Any person convicted of, or pleading guilty to , or placed on supervision for a serious traffic violation, as defined in

Section 1-187.001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a violation of a similar provision of a local ordinance shall pay an additional fee of \$20, to be

disbursed as provided in Section 16-104d of that Code.

This subsection (m) becomes inoperative 7 years after the effective date of <u>Public Act 95-154</u> this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly.

- (n) (m) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to any person under the age of 18 who commits an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any violation of Section 6-107 or Section 12-603.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, except upon personal appearance of the defendant in court and upon the written consent of the defendant's parent or legal guardian, executed before the presiding judge. The presiding judge shall have the authority to waive this requirement upon the showing of good cause by the defendant.
- (o) (m) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when the suspension was for a violation of Section 11-501.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and when:
  - (1) at the time of the violation of Section 11-501.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, the defendant was a first offender pursuant to Section 11-500 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and the defendant failed to obtain a monitoring device driving permit; or
  - (2) at the time of the violation of Section 11-501.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, the defendant was a first offender pursuant to Section 11-500 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, had subsequently obtained a monitoring device driving permit, but was driving a vehicle not equipped with a breath alcohol ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

(Source: P.A. 94-169, eff. 1-1-06; 94-330, eff. 1-1-06; 94-375, eff. 1-1-06; 94-1009, eff. 1-1-07; 95-154, eff. 10-13-07; 95-302, eff. 1-1-08; 95-310, eff. 1-1-08; 95-377, eff. 1-1-08; 95-400, eff. 1-1-09; 95-428, 8-24-07; revised 11-19-07.)

Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1, 2008.".

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

Having been reproduced, the following bill was taken up, read by title a second time and held on the order of Second Reading: HOUSE BILL 5227.

# **RECALL**

At the request of the principal sponsor, Representative Mautino, HOUSE BILL 4940 was recalled from the order of Third Reading to the order of Second Reading.

#### HOUSE BILLS ON SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL 4940. Having been recalled on May 8, 2008, the same was again taken up. Representative Mautino offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. 2 . Amend House Bill 4940, AS AMENDED, by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 is amended by changing Section 6.11 as follows:

(5 ILCS 375/6.11)

Sec. 6.11. Required health benefits; Illinois Insurance Code requirements. The program of health benefits shall provide the post-mastectomy care benefits required to be covered by a policy of accident and health insurance under Section 356t of the Illinois Insurance Code. The program of health benefits shall provide the coverage required under Sections 356g.5, 356u, 356w, 356x, 356z.2, 356z.4, 356z.6, and 356z.9, 356z.10, and 356z.11 and 356z.9 of the Illinois Insurance Code. The program of health benefits must

comply with Section 155.37 of the Illinois Insurance Code. (Source: P.A. 95-189, eff. 8-16-07; 95-422, eff. 8-24-07; 95-520, eff. 8-28-07; revised 12-4-07.)

Section 10. The Illinois Insurance Code is amended by adding Section 356z.11 as follows: (215 ILCS 5/356z.11 new)

Sec. 356z.11. Wellness coverage.

- (a) A group or individual policy of accident and health insurance or managed care plan amended, delivered, issued, or renewed after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly that provides coverage for hospital or medical treatment on an expense incurred basis may offer a reasonably designed program for wellness coverage that allows for a reward, a health spending account contribution, a reduction in premiums or reduced medical, prescription drug, or equipment copayments, coinsurance, or deductibles, or a combination of these incentives, for participation in any health behavior wellness, maintenance, or improvement program approved or offered by the insurer or managed care plan. The insured or enrollee may be required to provide evidence of participation in a program, demonstrative compliance with treatment recommendations, or improvement of the individual's or dependent's health behaviors as determined by the health insurer or managed care plan.
- (b) For purposes of this Section, "wellness coverage" means health care coverage with the primary purpose to engage and motivate the insured or enrollee through: incentives; provision of health education, counseling, and self-management skills; identification of modifiable health risks; and other activities to influence health behavior changes.
- (c) Incentives as outlined in this Section are specific and unique to the offering of wellness coverage and have no application to any other required or optional health care benefit.
- (d) Such wellness coverage shall satisfy the requirements for an exception from the general prohibition against discrimination based on a health factor under the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (P.L. 104-191; 110 Stat. 1936), including any federal regulations that are adopted pursuant to that Act.
- (e) A reward, health spending account contribution, or reduction established under this Section does not violate Section 151 of this Code.
- (f) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

Section 15. The Health Maintenance Organization Act is amended by changing Section 5-3 as follows: (215 ILCS 125/5-3) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1411.2)

Sec. 5-3. Insurance Code provisions.

- (a) Health Maintenance Organizations shall be subject to the provisions of Sections 133, 134, 137, 140, 141.1, 141.2, 141.3, 143, 143c, 147, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153, 154, 154.5, 154.6, 154.7, 154.8, 155.04, 355.2, 356m, 356v, 356w, 356w, 356v, 356z.2, 356z.4, 356z.5, 356z.6, 356z.8, 356z.9, 356z.10, 356z.11, 356z.9, 364.01, 367.2, 367.2-5, 367i, 368a, 368b, 368c, 368d, 368e, 370c, 401, 401.1, 402, 403, 403A, 408, 408.2, 409, 412, 444, and 444.1, paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of Section 367, and Articles IIA, VIII 1/2, XII, XIII 1/2, XXV, and XXVI of the Illinois Insurance Code.
- (b) For purposes of the Illinois Insurance Code, except for Sections 444 and 444.1 and Articles XIII and XIII 1/2, Health Maintenance Organizations in the following categories are deemed to be "domestic companies":
  - (1) a corporation authorized under the Dental Service Plan Act or the Voluntary Health Services Plans Act;
  - (2) a corporation organized under the laws of this State; or

- (3) a corporation organized under the laws of another state, 30% or more of the enrollees of which are residents of this State, except a corporation subject to substantially the same requirements in its state of organization as is a "domestic company" under Article VIII 1/2 of the Illinois Insurance Code.
- (c) In considering the merger, consolidation, or other acquisition of control of a Health Maintenance Organization pursuant to Article VIII 1/2 of the Illinois Insurance Code,
  - (1) the Director shall give primary consideration to the continuation of benefits to enrollees and the financial conditions of the acquired Health Maintenance Organization after the merger, consolidation, or other acquisition of control takes effect;
  - (2)(i) the criteria specified in subsection (1)(b) of Section 131.8 of the Illinois Insurance Code shall not apply and (ii) the Director, in making his determination with respect to the merger, consolidation, or other acquisition of control, need not take into account the effect on competition of the merger, consolidation, or other acquisition of control;
    - (3) the Director shall have the power to require the following information:
      - (A) certification by an independent actuary of the adequacy of the reserves of the Health Maintenance Organization sought to be acquired;
    - (B) pro forma financial statements reflecting the combined balance sheets of the acquiring company and the Health Maintenance Organization sought to be acquired as of the end of the preceding year and as of a date 90 days prior to the acquisition, as well as pro forma financial statements reflecting projected combined operation for a period of 2 years;
    - (C) a pro forma business plan detailing an acquiring party's plans with respect to the operation of the Health Maintenance Organization sought to be acquired for a period of not less than 3 years; and
      - (D) such other information as the Director shall require.
- (d) The provisions of Article VIII 1/2 of the Illinois Insurance Code and this Section 5-3 shall apply to the sale by any health maintenance organization of greater than 10% of its enrollee population (including without limitation the health maintenance organization's right, title, and interest in and to its health care certificates).
- (e) In considering any management contract or service agreement subject to Section 141.1 of the Illinois Insurance Code, the Director (i) shall, in addition to the criteria specified in Section 141.2 of the Illinois Insurance Code, take into account the effect of the management contract or service agreement on the continuation of benefits to enrollees and the financial condition of the health maintenance organization to be managed or serviced, and (ii) need not take into account the effect of the management contract or service agreement on competition.
- (f) Except for small employer groups as defined in the Small Employer Rating, Renewability and Portability Health Insurance Act and except for medicare supplement policies as defined in Section 363 of the Illinois Insurance Code, a Health Maintenance Organization may by contract agree with a group or other enrollment unit to effect refunds or charge additional premiums under the following terms and conditions:
  - (i) the amount of, and other terms and conditions with respect to, the refund or additional premium are set forth in the group or enrollment unit contract agreed in advance of the period for which a refund is to be paid or additional premium is to be charged (which period shall not be less than one year); and
  - (ii) the amount of the refund or additional premium shall not exceed 20% of the Health Maintenance Organization's profitable or unprofitable experience with respect to the group or other enrollment unit for the period (and, for purposes of a refund or additional premium, the profitable or unprofitable experience shall be calculated taking into account a pro rata share of the Health Maintenance Organization's administrative and marketing expenses, but shall not include any refund to be made or additional premium to be paid pursuant to this subsection (f)). The Health Maintenance Organization and the group or enrollment unit may agree that the profitable or unprofitable experience may be calculated taking into account the refund period and the immediately preceding 2 plan years.

The Health Maintenance Organization shall include a statement in the evidence of coverage issued to each enrollee describing the possibility of a refund or additional premium, and upon request of any group or enrollment unit, provide to the group or enrollment unit a description of the method used to calculate (1) the Health Maintenance Organization's profitable experience with respect to the group or enrollment unit and the resulting refund to the group or enrollment unit or (2) the Health Maintenance Organization's unprofitable experience with respect to the group or enrollment unit and the resulting additional premium to

be paid by the group or enrollment unit.

In no event shall the Illinois Health Maintenance Organization Guaranty Association be liable to pay any contractual obligation of an insolvent organization to pay any refund authorized under this Section. (Source: P.A. 94-906, eff. 1-1-07; 94-1076, eff. 12-29-06; 95-422, eff. 8-24-07; 95-520, eff. 8-28-07;

revised 12-4-07.)
Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January 1, 2009.".

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 2 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 2 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was to the order of Third Reading

Having been reproduced, the following bill was taken up, read by title a second time and advanced to the order of Third Reading: HOUSE BILL 4249.

HOUSE BILL 4673. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Registration and Regulation, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 4673 on page 4, lines 3 and 4, by replacing "with the authority to administer anesthesia" with "licensed"; and on page 8, lines 7 and 8, by replacing "with the authority to administer anesthesia" with "licensed".

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

HOUSE BILL 4762. Having been recalled on April 30, 2008, and held on the order of Second Reading, the same was again taken up.

Representative Saviano offered the following amendment and moved its adoption.

AMENDMENT NO. 2 . Amend House Bill 4762 on page 6, immediately below line 1, by inserting the following:

"(d-5) The practice of professional geology by any person pursuing a course of study leading to a degree in geology from an accredited college or university as set forth in this Act and by rule, provided that (i) such practice constitutes a part of a supervised course of study, (ii) the person is under the supervision of a geologist licensed under this Act, and (iii) the person is designated by a title that clearly indicates his or her status as a student or trainee."

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 2 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 2 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

HOUSE BILL 4777. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Health Care Availability and Access, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO. 1. Amend House Bill 4777 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Perfusionist Practice Act is amended by changing Sections 45 and 70 and by adding Section 75 as follows:

(225 ILCS 125/45)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 45. Application of Act. This Act shall not be construed to prohibit the following:

- (1) a person licensed in this State under any other Act from engaging in the practice for which he or she is licensed;
- (2) a student enrolled in an accredited perfusion education program from performing perfusion services if perfusion services performed by the student:
  - (A) are an integral part of the student's course of study; and
  - (B) are performed under the direct supervision of a licensed perfusionist who is assigned to supervise the student and who is on duty and immediately available in the assigned patient care area;
- (3) a new graduate from performing perfusion services, if perfusion services performed by the new graduate perfusionist: (A) are necessary to fulfill the eligibility requirements for the ABCP certification examination required under subsection (3) of Section 30; and (B) are performed under the direct supervision and responsibility of a licensed perfusionist who is assigned to supervise the graduate perfusionist or a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches and who is on duty and immediately available in the assigned patient care area;
- (4) any legally qualified perfusionist employed by the United States government from engaging in the practice of perfusion while in the discharge of his or her official duties; or
- (5) one or more licensed perfusionists from forming a professional service corporation in accordance with the Professional Service Corporation Act.

(Source: P.A. 91-580, eff. 1-1-00.)

(225 ILCS 125/70)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 70. Renewal, reinstatement or restoration of license; continuing education; military service. The expiration date and renewal period for each license issued under this Act shall be set by the Department by rule. The renewal period for licenses issued under this Act shall be every 2 years. A licensee may renew his or her license during the month preceding the expiration date of the license by paying the required fee. It is the responsibility of the licensee to notify the Department in writing of a change of address. As a condition of renewal, a licensee must show proof of continued and current national certification. Renewal shall be conditioned on paying the required fee and meeting other requirements as may be established by rule.

A licensee who has permitted his or her license to expire or who has had his or her license on inactive status may have the license restored by making application to the Department, by filing proof acceptable to the Department of his or her fitness to have the license restored, and by paying the required fees. Proof of fitness may include sworn evidence certifying to active lawful practice in another jurisdiction.

If the licensee has not maintained an active practice in another jurisdiction satisfactory to the Department, the Department shall determine, by an evaluation program established by rule, his or her fitness for restoration of the license and shall establish procedures and requirements for restoration. However, a licensee whose license expired while he or she was (1) in federal service on active duty with the Armed Forces of the United States or the State Militia called into service or training or (2) in training or education under the supervision of the United States before induction into the military service, may have the license restored without paying any lapsed renewal fees if within 2 years after honorable termination of the service, training, or education he or she furnishes the Department with satisfactory evidence to the effect that he or she has been so engaged and that his or her service, training, or education has been so terminated.

(Source: P.A. 91-580, eff. 1-1-00.)

(225 ILCS 125/75 new)

Sec. 75. Continued education. Each licensee must complete 30 hours of continuing education during each 2-year license renewal period.

All licensees must maintain records of completion of the required continuing education hours set forth under this Section and be prepared to produce such records upon request by the Department.

Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General

Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.".

Representative Saviano offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 4777, AS AMENDED, with reference to page and line numbers of House Amendment No. 1 as follows:

on page 2, line 6, after "services", by inserting the following:

"for a period of 14 months after the date of his or her graduation from a Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs accredited perfusion education program"; and

on page 2, by replacing lines 11 through 15 with the following:

"supervision and responsibility of a licensed perfusionist or a physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches who is assigned to supervise the <u>new</u> graduate perfusionist and who is <del>on duty and</del> immediately available in the assigned patient care area;"; and

on page 4, line 15, after the period, by inserting the following:

"The Department may, but is not required to, approve continuing education programs offered, provided, and approved by the American Board of Cardiovascular Perfusion or its successor agency to meet the 30-hour continuing education requirement set forth in this Section."

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 2 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendments numbered 1 and 2 were ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

HOUSE BILL 4778. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

The following amendment was offered in the Committee on Registration and Regulation, adopted and reproduced:

AMENDMENT NO.  $\underline{1}$ . Amend House Bill 4778 on page 21, line 14, by deleting "as set by rule"; and

on page 22, immediately below line 26, by inserting the following:

"(d) Notwithstanding any other rulemaking authority that may exist, neither the Governor nor any agency or agency head under the jurisdiction of the Governor has any authority to make or promulgate rules to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly. If, however, the Governor believes that rules are necessary to implement or enforce the provisions of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, the Governor may suggest rules to the General Assembly by filing them with the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate and by requesting that the General Assembly authorize such rulemaking by law, enact those suggested rules into law, or take any other appropriate action in the General Assembly's discretion. Nothing contained in this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly shall be interpreted to grant rulemaking authority under any other Illinois statute where such authority is not otherwise explicitly given. For the purposes of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly, "rules" is given the meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, and "agency" and "agency head" are given the meanings contained in Sections 1-20 and 1-25 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act to the extent that such definitions apply to agencies or agency heads under the jurisdiction of the Governor."

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 1 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

HOUSE BILL 2518. Having been reproduced, was taken up and read by title a second time.

Representative Jakobsson offered and withdrew Amendment No. 1.

Representative Jakobsson offered the following amendment and moved its adoption:

AMENDMENT NO. 2. Amend House Bill 2518 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following:

"Section 5. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by changing Section 11-15.1-2.1 as follows:

(65 ILCS 5/11-15.1-2.1) (from Ch. 24, par. 11-15.1-2.1)

Sec. 11-15.1-2.1. Annexation agreement; municipal jurisdiction.

- (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), property that is the subject of an annexation agreement adopted under this Division is subject to the ordinances, control, and jurisdiction of the annexing municipality in all respects the same as property that lies within the annexing municipality's corporate limits.
- (b) This Section shall not apply in (i) a county with a population of more than 3,000,000, (ii) a county that borders a county with a population of more than 3,000,000 or (iii) a county with a population of more than 246,000 according to the 1990 federal census and bordered by the Mississippi River, unless the parties to the annexation agreement have, at the time the agreement is signed, ownership or control of all property that would make the property that is the subject of the agreement contiguous to the annexing municipality, in which case the property that is the subject of the annexation agreement is subject to the ordinances, control, and jurisdiction of the municipality in all respects the same as property owned by the municipality that lies within its corporate limits.
- (c) In the case of property that is located in Boone, <u>Champaign</u>, DeKalb, Grundy, Kankakee, Kendall, LaSalle, Ogle, or Winnebago County, if the property that is the subject of an annexation agreement is located within 1.5 miles of the corporate boundaries of the municipality, that property is subject to the ordinances, control, and jurisdiction of the annexing municipality. If the property is located more than 1.5 miles from the corporate boundaries of the annexing municipality, that property is subject to the ordinances, control, and jurisdiction of the annexing municipality unless the county board retains jurisdiction by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of its members.
- (d) If the county board retains jurisdiction under subsection (c) of this Section, the annexing municipality may file a request for jurisdiction with the county board on a case by case basis. If the county board agrees by the affirmative vote of a majority of its members, then the property covered by the annexation agreement shall be subject to the ordinances, control, and jurisdiction of the annexing municipality. (Source: P.A. 95-175, eff. 1-1-08.)".

The foregoing motion prevailed and Amendment No. 2 was adopted.

There being no further amendments, the foregoing Amendment No. 2 was ordered engrossed; and the bill, as amended, was advanced to the order of Third Reading.

## AGREED RESOLUTIONS

HOUSE RESOLUTIONS 1274, 1275, 1277 and 1279 were taken up for consideration. Representative Currie moved the adoption of the agreed resolutions. The motion prevailed and the agreed resolutions were adopted.

# ADJOURNMENT RESOLUTION HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 133

Representative Currie offered the following resolution:

RESOLVED, BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, THE SENATE CONCURRING HEREIN, that when the two Houses adjourn on Thursday, May 08, 2008, they stand adjourned until Tuesday, May 13, 2008 at

#### 12:00 o'clock noon.

The motion prevailed and the resolution was taken up for immediate consideration.

Representative Currie moved the adoption of the resolution.

The motion prevailed and the resolution was adopted.

Ordered that the Clerk inform the Senate and ask their concurrence.

At the hour of 1:29 o'clock p.m., Representative Hannig moved that the House do now adjourn. The motion prevailed.

And in accordance therewith and pursuant to HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 133, the House stood adjourned until Tuesday, May 13, 2008, at 12:00 o'clock noon.

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#### STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL QUORUM ROLL CALL FOR ATTENDANCE

NO. 1

May 08, 2008

0 YEAS	0 NAYS	109 PRESENT	
P Acevedo P Arroyo P Bassi P Beaubien P Beiser P Bellock P Berrios P Biggins P Black P Boland P Bost P Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard P Brady P Brauer P Brosnahan	P Dugan E Dunkin P Dunn P Durkin P Eddy P Feigenholtz P Flider E Flowers P Ford P Fortner P Franks P Fritchey P Froehlich P Golar E Gordon P Graham	P Krause P Lang P Leitch P Lindner P Lyons P Mathias P Mautino P May P McAuliffe P McCarthy P McGuire P Meyer P Miller P Mitchell, Bill P Mitchell, Jerry	P Reboletti P Reis P Reitz P Ritey P Rita P Rose P Ryg P Sacia P Saviano P Schmitz P Schock P Scully P Smith P Sommer P Soto E Stephens
P Brosnahan P Burke P Chapa LaVia P Coladipietro	P Graham P Granberg P Hamos P Hannig	P Mitchell, Jerry P Moffitt P Molaro E Mulligan	E Stephens P Sullivan E Tracy P Tryon
P Cole P Collins	P Harris P Hassert	P Munson P Myers	P Turner P Verschoore
P Colvin P Coulson P Crespo	P Hernandez P Hoffman P Holbrook	P Nekritz P Osmond P Osterman	P Wait E Washington E Watson
P Cross P Cultra P Currie	P Howard P Jakobsson P Jefferies	P Patterson P Phelps P Pihos	P Winters P Yarbrough P Younge
P D'Amico P Davis, Monique P Davis, William	P Jefferson P Joyce P Kosel	P Poe P Pritchard P Ramey	P Mr. Speaker

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 2248 REGULATION-TECH THIRD READING PASSED

May 08, 2008

109 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro Y Cole Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson Y Crespo	Y Dugan E Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider E Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y MeGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro E Mulligan Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto E Stephens Y Sullivan E Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson
Y Crespo	Y Holbrook	Y Osterman	E Watson
Y Cross Y Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Howard Y Jakobsson Y Jefferies Y Jefferson Y Joyce Y Kosel	Y Patterson Y Phelps Y Pihos Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey	Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Younge Y Mr. Speaker

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 5493 SCH CD-UNIV-SIGN LANGUAGE CRED THIRD READING PASSED

76

May 08, 2008

109 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia	Y Dugan E Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider E Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y MeGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Moffitt Y Molaro	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reis Y Ritz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto E Stephens Y Sullivan E Tracy Y Tryon
Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro Y Cole Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson Y Crespo Y Cross	E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook Y Howard	Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro E Mulligan Y Munson Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman Y Patterson	Y Soto E Stephens Y Sullivan E Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson Y Winters
Y Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Jakobsson Y Jefferies Y Jefferson Y Joyce Y Kosel	Y Phelps Y Pihos Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey	Y Yarbrough Y Younge Y Mr. Speaker

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4370 FLEX TIME-TECH THIRD READING PASSED

May 08, 2008

109 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro Y Cole Y Collins Y Coulson Y Crespo Y Cross	Y Dugan E Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider E Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook Y Howard	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro E Mulligan Y Munson Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman Y Patterson	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto E Stephens Y Sullivan E Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson Y Winters
Y Colvin	Y Hernandez	Y Nekritz	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Hoffman	Y Osmond	E Washington
Y Crespo	Y Holbrook	Y Osterman	E Watson
Y Coladipietro	Y Hannig	E Mulligan	Y Tryon
Y Cole	Y Harris	Y Munson	Y Turner
Y Collins	Y Hassert	Y Myers	Y Verschoore
Y Coulson	Y Hoffman	Y Osmond	E Washington E Watson Y Winters Y Yarbrough
Y Crespo	Y Holbrook	Y Osterman	
Y Cross	Y Howard	Y Patterson	
Y Cultra	Y Jakobsson	Y Phelps	
Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Joyce Y Kosel	Y Ramey	

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 562 PENCD-ECON OPPORTUNITY INVEST THIRD READING PASSED

78

May 08, 2008

109 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro Y Cole Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson	Y Dugan E Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider E Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y MeGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro E Mulligan Y Murson Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto E Stephens Y Sullivan E Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson
Y Crespo	Y Holbrook	Y Osterman	E Watson
Y Crespo Y Cross Y Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique	Y Holbrook Y Howard Y Jakobsson Y Jefferies Y Jefferson Y Joyce	Y Osterman Y Patterson Y Phelps Y Pihos Y Poe Y Pritchard	E Watson Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Younge Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, William	Y Kosel	Y Ramey	

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4172 EPA-COAL COMBUSTION BY-PRODUCT THIRD READING PASSED

May 08, 2008

109 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer	O NAYS  Y Dugan E Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider E Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto
Y Brady	Y Golar	Y Miller	Y Sommer
Y Crespo Y Cross Y Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Holbrook Y Howard Y Jakobsson Y Jefferies Y Jefferson Y Joyce Y Kosel	Y Osterman Y Patterson Y Phelps Y Pihos Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey	E Watson Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Younge Y Mr. Speaker

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 2819 REGULATION-TECH THIRD READING PASSED

May 08, 2008

94 YEAS	14 NAYS	1 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo	Y Dugan	N Krause	Y Reboletti
Y Arroyo	E Dunkin	Y Lang	Y Reis
Y Bassi	Y Dunn	Y Leitch	Y Reitz
Y Beaubien	Y Durkin	Y Lindner	Y Riley
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	E Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Ford	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fortner	N McCarthy	N Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Franks	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	N Fritchey	Y Mendoza	Y Scully
E Bradley, Richard	Y Froehlich	Y Meyer	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Golar	N Miller	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	E Gordon	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Soto
N Brosnahan	Y Graham	Y Mitchell, Jerry	E Stephens
Y Burke	Y Granberg	Y Moffitt	Y Sullivan
P Chapa LaVia	Y Hamos	Y Molaro	E Tracy
Y Coladipietro	Y Hannig	E Mulligan	Y Tryon
N Cole	Y Harris	N Munson	Y Turner
Y Collins	Y Hassert	Y Myers	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hernandez	N Nekritz	Y Wait
N Coulson	Y Hoffman	N Osmond	E Washington
Y Crespo	Y Holbrook	Y Osterman	E Watson
Y Cross	Y Howard	Y Patterson	Y Winters
Y Cultra	Y Jakobsson	Y Phelps	Y Yarbrough
N Currie	Y Jefferies	N Pihos	Y Younge
Y D'Amico	Y Jefferson	Y Poe	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	N Joyce	Y Pritchard	1
Y Davis, William	Y Kosel	Y Ramey	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4127 COMMEMORATE ADLAI STEVENSON THIRD READING PASSED

May 08, 2008

109 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer	O NAYS  Y Dugan E Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider E Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto
Y Brady	Y Golar	Y Miller	Y Sommer
Y Crespo Y Cross Y Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Holbrook Y Howard Y Jakobsson Y Jefferies Y Jefferson Y Joyce Y Kosel	Y Osterman Y Patterson Y Phelps Y Pihos Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey	E Watson Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Younge Y Mr. Speaker

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4266 SCH CD-ST AID-INT NOT EARNED THIRD READING PASSED

May 08, 2008

109 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Cole Y Collins	Y Dugan E Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider E Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y MeGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Molaro E Mulligan Y Munson Y Myers	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto E Stephens Y Sullivan E Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore
Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro Y Cole	Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris	Y Molaro E Mulligan Y Munson	E Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 2212 EDUCATION-TECH THIRD READING PASSED

May 08, 2008

109 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro Y Cole Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson	Y Dugan E Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider E Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y MeGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro E Mulligan Y Murson Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto E Stephens Y Sullivan E Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson
Y Crespo	Y Holbrook	Y Osterman	E Watson
Y Crespo Y Cross Y Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique	Y Holbrook Y Howard Y Jakobsson Y Jefferies Y Jefferson Y Joyce	Y Osterman Y Patterson Y Phelps Y Pihos Y Poe Y Pritchard	E Watson Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Younge Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, William	Y Kosel	Y Ramey	

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 5950 PUB HLTH-FITNESS WEBSITE THIRD READING PASSED

May 08, 2008

109 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro Y Cole Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson Y Crespo	Y Dugan E Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider E Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro E Mulligan Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto E Stephens Y Sullivan E Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson
			E Washington
Y Cross Y Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Howard Y Jakobsson Y Jefferies Y Jefferson Y Joyce Y Kosel	Y Patterson Y Phelps Y Pihos Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey	Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Younge Y Mr. Speaker

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4158 \$SUPP-DNR THIRD READING PASSED

May 08, 2008

109 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke	Y Dugan E Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider E Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Moffitt	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto E Stephens Y Sullivan
Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro Y Cole Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson Y Crespo	E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook	Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro E Mulligan Y Munson Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman	Y Soto E Stephens Y Sullivan E Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson
Y Cross Y Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Howard Y Jakobsson Y Jefferies Y Jefferson Y Joyce Y Kosel	Y Patterson Y Phelps Y Pihos Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey	Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Younge Y Mr. Speaker

#### STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL **HOUSE BILL 4319** CRIM CD-PRED CRIM SEX ASS CHLD THIRD READING PASSED

86

May 08, 2008

108 YEAS	1 NAY	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro Y Cole Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson	Y Dugan E Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider E Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt N Molaro E Mulligan Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto E Stephens Y Sullivan E Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington
Y Cross Y Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Howard Y Jakobsson Y Jefferies Y Jefferson Y Joyce Y Kosel	Y Patterson Y Phelps Y Pihos Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey	Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Younge Y Mr. Speaker

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 5159 RAILROAD POLICE-MISCONDUCT THIRD READING PASSED

May 08, 2008

91 YEAS	17 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo	Y Dugan	N Krause	Y Reboletti
Y Arroyo	E Dunkin	Y Lang	Y Reis
N Bassi	N Dunn	N Leitch	Y Reitz
N Beaubien	A Durkin	N Lindner	Y Riley
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons	Y Rita
N Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	N Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	E Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Ford	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fortner	Y McCarthy	N Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Franks	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Fritchey	Y Mendoza	Y Scully
E Bradley, Richard	Y Froehlich	Y Meyer	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Golar	Y Miller	N Sommer
N Brauer	E Gordon	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Graham	N Mitchell, Jerry	E Stephens
Y Burke	Y Granberg	Y Moffitt	N Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hamos	Y Molaro	E Tracy
Y Coladipietro	Y Hannig	E Mulligan	Y Tryon
N Cole	Y Harris	Y Munson	Y Turner
Y Collins	Y Hassert	Y Myers	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hernandez	Y Nekritz	Y Wait
N Coulson	Y Hoffman	Y Osmond	E Washington
Y Crespo	Y Holbrook	Y Osterman	E Watson
Y Cross	Y Howard	Y Patterson	Y Winters
N Cultra	Y Jakobsson	Y Phelps	Y Yarbrough
Y Currie	Y Jefferies	Y Pihos	Y Younge
Y D'Amico	Y Jefferson	Y Poe	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Joyce	Y Pritchard	ī
Y Davis, William	N Kosel	Y Ramey	

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 5908 CRIME VICTIMS THIRD READING PASSED

May 08, 2008

109 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo	Y Dugan	Y Krause	Y Reboletti
Y Arroyo	E Dunkin	Y Lang	Y Reis
Y Bassi	Y Dunn	Y Leitch	Y Reitz
Y Beaubien	Y Durkin	Y Lindner	Y Riley
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	E Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Ford	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fortner	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Franks	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Fritchey	Y Mendoza	Y Scully
E Bradley, Richard	Y Froehlich	Y Meyer	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Golar	Y Miller	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	E Gordon	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Graham	Y Mitchell, Jerry	E Stephens
Y Burke	Y Granberg	Y Moffitt	Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hamos	Y Molaro	E Tracy
Y Coladipietro	Y Hannig	E Mulligan	Y Tryon
Y Cole	Y Harris	Y Munson	Y Turner
Y Collins	Y Hassert	Y Myers	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hernandez	Y Nekritz	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Hoffman	Y Osmond	E Washington
Y Crespo	Y Holbrook	Y Osterman	E Watson
Y Cross	Y Howard	Y Patterson	Y Winters
Y Cultra	Y Jakobsson	Y Phelps	Y Yarbrough
Y Currie	Y Jefferies	Y Pihos	Y Younge
Y D'Amico	Y Jefferson	Y Poe	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Joyce	Y Pritchard	
Y Davis, William	Y Kosel	Y Ramey	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 5687 CRIM CD-SEX OFFENSES-CHILD THIRD READING PASSED

May 08, 2008

109 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser	Y Dugan E Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita
Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black	Y Feigenholtz Y Flider E Flowers Y Ford	Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe	Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano
<ul><li>Y Boland</li><li>Y Bost</li><li>Y Bradley, John</li><li>E Bradley, Richard</li></ul>	Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich	Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer	Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith
Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke	Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg	Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt	Y Sommer Y Soto E Stephens Y Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro Y Cole Y Collins	Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert	Y Molaro E Mulligan Y Munson Y Myers	E Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore
Y Colvin Y Coulson Y Crespo Y Cross Y Cultra	Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook Y Howard Y Jakobsson	Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman Y Patterson Y Phelps	Y Wait E Washington E Watson Y Winters Y Yarbrough
Y Currie Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Jefferies Y Jefferson Y Joyce Y Kosel	Y Pihos Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey	Y Younge Y Mr. Speaker

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 5343 JUV CT-DELINQUENCY AGE THIRD READING PASSED

May 08, 2008

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4808 \$DCEO-OGLESBY SEWER THIRD READING PASSED

May 08, 2008

108 YEAS	1 NAY	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo	Y Dugan	Y Krause	Y Reboletti
Y Arroyo	E Dunkin	Y Lang	Y Reis
Y Bassi	Y Dunn	Y Leitch	Y Reitz
Y Beaubien	Y Durkin	Y Lindner	Y Riley
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	E Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Ford	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	Y Fortner	Y McCarthy	Y Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Franks	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Fritchey	Y Mendoza	Y Scully
E Bradley, Richard	Y Froehlich	Y Meyer	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Golar	Y Miller	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	E Gordon	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Graham	Y Mitchell, Jerry	E Stephens
Y Burke	Y Granberg	Y Moffitt	N Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hamos	Y Molaro	E Tracy
Y Coladipietro	Y Hannig	E Mulligan	Y Tryon
Y Cole	Y Harris	Y Munson	Y Turner
Y Collins	Y Hassert	Y Myers	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hernandez	Y Nekritz	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Hoffman	Y Osmond	E Washington
Y Crespo	Y Holbrook	Y Osterman	E Watson
Y Cross	Y Howard	Y Patterson	Y Winters
Y Cultra	Y Jakobsson	Y Phelps	Y Yarbrough
Y Currie	Y Jefferies	Y Pihos	Y Younge
Y D'Amico	Y Jefferson	Y Poe	Y Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Joyce	Y Pritchard	•
Y Davis, William	Y Kosel	Y Ramey	

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4920 CONTRACTR PROMPT PAY-RETAINAGE THIRD READING PASSED

May 08, 2008

106 YEAS	3 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi N Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro Y Cole Y Collins Y Coulson Y Crespo Y Cross	Y Dugan E Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider E Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook Y Howard	Y Krause Y Lang N Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y MeGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro E Mulligan Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman Y Patterson	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock N Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto E Stephens Y Sullivan E Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson Y Winters
Y Crespo	Y Holbrook	Y Osterman	E Watson
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# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 6310 \$IDPH-HEALTH OFFICER ACT THIRD READING PASSED

May 08, 2008

108 YEAS	1 NAY	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan	Y Dugan E Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider E Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reis Y Ritz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto E Stephens
E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Coladipietro Y Cole Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson	Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman	Y Meyer Y Miller	Y Smith Y Sommer
Y Crespo Y Cross Y Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Holbrook Y Howard Y Jakobsson Y Jefferies Y Jefferson Y Joyce Y Kosel	Y Osterman Y Patterson Y Phelps Y Pihos Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey	E Watson Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Younge Y Mr. Speaker

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 5761 COMMUNITY MHDD SERVICE FUNDS THIRD READING PASSED

94

May 08, 2008

109 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady Y Brauer Y Brosnahan Y Burke Y Chapa LaVia Y Cole Y Collins Y Coulson	Y Dugan E Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider E Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar E Gordon Y Graham Y Granberg Y Hamos Y Hannig Y Harris Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y MeGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer Y Miller Y Mitchell, Bill Y Mitchell, Jerry Y Moffitt Y Molaro E Mulligan Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer Y Soto E Stephens Y Sullivan E Tracy Y Tryon Y Turner Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington
			Y Wait E Washington E Watson
Y Cross Y Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Howard Y Jakobsson Y Jefferies Y Jefferson Y Joyce Y Kosel	Y Patterson Y Phelps Y Pihos Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey	Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Younge Y Mr. Speaker

# STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 4857 HUMANE&CRIM-ANIMAL FIGHTING THIRD READING PASSED

May 08, 2008

109 YEAS	0 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo Y Arroyo Y Bassi Y Beaubien Y Beiser Y Bellock Y Berrios Y Biggins Y Black Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard Y Brady	O NAYS  Y Dugan E Dunkin Y Dunn Y Durkin Y Eddy Y Feigenholtz Y Flider E Flowers Y Ford Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich Y Golar	Y Krause Y Lang Y Leitch Y Lindner Y Lyons Y Mathias Y Mautino Y May Y McAuliffe Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Meyer Y Miller	Y Reboletti Y Reis Y Reitz Y Riley Y Rita Y Rose Y Ryg Y Sacia Y Saviano Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith Y Sommer
Y Boland Y Bost Y Bradley, John E Bradley, Richard	Y Fortner Y Franks Y Fritchey Y Froehlich	Y McCarthy Y McGuire Y Mendoza Y Meyer	Y Schmitz Y Schock Y Scully Y Smith
Y Collins Y Colvin Y Coulson Y Crespo Y Cross Y Cultra Y Currie Y D'Amico Y Davis, Monique Y Davis, William	Y Hassert Y Hassert Y Hernandez Y Hoffman Y Holbrook Y Howard Y Jakobsson Y Jefferies Y Jefferson Y Joyce Y Kosel	Y Myers Y Nekritz Y Osmond Y Osterman Y Patterson Y Phelps Y Pihos Y Poe Y Pritchard Y Ramey	Y Verschoore Y Wait E Washington E Watson Y Winters Y Yarbrough Y Younge Y Mr. Speaker

STATE OF ILLINOIS NINETY-FIFTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY HOUSE ROLL CALL HOUSE BILL 5671 \$ADDISON CREEK THIRD READING PASSED

#### May 08, 2008

97 YEAS	11 NAYS	0 PRESENT	
Y Acevedo	Y Dugan	Y Krause	Y Reboletti
Y Arroyo	E Dunkin	Y Lang	Y Reis
N Bassi	N Dunn	Y Leitch	Y Reitz
N Beaubien	N Durkin	Y Lindner	Y Riley
Y Beiser	Y Eddy	Y Lyons	Y Rita
Y Bellock	Y Feigenholtz	Y Mathias	Y Rose
Y Berrios	Y Flider	Y Mautino	Y Ryg
Y Biggins	E Flowers	Y May	Y Sacia
Y Black	Y Ford	Y McAuliffe	Y Saviano
Y Boland	N Fortner	Y McCarthy	N Schmitz
Y Bost	Y Franks	Y McGuire	Y Schock
Y Bradley, John	Y Fritchey	Y Mendoza	Y Scully
E Bradley, Richard	Y Froehlich	Y Meyer	Y Smith
Y Brady	Y Golar	Y Miller	Y Sommer
Y Brauer	E Gordon	Y Mitchell, Bill	Y Soto
Y Brosnahan	Y Graham	Y Mitchell, Jerry	E Stephens
Y Burke	Y Granberg	Y Moffitt	N Sullivan
Y Chapa LaVia	Y Hamos	Y Molaro	E Tracy
Y Coladipietro	Y Hannig	E Mulligan	Y Tryon
N Cole	Y Harris	Y Munson	Y Turner
Y Collins	N Hassert	Y Myers	Y Verschoore
Y Colvin	Y Hernandez	Y Nekritz	Y Wait
Y Coulson	Y Hoffman	Y Osmond	E Washington
Y Crespo	Y Holbrook	Y Osterman	E Watson
N Cross	Y Howard	Y Patterson	Y Winters
Y Cultra	Y Jakobsson	Y Phelps	Y Yarbrough
Y Currie	Y Jefferies	Y Pihos	Y Younge
Y D'Amico	Y Jefferson	Y Poe	A Mr. Speaker
Y Davis, Monique	Y Joyce	Y Pritchard	
Y Davis, William	N Kosel	Y Ramey	

E - Denotes Excused Absence

#### **263RD LEGISLATIVE DAY**

#### **Perfunctory Session**

#### THURSDAY, MAY 8, 2008

At the hour of 2:17 o'clock p.m., the House convened perfunctory session.

#### INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF BILLS

The following bills were introduced, read by title a first time, ordered reproduced and placed in the Committee on Rules:

HOUSE BILL 6633. Introduced by Representative Jakobsson, AN ACT concerning public employee benefits.

HOUSE BILL 6634. Introduced by Representative Black, AN ACT concerning compensation.

HOUSE BILL 6635. Introduced by Representatives Flider - Hannig - Smith - Verschoore, AN ACT concerning regulation.

HOUSE BILL 6636. Introduced by Representative Hannig, AN ACT concerning State government.

HOUSE BILL 6637. Introduced by Representative Graham, AN ACT concerning appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 6638. Introduced by Representative Graham, AN ACT concerning appropriations.

HOUSE BILL 6639. Introduced by Representative Reis, AN ACT concerning State government.

#### SENATE BILL ON FIRST READING

Having been reproduced, the following bill was taken up, read by title a first time and placed in the Committee on Rules: SENATE BILL 878 (Molaro).

At the hour of 2:18 o'clock p.m., the House Perfunctory Session adjourned.